

MARTINREA INTERNATIONAL INC. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

	Note		September 30, 2019		December 31, 2018
ASSETS			•		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	101,409	\$	70,162
Trade and other receivables	2		631,677		597,796
Inventories	3		447,450		492,759
Prepaid expenses and deposits			27,479		23,275
Income taxes recoverable			26,639		21,301
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS			1,234,654		1,205,293
Property, plant and equipment	4		1,506,360		1,481,452
Right-of-use assets	5		197,541		-
Deferred income tax assets			138,039		145,354
Intangible assets	6		61,681		70,931
Investments	7		37,820		10,781
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS			1,941,441		1,708,518
TOTAL ASSETS		\$	3,176,095	\$	2,913,811
LIABILITIES					
Trade and other payables	9	\$	800.896	\$	862.699
Provisions	10	+	10,508	Ŧ	5,393
Income taxes payable			13,033		7,816
Current portion of long-term debt	11		14,914		16,804
Current portion of lease liabilities	12		28,342		-
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES			867,693		892,712
Long-term debt	11		778,332		723,913
Lease liabilities	12		182,649		-
Pension and other post-retirement benefits			69,992		61,267
Deferred income tax liabilities			76,014		84,370
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,106,987		869,550
TOTAL LIABILITIES			1,974,680		1,762,262
EQUITY					
Capital stock	13		673,485		680,157
Contributed surplus	10		42,322		42,016
Accumulated other comprehensive income			105,213		158,395
Retained earnings			380,395		270,981
TOTAL EQUITY			1,201,415		1,151,549
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		\$	3.176.095	\$	2,913,811

Contingencies (note 19)

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

"Robert Wildeboer" Director

"Terry Lyons" Director

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

	Note	Three months ended September 30, 2019	Three months ended September 30, 2018	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
SALES		\$ 974,384	\$ 851,136	\$ 2,946,078	
Cost of sales (excluding depreciation of property, plant and equipment					
and right-of-use assets)		(783,885)	(684,888)	(2,353,926)	(2,202,537)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets		(100,000)	(004,000)	(2,000,020)	(2,202,001)
(production)		(46,598)	(39,118)	(135,972)	(112,615)
Total cost of sales		(830,483)	(724,006)	(2,489,898)	(2,315,152)
GROSS MARGIN		143,901	127,130	456,180	421,594
Descerch and development secto		(10.096)	(6.000)	(29.150)	(10.275)
Research and development costs		(10,086)	(6,228)	(28,159)	(19,375)
Selling, general and administrative Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets		(57,381)	(59,088)	(176,024)	(173,950)
(non-production)		(3,602)	(2,669)	(10,959)	(7,730)
Amortization of customer contracts and relationships		(536)	(2,003)	(1,569)	(1,605)
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		947	(159)	1,206	(369)
Impairment of assets	8	547	(100)	(18,502)	(000)
Restructuring costs	10	-	-	(8,165)	-
OPERATING INCOME	10	73,243	58,449	214,008	218,565
Share of loss of an associate	7	(818)	_	(1,330)	_
Finance expense (including interest on lease liabilities)	, 16	(9,345)	(6,937)	(29,085)	(20,345)
Other finance income (expense)	16	(273)	(2,895)	(1,369)	(1,899)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		62,807	48,617	182,224	196,321
Income tax expense	14	(16,129)	(12,236)	(52,156)	(48,254)
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		\$ 46,678	\$ 36,381	\$ 130,068	\$ 148,067
Basic earnings per share		\$ 0.57			
Diluted earnings per share	15	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.42	\$ 1.56	\$ 1.70

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

	 nree months ended ptember 30, 2019	Three months ended September 30, 2018	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	\$ 46,678	36,381	\$ 130,068	\$ 148,067
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:		-		
Items that may be reclassified to net income				
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	(1,556)	(26,682)	(51,479)	13,143
Cash flow hedging derivative and non-derivative financial instruments:				
Unrealized gain (loss) in fair value of financial instruments	(1,184)	2,378	2,336	403
Reclassification of loss (gain) to net income	240	(219)	1,033	(190)
Items that will not be reclassified to net income		. ,		. ,
Change in fair value of investments	-	(1,552)	(776)	(2,091)
Transfer of unrealized gain on investments to retained earnings				
on change in accounting method (note 7)	-	-	(4,314)	-
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of an associate	(6)	-	18	-
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(3,763)	(595)	(8,187)	1,650
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(6,269)	(26,670)	(61,369)	12,915
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	\$ 40,409	9,711	\$ 68,699	\$ 160,982

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

			Accumulated		
			other		
		Contributed	comprehensive	Retained	
	Capital stock	surplus	income	earnings	Total equity
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2017	\$ 713,425 \$	41,981 \$	94,268 \$	108,825 \$	958,499
Net income for the period	-	-	-	148,067	148,067
Compensation expense related to stock options	-	283	-	_	283
Dividends (\$0.12 per share)	_		-	(10,396)	(10,396)
Exercise of employee stock options	2.422	(587)	-	(.0,000)	1,835
Repurchase of common shares	(5,298)	(007)	_	(3,662)	(8,960)
Other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax	(0,200)			(0,002)	(0,000)
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	_	_	_	1,650	1,650
Foreign currency translation differences	_	_	13,143	1,000	13,143
Change in fair value of investments	_	_	(2,091)	_	(2,091)
Cash flow hedging derivative and non-derivative	-	-	(2,001)	-	(2,031)
financial instruments:					
Unrealized gain in fair value of financial instruments			403		403
Reclassification of gain to net income	-	-	(190)	-	(190)
	710,549	41,677		244,484	
BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2018	710,549	41,077	105,533		1,102,243
Net income for the period	-		-	37,816	37,816
Compensation expense related to stock options	-	368	-	-	368
Dividends (\$0.045 per share)	-	-	-	(3,817)	(3,817)
Exercise of employee stock options	101	(29)	-	-	72
Repurchase of common shares	(12,401)	-	-	(4,152)	(16,553)
Estimated repurchase of common shares subsequent to					
year-end under an automatic share repurchase program					
with a broker	(18,092)	-	-	(5,779)	(23,871)
Other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax					
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	-	-	-	2,429	2,429
Foreign currency translation differences	-	-	59,467	-	59,467
Change in fair value of investments	-	-	(776)	-	(776)
Cash flow hedging derivative and non-derivative					
financial instruments:					
Unrealized loss in fair value of financial instruments	-	-	(6,439)	-	(6,439)
Reclassification of loss to net income	-	-	610	-	610
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2018	680,157	42,016	158,395	270,981	1,151,549
Net income for the period	-	-	· _	130,068	130.068
Compensation expense related to stock options	-	892	-	-	892
Dividends (\$0.135 per share)	-	-	-	(11,126)	(11,126)
Exercise of employee stock options	2,036	(586)	-	-	1,450
Repurchase of common shares	(8,708)	(000)	-	(5,655)	(14,363)
Other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax	(0,100)			(0,000)	(11,000)
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	-	-	-	(8,187)	(8,187)
Foreign currency translation differences	-	-	(51,479)	-	(51,479)
Change in fair value of investments	-	-	(776)	-	(776)
Transfer of unrealized gain on investments to retained			(110)		(
earnings on change in accounting method (note 7)	-	-	(4,314)	4,314	-
Share of other comprehensive income of an associate	-	-	18	-	18
Cash flow hedging derivative and non-derivative			10		10
financial instruments:					
Unrealized gain in fair value of financial instruments	_	_	2,336	_	2,336
Reclassification of loss to net income	-	-	1,033	-	1,033
	-	-	1,000	-	1,000

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

		Three months ended September 30, 2019	Three months ended September 30, 2018	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN):		2019	2010	2019	2010
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Net Income for the period	\$	46,678 \$	36,381	\$ 130,068 \$	148,067
Adjustments for:	+	,	,	• •••,••• •	,
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets		50,200	41,787	146,931	120,345
Amortization of customer contracts and relationships		536	537	1,569	1,605
Amortization of development costs		3,568	2,812	10,251	8,554
Impairment of assets (note 8)		-	- 2,012	18,502	
Unrealized loss (gain) on foreign exchange forward contracts		627	(235)	368	(700)
Loss (gain) on warrants (note 7)		(571)	901	239	1,439
Finance expense (including interest on lease liabilities)		9,345	6,937	29,085	20,345
Income tax expense		16,129	12,236	52,156	48,254
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(947)	159	(1,206)	369
Deferred and restricted share units expense (benefit)		1,833	1,009	3,761	2,389
Stock options expense		264	55	892	283
Share of loss of an associate		818	-	1,330	200
Pension and other post-retirement benefits expense		1,177	1,193	3,386	3,565
Contributions made to pension and other post-retirement benefits		(1,616)	(1,660)	(4,249)	(4,284)
		128,041	102,112	393,083	350,231
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		120,041	102,112	555,005	550,251
Trade and other receivables		1 705	(25.760)	(52 146)	(17 225)
		1,795	(35,769)	(53,146)	(47,335)
Inventories		28,596	(26,603)	27,309	(85,841)
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(2,137)	(1,693)	(5,002)	(5,385)
Trade, other payables and provisions		(38,097)	54,460	7,076	108,041
		118,198	92,507	369,320	319,711
Interest paid (including interest on lease liabilities;					
excluding capitalized interest)		(9,243)	(8,065)	(31,412)	(22,309)
Income taxes paid		(11,885)	(16,675)	(52,172)	(79,253)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	97,070 \$	67,767	\$ 285,736 \$	218,149
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					~~ = / ~
Increase in long-term debt		7,756	33,144	92,483	89,719
Repayment of long-term debt		(3,811)	(5,340)	(27,193)	(52,343)
Principal payments of lease liabilities		(6,873)	-	(20,984)	-
Dividends paid		(3,724)	(3,909)	(11,265)	(9,114)
Exercise of employee stock options		528	750	1,450	1,835
Repurchase of common shares		(11,899)	(8,960)	(38,234)	(8,960)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$	(18,023) \$	15,685	\$ (3,743) \$	21,137
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			/00 -0	(0 (= 0==)	(000 00-)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment*		(57,431)	(69,506)	(217,877)	(220,808)
Capitalized development costs		(2,624)	(3,610)	(8,056)	(10,094)
Investment in NanoXplore Inc. (note 7)		(14,478)	-	(29,477)	(680)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		4,774	155	5,489	1,128
Upfront recovery of development costs incurred		767	169	767	2,445
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	\$	(68,992) \$	(72,792) \$	\$ (249,154) \$	(228,009)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		1,214	(2,224)	(1,592)	1,224
		44.000	0.400	<u> </u>	10 50 1
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		11,269	8,436	31,247	12,501
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		90,140	75,258	70,162	71,193
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	101,409 \$	83,694	\$ 101,409 \$	83,694

*As at September 30, 2019, \$37,093 (December 31, 2018 - \$45,341) of purchases of property, plant and equipment remain unpaid and are recorded in trade and other payables and provisions.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

Martinrea International Inc. (the "Company") was formed by the amalgamation under the Ontario Business Corporations Act of several predecessor Corporations by articles of amalgamation dated May 1, 1998. The Company is a diversified and global automotive supplier engaged in the design, development and manufacturing of highly engineered, value-added Lightweight Structures and Propulsion Systems.

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("IAS" 34) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and on a basis consistent with the accounting policies disclosed in the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, except as outlined in note 1(d).

(b) Basis of presentation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Martinrea International Inc. and its subsidiaries. The notes presented in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements include in general only significant changes and transactions occurring since the Company's last year end, and are not fully inclusive of all disclosures required by IFRS for annual financial statements. These interim condensed consolidated financial be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, for the year ended December 31, 2018.

(c) Presentation currency

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's presentation currency. All financial information presented in Canadian dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand, except per share amounts and where otherwise indicated.

(d) Recently adopted and applicable accounting standards and policies

(i) IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16")

In January 2016, the IASB issued the final publication of IFRS 16, superseding IAS 17, Leases and IFRIC 4, Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease. IFRS 16 introduced a single accounting model for lessees unless the underlying asset is of low value or short term in nature. A lessee is required to recognize, on its statement of financial position, a right-of-use asset, representing its right to use the underlying leased asset, and a lease liability, representing its obligation to make lease payments. As a result of adopting IFRS 16, the Company has recognized a significant increase to both assets and liabilities on its interim condensed consolidated balance sheet, as well as a decrease in operating rent expense, and increases in finance and depreciation expenses, as recognized in the interim condensed consolidated statement of operations. The standard did not have a significant impact on the Company's overall consolidated operating results.

The Company adopted IFRS 16, effective January 1, 2019, under the modified retrospective approach. Comparatives for 2018 were not restated. At transition, the Company elected to use the practical expedient available under the standard that allows lease assessments made under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 to be used for existing contracts. Therefore, the definition of a lease under IFRS 16 was applied only to contracts entered into or modified after January 1, 2019.

Upon initial application, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the relevant incremental borrowing rates as at January 1, 2019. The weighted average discount rate applied to the total lease liabilities recognized on transition was 4.2%. For leases previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17, the Company measured right-of-use assets equal to the corresponding lease liabilities adjusted for any accrued payments related to that lease. For leases previously classified as finance leases, the Company measured right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the carrying amounts of the finance lease assets and liabilities immediately before the date of initial application.

As such, on January 1, 2019, the Company recorded lease liabilities of \$228,623 and right-of-use assets of \$223,786, net of accrued liabilities related to the leases of \$4,837, recognized in the interim condensed consolidated balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application, with no net impact on retained earnings.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

The Company elected to use the following practical expedients upon initial application in accordance with the provisions of IFRS 16

- (a) Application of a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics;
- (b) Reliance on the Company's assessment of whether leases are onerous under IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, immediately before the date of initial application;
- (c) Accounting for all leases with a lease term that ends within 12 months of initial application in the same way as short-term leases;
- (d) Exclusion of initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset on the date of initial application; and
- (e) Use of hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains purchase, extension, or termination options.

On transition, the Company elected to use the recognition exemptions on short-term leases or low-value leases, however, in the future, may choose to elect the recognition exemptions on a class-by-class and lease-by-lease basis.

For leases of land and buildings, the Company elected to separate fixed non-lease components from lease components and account for each separately. For leases of manufacturing equipment and other assets, the Company elected to not separate fixed non-lease components from lease components and instead account for both as a single lease component.

The following table reconciles the Company's operating lease commitments as at December 31, 2018, as previously disclosed in the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year-ended December 31, 2018, to the lease liabilities recognized upon initial application of IFRS 16 on January 1, 2019.

Operating lease commitments at December 31, 2018	\$ 240,052
Operating lease commitments discounted using the related incremental borrowing rates as of January 1, 2019	\$ 198,282
Finance lease liabilities recognized as of December 31, 2018	\$ (463)
Recognition exemption for:	
Short-term leases	(4,150)
Low value leases	(70)
Extension and termination options reasonably certain to be exercised	46,570
Leases starting after January 1, 2019	(11,546)
Lease liabilities recognized as of January 1, 2019	\$ 228,623

New Lease Accounting Policy

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is or contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether the contract: involves the use of an identified asset; provides the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset throughout the period of use; and provides the right to direct the use of the asset.

This policy is applied to contracts entered into, or modified on or after January 1, 2019.

A right-of-use asset and lease liability are recorded on the date that the underlying asset is available for use, representing the commencement date.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that are tied to an index or rate defined in the contract;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably likely to exercise; and
- lease payments under an optional extension if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise the extension option, and early termination penalties required under a termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is re-measured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether or not it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is re-measured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, consisting of:

- the initial measurement of the lease liability, adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
- any initial direct costs incurred; and
- an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or restore the site on which it is located; less
- any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated on a straight-line basis from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the asset or the end of the lease term. The lease term consists of the non-cancellable period of the lease; periods covered by options to extend the lease, when the Company is reasonably certain to exercise the option to extend; and periods covered by options to terminate the lease, when the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise the option. The right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability as described above.

Short term and low-value leases

The Company has elected to not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of twelve months or less) and leases with assets of low value (i.e., those assets with a fair market value of less than \$5,000 US). The expenses associated with such leases are recognized in the interim condensed consolidated statement of operations on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Variable lease payments

Certain leases contain provisions that result in changes to lease payments over the term in relation to market indices quoted in the contract. The Company reassesses the lease liabilities related to these leases when the index or other data is available to calculate the change in lease payment.

Certain leases require the Company to make payments that relate to property taxes, insurance, or other non-rental costs. These costs are typically variable and are not included in the calculation of the right-of-use asset or lease liability, but are recorded as an expense in cost of sales in the interim condensed consolidated statement of operations in the period in which they are incurred.

(ii) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

Associates are entities over which the Company has significant influence, but not control, on financial and operating policy decisions. Significant influence is assumed when the Company holds 20% to 50% of the voting power of the investee, unless qualitative factors overcome this presumption. Similarly, significant influence is presumed not to exist when the Company holds less than 20% of the voting power of the investee, unless qualitative factors overcome this presumption.

Entities over which the Company has significant influence are accounted for under the equity method. The investment is initially recognized at cost. The carrying amount is subsequently increased or decreased to recognize the Company's share of profits or losses of the associate after the date of acquisition or when significant influence begins. The Company's share of profits or losses is recognized in the interim condensed consolidated statement of operations, and its share of other comprehensive income or loss of the associate is included in other comprehensive income or loss.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Company and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in the associate. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Dilution gains and losses arising from changes in the level of the Company's equity interest in an associate are recognized in the interim condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The amounts included in the financial statements of the associate are adjusted to reflect adjustments made by the Company, when using the equity method, such as fair value adjustments made at the time of acquisition.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

At the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that its investment is impaired. If impaired, the carrying value of the Company's share of the underlying assets of the associate is written down to its estimated recoverable amount and charged to the statement of operations.

The Company has an equity interest in one associate, NanoXplore Inc., as further described in note 7.

2. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Trade receivables	\$ 614,579 \$	585,790
Other receivables	17,098	11,940
Foreign exchange forward contracts not accounted for as hedges (note 18(d))	-	66
	\$ 631,677 \$	597,796

The Company's exposures to credit and currency risks, and impairment losses related to trade and other receivables, are disclosed in note 18.

3. INVENTORIES

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Raw materials	\$ 163,362	\$ 173,123
Work in progress	41,200	39,591
Finished goods	36,422	37,761
Tooling work in progress and other inventory	206,466	242,284
	\$ 447,450	\$ 492,759

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	 Sep	otember 30, 2019	_	 Dec	ember 31, 2018	
	Cost	Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	Net book value	Cost	Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	Net book value
Land and buildings	\$ 127,931 \$	(22,605) \$	105,326	\$ 130,106 \$	(22,546) \$	107,560
Leasehold improvements	74,784	(44,826)	29,958	70,079	(41,238)	28,841
Manufacturing equipment	2,172,948	(1,144,117)	1,028,831	2,009,183	(1,086,324)	922,859
Tooling and fixtures	38,496	(33,032)	5,464	39,551	(33,091)	6,460
Other assets	66,388	(36,087)	30,301	63,807	(31,294)	32,513
Construction in progress	306,480	-	306,480	383,219	-	383,219
	\$ 2,787,027 \$	(1,280,667) \$	1,506,360	\$ 2,695,945 \$	(1,214,493) \$	1,481,452

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(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

Movement in property, plant and equipment is summarized as follows:

	Land and	Leasehold	Manufacturin	Tooling and	Other	Construction	
	buildings	improvements	equipment	fixtures	assets	progress	Total
Net as of December 31, 2017	\$ 100,997 \$	26,203 \$	849,350 \$	7,475 \$	28,404 \$	270,195 \$	1,282,624
Additions	8	140	-	-	66	290,299	290,513
Disposals	-	(5)	(1,326)	-	(25)	(683)	(2,039)
Depreciation	(4,026)	(4,220)	(146,798)	(1,773)	(6,481)	-	(163,298)
Impairment	-	-	(5,436)	-	-	-	(5,436)
Transfers from construction in							
progress	3,868	5,786	176,593	306	9,444	(195,997)	-
Foreign currency translation							
adjustment	6,713	937	50,476	452	1,105	19,405	79,088
Net as of December 31, 2018	107,560	28,841	922,859	6,460	32,513	383,219	1,481,452
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	209,629	209,629
Disposals	(1,526)	(40)	(2,690)	-	(20)	(7)	(4,283)
Depreciation	(2,930)	(3,367)	(111,244)	(827)	(5,275)	-	(123,643)
Impairment (note 8)	-	(1,116)	(4,038)	-	(732)	(1,140)	(7,026)
Reclassification to right-of-use							
assets	-	-	(445)	-	-	-	(445)
Transfers from construction in							
progress	5,762	6,589	256,574	10	4,735	(273,670)	-
Foreign currency translation							
adjustment	(3,540)	(949)	(32,185)	(179)	(920)	(11,551)	(49,324)
Net as of September 30, 2019	\$ 105,326 \$	29,958 \$	1,028,831 \$	5,464 \$	30,301 \$	306,480 \$	1,506,360

5. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	_		Sep	otember 30, 2019	
			Accumulated amortization and impairment		
		Cos	st	losses	Net book value
Leased buildings	\$	203,942	2 \$	(24,334) \$	179,608
Leased manufacturing equipment		20,335	5	(4,098)	16,237
Leased other assets		2,491		(795)	1,696
	\$	226,768	\$	(29,227) \$	197,541

Movement in right-of-use assets is summarized as follows:

		Leased		
	Leased	manufacturing	Leased	
	buildings	equipment	other assets	Total
Net as of December 31, 2018 \$	- 3	\$-\$	- \$	-
Initial recognition of right-of-use assets upon transition to IFRS 16 (note 1(d))	207,651	14,226	1,909	223,786
Reclassification from property, plant and equipment upon adoption of IFRS 16	-	445	-	445
Additions	372	6,273	534	7,179
Depreciation	(18,658)	(3,945)	(685)	(23,288)
Lease termination	(252)	-	-	(252)
Impairment (note 8)	(6,462)	-	(10)	(6,472)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(3,043)	(762)	(52)	(3,857)
Net as of September 30, 2019 \$	179,608	\$ 16,237 \$	1,696 \$	197,541

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6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	 September 30, 2019 Accumulated amortization				Dec	ember 31, 2018 Accumulated amortization	
	Cost	and impairment losses	Net book value		Cost	and impairment losses	Net book value
Customer contracts and relationships Development costs	\$ 61,713 \$ 159,793	(59,448) \$ (100,377)	2,265 59,416	\$	62,497 \$ 160,008	(58,498) \$ (93,076)	3,999 66,932
· · ·	\$ 221,506 \$	(159,825) \$	61,681	\$	222,505 \$	(151,574) \$	70,931

Movement in intangible assets is summarized as follows:

	Custome contracts and relationship	k	Development costs	Total
Net as of December 31, 2017	\$ 5,920	\$	62,494	\$ 68,414
Additions	-		14,171	14,171
Amortization	(2,140)	(11,342)	(13,482)
Upfront recovery of development costs incurred	-		(2,566)	(2,566)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	219		4,175	4,394
Net as of December 31, 2018	3,999		66,932	70,931
Additions	-		8,056	8,056
Amortization	(1,569)	(10,251)	(11,820)
Impairment (note 8)	· -		(2,487)	(2,487)
Upfront recovery of development costs incurred	-		(767)	(767)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(165)	(2,067)	(2,232)
Net as of September 30, 2019	\$ 2,265	\$	59,416	\$ 61,681

7. INVESTMENTS

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Investment in common shares of NanoXplore Inc.	\$ 37,803	\$ 8,572
Warrants in NanoXplore Inc.	17	2,209
	\$ 37,820	\$ 10,781

NanoXplore Inc. ("NanoXplore") is a publicly listed company on the TSX Venture Exchange trading under the ticker symbol GRA. It is a manufacturer and supplier of high volume graphene powder for use in industrial markets providing customers with a range of graphene-based solutions under the heXo-G brand, including graphene powder, graphene plastic masterbatch pellets, and graphene-enhanced polymers. The company has its headquarters and graphene production facility in Montreal, Quebec.

As at December 31, 2018, the Company held 5,911,800 common shares and 2,955,900 warrants in NanoXplore. On January 11, 2019, the Company acquired an additional 11,538,000 common shares in NanoXplore for a total of \$14,999 through a private placement offering, increasing its holdings in NanoXplore to 17,449,800 common shares. Prior to January 11, 2019, the Company's investment in NanoXplore was accounted for at fair value based on publicly-quoted stock prices, with the change in fair value recorded in other comprehensive income. Effective January 11, 2019, the Company's investment in NanoXplore is now being accounted for using the equity method.

Subsequent to January 11, 2019, on July 31, 2019, the Company exercised 2,750,000 of the outstanding warrants. The warrants had an exercise price of \$0.70 per share for total consideration paid of \$1,925. At the time of the exercise, the warrants, representing derivative instruments fair valued at the end of each reporting period, had a fair value of \$1,952, which was transferred to the NanoXplore investment balance in addition to the consideration paid.

On September 9, 2019 the Company acquired an additional 10,000,000 common shares in NanoXplore pursuant to several private agreements. Of the 10,000,000 common shares, 5,474,669 were acquired at a price of \$1.20 per share for an aggregate purchase price of \$6,570 and 4,525,331 of the common shares were acquired at a purchase price of \$1.30 per share for an aggregate purchase price of \$5,883. As at September 30, 2019, the Company held 30,199,800 common shares of NanoXplore representing an approximate 25% equity interest in NanoXplore (on a non-diluted basis).

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	Investment in common shares of NanoXplore
Opening cost base of investment after January 11, 2019 private placement	\$ 22,685
Additions to investment (including fees incurred)	16,430
Share of loss for the period	(1,330)
Share of other comprehensive income for the period	18
Net balance as of September 30, 2019	\$ 37,803

The Company applies equity accounting to its investment based on NanoXplore's most recently publicly filed financial statements, adjusted for any significant transactions that occur thereafter and up to the Company's reporting date which represents a reasonable estimate of the change in the Company's interest.

Upon transition to the equity accounting method of the Company's investment in NanoXplore on January 11, 2019, the Company transferred unrealized fair value gains of \$4,314 from other comprehensive income to retained earnings.

The warrants in NanoXplore represent derivative instruments and are fair valued at the end of each reporting period using the Black-Scholes-Merton option valuation model, with the change in fair value recorded through profit or loss. As it relates to the warrants, a gain of \$571 was recognized for the three months ended September 30, 2019 (2018 - unrealized loss of \$901) and a loss of \$239 was recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 (2018 - unrealized loss of \$901) and a loss of \$239 was recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 (2018 - unrealized loss of \$1,439), recorded in other finance income (expense) in the interim condensed consolidated statement of operations. As at September 30, 2019, the remaining outstanding warrants had a fair value of \$17.

8. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

During the second quarter of 2019, the Company recorded impairment charges on property, plant, equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and inventories totaling \$18,502 related to an operating facility in China included in the Rest of the World operating segment. The impairment charges resulted from lower OEM production volumes on certain light vehicle platforms being serviced by the facility, representing a significant portion of the business, causing the Company to complete an analysis of strategic alternatives. The impairment charges were recorded where the carrying amount of the assets exceeded their estimated recoverable amounts, including consideration where specific assets can be transferred to other facilities.

	Т	hree months ended	Three months ended	Nine months ended	Nine months ended
		September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Property, plant and equipment	\$	- \$	- \$	(7,026) \$	-
Right-of-use assets		-	-	(6,472)	-
Intangible Assets - Development costs		-	-	(2,487)	-
Inventories		-	-	(2,517)	-
Total Impairment	\$	- \$	- \$	(18,502) \$	-

9. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 798,613 \$	834,732
Estimated share repurchase liability	-	23,871
Foreign exchange forward contracts not accounted for as hedges (note 18(d))	368	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts accounted for as hedges (note 18(d))	1,915	4,096
	\$ 800,896 \$	862,699

The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in note 18.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

10. PROVISIONS

	Claims and					
	Restructuring		Litigation	Total		
Net as of December 31, 2017	\$ 1,116	\$	3,932 \$	5,048		
Net additions	2,073		2,046	4,119		
Amounts used during the period	(1,116)		(2,453)	(3,569)		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-		(205)	(205)		
Net as of December 31, 2018	2,073		3,320	5,393		
Net additions	8,165		3,139	11,304		
Amounts used during the period	(3,943)		(1,705)	(5,648)		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(200)		(341)	(541)		
Net as of September 30, 2019	\$ 6,095	\$	4,413 \$	10,508		

Additions to the restructuring provision in 2019 totaled \$8,165 and represent employee-related severance resulting from the right sizing of operating facilities in Brazil (\$6,208), Canada (\$1,679) and China (\$278) during the second quarter.

Additions to the claims and litigation provision in 2019 totaled \$3,139, of which \$2,310 resulted from a true-up of the provision related to certain employeerelated matters in the Company's operating facility in Brazil, recorded in the third quarter.

Based on estimated cash outflows, all provisions as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are presented on the interim condensed consolidated balance sheets as current liabilities.

11. LONG-TERM DEBT

The Company's interest-bearing loans and borrowings are measured at amortized cost. For more information about the Company's exposure to interest rate, foreign currency and liquidity risk, see note 18.

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Banking facility	\$ 724,969 \$	657,803
Equipment loans	68,277	82,914
	793,246	740,717
Current portion	(14,914)	(16,804)
	\$ 778,332 \$	723,913

Terms and conditions of outstanding loans, as at September 30, 2019, in Canadian dollar equivalents, are as follows:

	Currency	Nominal interest rate	Year of maturity	 September 30, 2019 Carrying amount	December 31, 2018 Carrying amount
Banking facility	USD	LIBOR + 1.70%	2022	\$ 394,577	\$ 388,102
	CAD	BA + 1.70%	2022	330,392	269,701
Equipment loans	EUR	1.05%	2024	25,751	32,076
	CAD	3.80%	2022	25,556	31,334
	EUR	1.40%	2026	15,790	-
	EUR	1.36%	2021	854	1,544
	EUR	0.26%	2025	289	362
	BRL	5.00%	2020	37	76
	EUR	2.54%	2025	-	16,093
	EUR	3.35%	2019	-	966
	USD	3.80%	2022	-	463
				\$ 793,246	\$ 740,717

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

On July 23, 2018, the Company's banking facility was amended to extend its maturity date and enhance certain provisions of the facility. The primary terms of the amended banking facility, with now a syndicate of ten banks (up from nine), include the following:

- a move to an unsecured credit structure;
- improved financial covenants;
- available revolving credit lines of \$370 million and US \$420 million (up from \$350 million and US \$400 million, respectively);
- available asset based financing capacity of \$300 million (up from \$205 million);
- an accordion feature which provides the Company with the ability to increase the revolving credit facility by up to US \$200 million (up from US \$150 million);
- pricing terms at market rates and consistent with the previous facility;
- a maturity date of July 2022; and
- no mandatory principal repayment provisions.

As at September 30, 2019, the Company has drawn US\$298,000 (December 31, 2018 - US\$286,000) on the U.S. revolving credit line and \$333,000 (December 31, 2018 - \$273,000) on the Canadian revolving credit line. At September 30, 2019, the weighted average effective interest rate of the banking facility credit lines was 4.0% (December 31, 2018 - 3.7%). The facility requires the maintenance of certain financial ratios with which the Company was in compliance as at September 30, 2019.

Deferred financing fees of \$2,608 (December 31, 2018 - \$3,299) have been netted against the carrying amount of the long-term debt.

On January 30, 2019, the Company finalized an equipment loan in the amount of €10,900 (\$16,602) repayable in monthly installments over six years starting in 2020 at a fixed annual interest rate of 1.40%.

Future annual minimum principal repayments as at September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Scheduled principal repayments	Scheduled amortization of deferred financing fees	Carrying amount of outstanding loans
Within one year	\$ 15,835	\$ 921	\$ 14,914
One to two years	16,726	921	15,805
Two to three years	744,446	766	743,680
Three to four years	9,106		9,106
Thereafter	9,741	-	9,741
	\$ 795,854	\$ 2,608	\$ 793,246

Movement in long-term debt is summarized as follows:

	Total
Net as of December 31, 2017	\$ 654,017
Drawdowns	79,360
Equipment loan proceeds	36,886
Repayments	(57,710)
Deferred financing fee additions	(1,750)
Amortization of deferred financing fees	1,278
Foreign currency translation adjustment	28,636
Net as of December 31, 2018	\$ 740,717
Drawdowns	75,881
Loan proceeds	16,602
Repayments	(27,193)
Amortization of deferred financing fees	691
Reclassification of equipment loans to lease liabilities upon adoption of IFRS 16	(457)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(12,995)
Net as of September 30, 2019	\$ 793,246

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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12. LEASE LIABILITIES

The Company enters into lease agreements for land and buildings, manufacturing equipment and other assets as a part of regular operations as a means of efficiently utilizing capital and managing the Company's cash flows.

Below is a summary of the activity related to the Company's lease liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2019:

	Total
Net as of December 31, 2018	\$ -
Initial recognition of lease liabilities upon transition to IFRS 16 (note 1(d))	228,623
Reclassification of equipment loans to lease liabilities upon adoption of IFRS 16	457
Net additions	7,488
Principal payments of lease liabilities	(20,984)
Termination of leases	(258)
Foreign currency translation adjustment and other	(4,335)
Net as of September 30, 2019	\$ 210,991

The maturity of contractual undiscounted lease liabilities as at September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Total
Within one year	\$ 36,560
One to two years	34,712
Two to three years	31,975
Three to four years	30,172
Thereafter	118,025
Total undiscounted lease liabilities at September 30, 2019	\$ 251,444
Interest on lease liabilities	(40,453)
Total present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 210,991
Current portion	(28,342)
	\$ 182,649

13. CAPITAL STOCK

Common shares outstanding:	Number	Amount
Balance as of, December 31, 2017	86,745,834	\$ 713,425
Exercise of stock options	223,750	2,422
Repurchase of common shares under normal course issuer bid	(643,720)	(5,298)
Balance as of, September 30, 2018	86,325,864	\$ 710,549
Exercise of stock options	10,000	101
Repurchase of common shares under normal course issuer bid	(1,506,680)	(12,401)
Repurchase of common shares subsequent to year-end under an automatic share purchase program		
with a broker	(2,198,079)	(18,092)
Balance as of, December 31, 2018	82,631,105	\$ 680,157
Exercise of stock options	180,000	2,036
Repurchase of common shares under normal course issuer bid	(1,057,370)	(8,708)
Balance as of, September 30, 2019	81,753,735	\$ 673,485

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares. The Company's shares have no par value.

Repurchase of capital stock:

During 2018, the Company received approval from the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") to acquire for cancellation, by way of normal course issuer bid ("NCIB"), up to 4,348,479 common shares of the Company. The bid commenced on August 31, 2018 and spanned a 12-month period.

During 2018, after the commencement of the NCIB, the Company purchased for cancellation an aggregate of 2,150,400 common shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,513, resulting in a decrease to stated capital of \$17,699 and a decrease to retained earnings of \$7,814. The shares were purchased and cancelled directly under the NCIB.

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At the end of 2018, the Company entered into an Automatic Share Purchase Program ("ASPP") with a broker that allowed the purchase of common shares for cancellation under the NCIB at any time during the predetermined trading blackout period. As at December 31, 2018, an obligation for the repurchase of 2,198,079 common shares under the ASPP was recognized in trade and other payables. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company purchased the 2,198,079 common shares under the ASPP for an aggregate purchase price of \$26,335, resulting in a decrease to stated capital of \$18,092 and a decrease to retained earnings of \$8,243. The shares were purchased and cancelled directly under the NCIB.

During the third quarter of 2019, the Company renewed the NCIB receiving approval from the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") to acquire for cancellation up to an additional 8,000,000 common shares of the Company. The renewed bid commenced on August 31, 2019 and spans a 12-month period.

During the third quarter of 2019, the Company purchased for cancellation an aggregate of 1,057,370 common shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$11,899, resulting in a decrease to stated capital of \$8,708 and a decrease to retained earnings of \$3,191. The shares were purchased for cancellation directly under the NCIB.

Stock options

The following is a summary of the activity of the outstanding share purchase options:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2019		Nine months en September 30, 2		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	
Balance, beginning of period Granted during the period	2,430,700 \$ 20.000	11.46 13.19	1,844,450 \$ 820.000	10.12 13.54	
Exercised during the period Cancelled during the period	(180,000) (60,000)	8.05 13.32	(223,750)	8.20	
Balance, end of period	2,210,700 \$	11.71	2,440,700 \$	11.45	
Options exercisable, end of period	2,024,700 \$	11.50	1,645,700 \$	10.47	

The following is a summary of the issued and outstanding common share purchase options as at September 30, 2019:

	Number		
Range of exercise price per share	outstanding	Date of grant	Expiry
\$7.00 - 8.70	398,700	2009 - 2012	2019 - 2022
\$10.40 - 12.63	882,000	2012 - 2014	2022 - 2024
\$13.19 - 16.06	930,000	2015 - 2018	2025 - 2028
Total share purchase options	2,210,700		

The table below summarizes the assumptions on a weighted average basis used in determining stock-based compensation expense under the Black-Scholes-Merton option valuation model. The Black-Scholes-Merton option valuation model used by the Company to determine fair values was developed for use in estimating the fair value of freely traded options, which are fully transferable and have no vesting restrictions. The Company's stock options are not transferable, cannot be traded and are subject to vesting and exercise restrictions under the Company's black-out policy which would tend to reduce the fair value of the Company's stock options. Changes to subjective input assumptions used in the model can cause a significant variation in the estimate of the fair value of the options.

The key assumptions, on a weighted average basis, used in the valuation of options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 are shown in the table below:

	e months ended tember 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
Expected volatility	36.67%	36.67%
Risk free interest rate	2.19%	2.19%
Expected life (years)	4.9	4.9
Dividend yield	1.36%	1.36%
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$ 3.82 \$	3.82

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Company expensed \$264 (2018 - \$55) and \$892 (2018 - \$283), respectively, to reflect

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stock-based compensation expense, as derived using the Black-Scholes-Merton option valuation model.

Deferred Share Unit Plan ("DSU")

The following is a summary of the issued and outstanding DSUs as at September 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
Outstanding, beginning of period	174,574	123,313
Granted and reinvested dividends	28,908	19,619
Redeemed	(32,522)	-
Outstanding, end of period	170,960	142,932

The DSUs granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 were granted to non-executive directors, are not subject to vesting conditions and had a weighted average fair value per unit of \$13.26 and \$15.77, respectively, on the date of grant. At September 30, 2019, the fair value of all outstanding DSUs amounted to \$1,909 (September 30, 2018 - \$1,966 and December 31, 2018 - \$1,806). For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, DSU compensation expense/benefit reflected in the interim condensed consolidated statement of operations, including changes in fair value during the period, amounted to a benefit of \$169 (2018 - benefit of \$207) and an expense of \$103 (2018 - expense of \$28), respectively, recorded in selling, general and administrative expense.

Performance Restricted Share Unit Plan ("PSU" and "RSU")

The following is a summary of the issued and outstanding RSUs and PSUs for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018:

	RSUs	PSUs	Total
Outstanding, December 31, 2017	77,304	77,304	154,608
Granted and reinvested dividends	188,986	188,986	377,972
Redeemed	-	-	-
Forfeited	-	-	-
Outstanding, September 30, 2018	266,290	266,290	532,580
Granted and reinvested dividends	22,920	22,920	45,840
Redeemed	-	-	-
Forfeited	-	-	-
Outstanding, December 31, 2018	289,210	289,210	578,420
Granted and reinvested dividends	221,251	221,251	442,502
Redeemed	-	-	-
Forfeited	(13,498)	(14,500)	(27,998)
Outstanding, September 30, 2019	496,963	495,961	992,924

The RSUs and PSUs granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 had a weighted average fair value per unit of \$12.26 and \$15.83, respectively, on the date of grant. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, RSU and PSU compensation expense/benefit reflected in the interim condensed consolidated statement of operations, including changes in fair value during the period, amounted to an expense of \$2,002 (2018 - expense of \$1,216) and an expense of \$3,658 (2018 - expense of \$2,361), respectively, recorded in selling, general and administrative expense.

Unrecognized RSU and PSU compensation expense as at September 30, 2019 was \$5,270 (September 30, 2018 - \$3,796 and December 31, 2018 - \$2,868) and will be recognized in earnings over the next three years as the RSUs and PSUs vest.

The key assumptions used in the valuation of PSUs granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 are shown in the table below:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
Expected life (years)	2.38	2.47
Risk free interest rate	1.59%	2.02%

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14. INCOME TAXES

The components of income tax expense are as follows:

	Three months ended September 30, 2019	Three months ended September 30, 2018	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
Current income tax expense	\$ (16,377) \$	(33,204) \$	(52,593) \$	(93,474)
Deferred income tax recovery	248	20,968	437	45,220
Total income tax expense	\$ (16,129) \$	(12,236) \$	(52,156) \$	(48,254)

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Details of the calculations of earnings per share are set out below:

	Three months ended September 30, 2019			ee months ended ptember 30, 2018		
	Weighted average number of shares		Per common share amount	Weighted average number of shares		Per common share amount
Basic	82,592,979	\$	0.57	86,684,746	\$	0.42
Effect of dilutive securities:						
Stock options	119,540		(0.01)	411,202		-
Diluted	82,712,519	\$	0.56	87,095,948	\$	0.42

		Nine months ended September 30, 2019			e months ended tember 30, 2018
	Weighted average number of shares		Per common share amount	Weighted average number of shares	Per common share amount
Basic	82,897,284	\$	1.57	86,790,121	\$ 1.71
Effect of dilutive securities:					
Stock options	156,937		(0.01)	569,413	(0.01)
Diluted	83,054,221	\$	1.56	87,359,534	\$ 1.70

The average market value of the Company's shares for purposes of calculating the dilutive effect of share options was based on quoted market prices for the period during which the options were outstanding.

For the three months ended September 30, 2019, 1,637,000 options (2018 - 100,000) and for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, 1,547,000 options (2018 - 100,000) were excluded from the diluted weighted average per share calculation as they were anti-dilutive.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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16. FINANCE EXPENSE AND OTHER FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSE)

\$

	Three months ended September 30, 2019	Three months ended September 30, 2018	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
Debt interest, gross	\$ (8,854) \$	(7,889) \$	(27,694) \$	(22,861)
Interest on lease liabilities Capitalized interest - at an average rate	(2,235)	-	(6,131)	-
of 4.0%, 3.9% (2018 - 3.5%, 3.2%)	1,744	952	4,740	2,516
Finance expense (including interest on lease liabilities)	\$ (9,345) \$	(6,937) \$	(29,085) \$	(20,345)
	Three months ended September 30, 2019	Three months ended September 30, 2018	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
Net unrealized foreign exchange loss	\$ (1,068) \$	(2,100) \$	(1,503) \$	(719)

(901)

106

(2,895) \$

(239)

373

(1.369) \$

(1, 439)

(1,899)

259

571

224

(273) \$

17. OPERATING SEGMENTS

Gain (loss) on warrants (note 7)

Other finance income (expense)

Other income, net

The Company is a diversified and global automotive supplier engaged in the design, development and manufacturing of highly engineered, value-added Lightweight Structures and Propulsion Systems. It conducts its operations through divisions, which function as autonomous business units, following a corporate policy of functional and operational decentralization. The Company's products include a wide array of products, assemblies and systems for small and large cars, crossovers, pickups and sport utility vehicles.

The Company defines its operating segments as components of its business where separate financial information is available and routinely evaluated by management. The Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") is the Chief Executive Officer. Given the differences between the regions in which the Company operates, Martinrea's operations are segmented on a geographic basis between North America, Europe and Rest of the World.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 and recently adopted and applicable accounting standards and policies as disclosed in note 1(d) of these financial statements. The Company uses operating income as the basis for the CODM to evaluate the performance of each of the Company's reportable segments.

The following is a summary of selected data for each of the Company's operating segments:

	Three months ended September 30, 2019						
	Р	roduction Sales	Tooling Sales	Total Sales	Operating Income		
North America							
Canada	\$	139,237 \$	27,260 \$	166,497			
USA		243,597	69,539	313,136			
Mexico		319,582	48,736	368,318			
Eliminations		(41,581)	(25,381)	(66,962)			
	\$	660,835 \$	120,154 \$	780,989 \$	48,405		
Europe							
Germany		104,115	1,226	105,341			
Spain		38,485	111	38,596			
Slovakia		11,795	2,004	13,799			
		154,395	3,341	157,736	13,927		
Rest of the World		32,913	4,814	37,727	10,911		
Eliminations		(1,564)	(504)	(2,068)			
	\$	846,579 \$	127,805 \$	974,384 \$	73,243		

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	Three months ended September 30, 2018							
	Pi	oduction Sales	Tooling Sales		Total Sales	Operating Income		
North America								
Canada	\$	142,063 \$	44,554	\$	186,617			
USA		265,409	28,924		294,333			
Mexico		250,660	13,808		264,468			
Eliminations		(43,475)	(53,294)		(96,769)			
	\$	614,657 \$	33,992	\$	648,649	52,237		
Europe								
Germany		115,171	5,689		120,860			
Spain		32,198	5,964		38,162			
Slovakia		11,688	1,261		12,949			
Eliminations		-	(69)		(69)			
		159,057	12,845		171,902	6,164		
Rest of the World		31,210	2,332		33,542	48		
Eliminations		(1,831)	(1,126)		(2,957)			
	\$	803,093 \$	48,043	\$	851,136	58,449		

	Nine months ended September 30, 2019						
		Production Sales	Tooling Sales	Total Sales	Operating Income		
North America							
Canada	\$	459,501 \$	34,558 \$	494,059			
USA		843,136	118,557	961,693			
Mexico		942,999	131,173	1,074,172			
Eliminations		(130,872)	(52,885)	(183,757)			
	\$	2,114,764 \$	231,403 \$	2,346,167 \$	189,528		
Europe							
Germany		326,319	28,627	354,946			
Spain		114,539	5,217	119,756			
Slovakia		38,399	3,396	41,795			
Eliminations		-	(2,755)	(2,755)			
		479,257	34,485	513,742	39,926		
Rest of the World		82,412	9,114	91,526	(15,446)		
Eliminations		(4,510)	(847)	(5,357)			
	\$	2,671,923 \$	274,155 \$	2,946,078 \$	214,008		

	Nine months ended September 30, 2018						
		Production Sales	Tooling Sales	Total Sales	Operating Income		
North America							
Canada	\$	467,419 \$	69,965 \$	537,384			
USA		882,751	77,631	960,382			
Mexico		735,495	45,648	781,143			
Eliminations		(126,479)	(60,779)	(187,258)			
	\$	1,959,186 \$	132,465 \$	2,091,651 \$	180,864		
Europe							
Germany		354,169	24,352	378,521			
Spain		110,572	13,658	124,230			
Slovakia		40,902	3,850	44,752			
Eliminations		-	(1,175)	(1,175)			
		505,643	40,685	546,328	36,746		
Rest of the World		95,388	12,363	107,751	955		
Eliminations		(7,485)	(1,499)	(8,984)			
	\$	2,552,732 \$	184,014 \$	2,736,746 \$	218,565		

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, investments, trade and other payables, long-term debt, and foreign exchange forward contracts.

Fair Value

IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" provides guidance about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value are required to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy is based on three levels of inputs. The first two levels are considered observable and the last unobservable. These levels are used to measure fair values as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than Level 1 inputs that are observable for assets and liabilities, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted
 market prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be
 corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy under which the Company's applicable financial instruments are valued:

	 September 30, 2019					
	 Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 101,409 \$	101,409 \$	- \$	-		
Warrants in NanoXplore (note 7)	\$ 17 \$	- \$	17 \$	-		
Foreign exchange forward contracts not accounted for as hedges (note 9)	\$ (368) \$	- \$	(368) \$	-		
Foreign exchange forward contracts accounted for as hedges (note 9)	\$ (1,915) \$	- \$	(1,915) \$	-		

	December 31, 2018					
	 Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 70,162 \$	70,162 \$	- \$	-		
Investments (note 7)	\$ 10,781 \$	8,572 \$	2,209 \$	-		
Foreign exchange forward contracts not accounted for as hedges (note 2)	\$ 66 \$	- \$	66 \$	-		
Foreign exchange forward contracts accounted for as hedges (note 9)	\$ (4,096) \$	- \$	(4,096) \$	-		

Fair values versus carrying amounts

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet, are as follows:

September 30, 2019	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at amortized cost	Amortized	Carrying amount	Fair value
FINANCIAL ASSETS:						
Trade and other receivables	\$ - 3	\$-	\$ 631,677	\$-	\$ 631,677	\$ 631,677
Warrants in NanoXplore (note 7)	17	-	-	-	17	17
	17	-	631,677	-	631,694	631,694
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:						
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	(798,613)	(798,613)	(798,613)
Long-term debt	-	-	-	(793,246)	(793,246)	(793,246)
Foreign exchange forward contracts not				, ,	· · · ·	. ,
accounted for as hedges	(368)	-	-	-	(368)	(368)
Foreign exchange forward contracts	()				()	× /
accounted for as hedges	-	(1,915)	-	-	(1,915)	(1,915)
	(368)	(1,915)	-	(1,591,859)	(1,594,142)	(1,594,142)
Net financial assets (liabilities)	\$ (351)	\$ (1,915)	\$ 631,677	\$ (1,591,859)	\$ (962,448)	\$ (962,448)

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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December 31, 2018		Fair value ough profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at amortized cost	Amortized cost	Carrying amount	Fair value
FINANCIAL ASSETS:							
Trade and other receivables	\$	- \$	-	\$ 597,730	\$ - \$	597,730 \$	597,730
Investments (note 7)		2,209	8,572	-	-	10,781	10,781
Foreign exchange forward contracts not							
accounted for as hedges		66	-	-	-	66	66
		2,275	8,572	597,730	-	608,577	608,577
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:							
Trade and other payables		-	-	-	(834,732)	(834,732)	(834,732)
Estimated share repurchase liability		-	-	-	(23,871)	(23,871)	(23,871)
Long-term debt		-	-	-	(740,717)	(740,717)	(740,717)
Foreign exchange forward contracts					. ,	. ,	
accounted for as hedges		-	(4,096)	-	-	(4,096)	(4,096)
		-	(4,096)	-	(1,599,320)	(1,603,416)	(1,603,416)
Net financial assets (liabilities)	\$	2,275 \$	4,476	\$ 597,730	\$ (1,599,320) \$	(994,839) \$	(994,839)

The fair values of trade and other receivables and trade and other payables approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The estimated fair value of long-term debt approximates its carrying amount since it is subject to terms and conditions similar to those available to the Company for instruments with comparable terms, and the interest rates are market-based.

Risk Management

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, and currency risk. These risks arise from exposures that occur in the normal course of business and are managed on a consolidated Company basis.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of losses due to failure of the Company's customers or other counterparties to meet their payment obligations. Financial instruments that subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, and foreign exchange forward contracts.

Credit risk associated with cash and cash equivalents is minimized by ensuring these financial assets are placed with financial institutions with high credit ratings.

The credit risk associated with foreign exchange forward contracts arises from the possibility that the counterparty to one of these contracts fails to perform according to the terms of the contract. Credit risk associated with foreign exchange forward contracts is minimized by entering into such transactions with major Canadian and U.S. financial institutions.

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to credit risk from its customers. The Company has three customers whose sales were 33.1%, 27.7%, and 14.3% of its production sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 (2018 - 29.3%, 27.3%, and 15.8%). A substantial portion of the Company's trade receivables are with large customers in the automotive, truck and industrial sectors and are subject to normal industry credit risks. The level of accounts receivable that was past due as at September 30, 2019 is within the normal payment pattern of the industry. The allowance for doubtful accounts is less than 0.5% of total trade receivables for all periods and movements in the period were minimal.

The aging of trade receivables at the reporting date was as follows:

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
0-60 days	\$ 595,981 \$	540,728
61-90 days	8,470	18,437
Greater than 90 days	10,128	26,625
	\$ 614,579 \$	585,790

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations when they become due. The Company manages liquidity risk by monitoring sales volumes and collection efforts to ensure sufficient cash flows are generated from operations to meet its liabilities when they become due. Management monitors consolidated cash flows on a weekly basis covering a rolling 12 week period, quarterly through forecasting and annually through the Company's budget process. At September 30, 2019, the Company had cash of \$101,409 (December 31, 2018 - \$70,162) and banking facilities available as discussed in note 11. All the Company's financial liabilities other than long-term debt have maturities of approximately 60 days.

A summary of contractual maturities of long-term debt is provided in note 11.

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as a significant portion of the Company's long-term debt bears interest at rates linked to the US prime, Canadian prime, one month LIBOR or the Banker's Acceptance rates. The interest on the bank facility fluctuates depending on the achievement of certain financial debt ratios, and may cause the interest rate to increase by a maximum of 1.0%.

The interest rate profile of the Company's long-term debt was as follows:

	 Carrying amount			
	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Variable rate instruments	\$ 724,969	\$ 657,803		
Fixed rate instruments	68,277	82,914		
	\$ 793,246	\$ 740,717		

Sensitivity analysis

An increase or decrease of 1.0% in all variable interest rate debt would, all else being equal, have an effect of \$1,821 (2018 - \$1,515) on the Company's consolidated financial results for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and \$5,398 (2018 - \$4,422) for the nine months ended September 30, 2019.

(d) Currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the value of the financial instruments or cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the foreign exchange rates. The Company undertakes revenue and purchase transactions in foreign currencies, and therefore is subject to gains and losses due to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company's foreign exchange risk management includes the use of foreign currency forward contracts to fix the exchange rates on certain foreign currency exposures.

At September 30, 2019, the Company had committed to the following foreign exchange contracts:

Foreign exchange forward contracts not accounted for as hedges and fair valued through profit or loss								
Currency		Amount of U.S. dollars	Weighted average exchange rate of U.S. dollars	Maximum period in months				
Buy Canadian Dollars	\$	36,869	1.3262	1				
Buy Mexican Peso	\$	18,536	19.4216	11				

The aggregate value of these forward contracts as at September 30, 2019 was a pre-tax loss of \$368 and was recorded in trade and other payables (December 31, 2018 - pre-tax gain of \$66 recorded in trade and other receivables).

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Foreign exchange forward contracts accounted for as hedges and fair valued through other comprehensive income							
	Amount of U.S.	Weighted average exchange rate of U.S.	Maximum period in				
Currency		dollars	dollars	months			
Buy Canadian Dollars	\$	43,000	1.2780	39			

The aggregate value of these forward contracts as at September 30, 2019 was a pre-tax loss of \$1,915 and was recorded in trade and other payables (December 31, 2018 - pre-tax loss of \$4,096 recorded in trade and other payables).

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk reported in the foreign currency was as follows:

September 30, 2019	USD		EURO	PESO		BRL		CNY
Trade and other receivables	\$ 339,190	€	64,256	\$ 19,480	R\$	45,365	¥	103,247
Trade and other payables	(352,954)		(86,002)	(221,866)		(39,300)		(103,667)
Long-term debt	(298,000)		(29,465)	-		(115)		-
	\$ (311,764)	€	(51,211)	\$ (202,386)	R\$	5,950	¥	(420)
December 31, 2018	USD		EURO	PESO		BRL		CNY
Trade and other receivables	\$ 297,895	€	66,826	\$ 84,181	R\$	26,348	¥	89,887
Trade and other payables	(383,618)		(88,627)	(219,130)		(37,578)		(104,990)
Long-term debt	(286,341)		(32,787)	-		(218)		-
	\$ (372,064)	€	(54,588)	\$ (134,949)	R\$	(11,448)	¥	(15,103)

The following summary illustrates the fluctuations in the exchange rates applied during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 and as at December 31, 2018:

	Averag	je rate	Avera	ge rate	Closing rate			
	Three months ended	Three months ended	Nine months ended	Nine months ended				
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
USD	1.3233	1.3100	1.3315	1.2856	1.3241	1.3570		
EURO	1.4825	1.5236	1.5015	1.5367	1.4486	1.5567		
PESO	0.0686	0.0677	0.0690	0.0674	0.0673	0.0686		
BRL	0.3402	0.3403	0.3451	0.3670	0.3186	0.3498		
CNY	0.1909	0.1961	0.1949	0.1982	0.1856	0.1985		

Sensitivity analysis

The Company does not have significant foreign currency exposure based on each subsidiary's functional currency. However, a 10% strengthening of the Canadian dollar against the following currencies at September 30, would give rise to a translation risk on net income and would have increased (decreased) equity, profit or loss and comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 by the amounts shown below, assuming all other variables remain constant:

	Three months ended September 30, 2019	Three months ended September 30, 2018	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
USD	\$ (3,134)	\$ (3,536)	\$ (10,913)	\$ (11,233)
EURO	(1,471)	(655)	(4,030)	(3,240)
BRL	(240)	(10)	613	136
CNY	(320)	32	1,694	(73)
	\$ (5,165)	\$ (4,169)	\$ (12,636)	\$ (14,410)

A weakening of the Canadian dollar against the above currencies at September 30, would have had the equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

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(e) Capital risk management

The Company's objectives in managing capital are to ensure sufficient liquidity to pursue its strategy of organic growth combined with complementary acquisitions and to provide returns to its shareholders. The Company defines capital that it manages as the aggregate of its equity, which is comprised of issued capital, contributed surplus, accumulated other comprehensive income and retained earnings, and debt.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of general economic conditions, the risk characteristics of the underlying assets and the Company's working capital requirements. In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company, upon approval from its Board of Directors, may issue or repay long-term debt, issue shares, repurchase shares, or undertake other activities as deemed appropriate under the specific circumstances. The Board of Directors reviews and approves any material transactions out of the ordinary course of business, including proposals on acquisitions or other major investments or divestitures, as well as annual capital and operating budgets.

In addition to debt and equity the Company may use leases as additional sources of financing. The Company monitors debt leverage ratios as part of the management of liquidity and shareholders' return and to sustain future development of the business. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and its overall strategy with respect to capital risk management remains unchanged from the prior year.

19. CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The Company has contingent liabilities relating to legal and tax proceedings arising in the normal course of its business. Known claims and litigation involving the Company or its subsidiaries were reviewed at the end of the reporting period. Based on the advice of legal counsel, all necessary provisions have been made to cover the related risks. Although the outcome of the proceedings in progress cannot be predicted, the Company does not believe they will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position. However, new proceedings may be initiated against the Company as a result of facts or circumstances unknown at the date of this report or for which the risk cannot yet be determined or quantified. Such proceedings could have a significant adverse impact on the Company's financial results.

Tax contingency

The Company's subsidiary in Brazil, Martinrea Honsel Brazil Fundicao e comercio de Pecas em Alumino Ltda., is currently being assessed by the State of Sao Paulo's tax authorities for certain historical value added tax ("VAT") credits claimed on aluminum purchases from certain local suppliers that occurred prior to the acquisition of the Brazil subsidiary in 2011. The taxation system and regulatory environment in Brazil is characterized by numerous indirect taxes and frequently changing legislation subject to various interpretations by the various Brazilian regulatory authorities who are empowered to impose significant fines, penalties and interest charges. The basis for the assessments stems from the classification of aluminum purchases, the registration status of the aluminum suppliers in question and the differing treatments between manufactured and unmanufactured aluminum for VAT purposes. The potential exposure under these assessments, based on the notices issued by the tax authorities and most recent developments surrounding the assessments, is approximately \$65,533 (BRL \$205,674) including interest and penalties to September 30, 2019 (December 31, 2018 - \$74,319 or BRL \$212,462). The Company has sought external legal advice and believes that it has complied, in all material respects, with the relevant legislation and will vigorously defend against the assessments. The Company may be required to present guarantees totaling \$26,936 at some point through a pledge of assets, bank letter of credits or cash deposit. No provision has been recorded by the Company in connection with this contingency as at this stage the Company has concluded that it is not probable that a liability will result from the matter.

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20. GUARANTEES

The Company is a guarantor under a tooling financing program. The tooling financing program involves a third party that provides tooling suppliers with financing subject to a Company guarantee. Payments from the third party to the tooling supplier are approved by the Company prior to the funds being advanced. The amounts loaned to the tooling suppliers through this financing arrangement do not appear on the Company's interim condensed consolidated balance sheet. At September 30, 2019, the amount of the off-balance sheet program financing was \$30,549 (December 31, 2018 - \$58,871) representing the maximum amount of undiscounted future payments the Company could be required to make under the guarantee.

The Company would be required to perform under the guarantee in cases where a tooling supplier could not meet its obligations to the third party. Since the amount advanced to the tooling supplier is required to be repaid generally when the Company receives reimbursement from the final customer, and at this point the Company will in turn repay the tooling supplier, the Company views the likelihood of the tooling supplier default as remote. No such defaults occurred during 2018 or 2019. Moreover, if such an instance were to occur, the Company would obtain the tooling inventory. The term of the guarantee will vary from program to program, but typically ranges from six to eighteen months.