



MARTINREA INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTICE OF MEETING AND MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR

**FOR THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
TO BE HELD ON JUNE 11, 2025**

May 12, 2025

These materials are important and require your immediate attention. If you have questions or require assistance with voting your shares, you may contact Martinrea's proxy solicitation agent:

Laurel Hill Advisory Group

North American Toll-Free Number: 1-877-452-7184

Outside North America: 1-416-304-0211

Email: assistance@laurelhill.com

MARTINREA INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT an annual general meeting (the “Meeting”) of the shareholders of Martinrea International Inc. (the “Company”) will be held at **the Company’s head office, 3210 Langstaff Road, Vaughan, Ontario, on Wednesday, June 11, 2025 at 10:00 am. (Eastern time)** for the following purposes:

1. **TO RECEIVE** the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024, together with the report of the auditors thereon;
2. **TO ELECT** directors of the Company;
3. **TO REAPPOINT** auditors and authorize the directors to fix the auditors’ remuneration;
4. **TO VOTE**, in an advisory, non-binding manner, on Martinrea’s approach to executive compensation described in the accompanying Management Information Circular; and
5. **TO TRANSACT** such further and other business as may properly come before the Meeting or any adjournment or adjournments thereof.

Details of the foregoing transactions are contained in the accompanying Management Information Circular.

As a shareholder of the Company, it is very important that you read the Management Information Circular of the Company dated May 12, 2025 and other Meeting materials carefully. They contain important information with respect to voting your Common Shares and attending and participating at the Meeting.

A Registered Shareholder who is unable to attend the Meeting is requested to date, complete, sign and return the form of proxy and deposit it with the Company’s transfer agent and registrar, Computershare Investor Services Inc., 100 University Avenue, 8th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2Y1 no later than 10:00 a.m. (Eastern time) on June 9, 2025 or if the Meeting is postponed or adjourned, by no later than 48 hours, excluding Saturdays and holidays, preceding the time of such postponed or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is to be used. Alternatively, a Registered Shareholder may vote by fax, telephone or over the internet. The time limit for deposit of proxies may be waived by the Chair of the Meeting at his or her discretion without notice. **Non-Registered Shareholders who hold shares through a bank, broker or other financial intermediary should carefully follow the instructions found on their voting instruction form.**

Management and the Board **UNANIMOUSLY** recommend that Shareholders vote **FOR** all of the proposed resolutions. You are encouraged to vote today. Your vote is important no matter how many or how few shares you own.

DATED at Vaughan, Ontario this 12th day of May, 2025.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

(SIGNED) “*Rob Wildeboer*”
Executive Chairman

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION	- 1 -
VOTING INFORMATION AND SOLICITATION OF PROXIES	- 1 -
Appointment and Revocation of Proxies	- 1 -
Solicitation and Appointment of Proxies	- 1 -
Revocation of Proxies	- 2 -
Exercise of Discretion by Proxies	- 2 -
Who Can Vote at the Meeting?	- 2 -
What Will I be Voting on?	- 2 -
How Will These Matters be Decided at the Meeting?	- 2 -
How Many Votes do I Have?	- 2 -
How Do I Vote?	- 2 -
Voting by a Registered Shareholder	- 2 -
Voting by a Beneficial Shareholder	- 4 -
VOTING SECURITIES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS THEREOF	- 4 -
BUSINESS OF THE MEETING	- 5 -
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	- 5 -
ELECTION OF DIRECTORS	- 5 -
2025 Nomination Process	- 5 -
Board Skills and Expertise	- 6 -
Nominee Independence	- 8 -
2024 Annual Meeting Vote Results	- 9 -
Background of Directors	- 9 -
Director and Senior Executive Ownership of Shares and Deferred Share Units, Restricted Share Units and Performance Share Units	- 18 -
SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS	- 19 -
<i>Governance</i>	- 20 -
<i>Social</i>	- 21 -
<i>Environmental</i>	- 21 -
<i>Sustainability Journey</i>	- 21 -
<i>Sustainability Report</i>	- 23 -
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	- 23 -
Governance General Overview	- 23 -
CSA Guidelines	- 25 -
Code of Conduct	- 28 -
Mandate of the Board of Directors	- 28 -
Composition and Independence of the Board of Directors	- 28 -
Directorships with Other Reporting Issuers	- 29 -
Majority Voting for Election of Directors	- 29 -

Retirement Policy and Director Term Limits.....	30 -
Diversity and Inclusion Policy	31 -
Board Committees.....	32 -
Board of Directors and Committee Participation	33 -
The Compensation Committee.....	33 -
The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee.....	34 -
Succession Planning	34 -
Audit Committee	34 -
Orientation of New Directors, Continuing Education and Strategic Planning Review	35 -
Director Performance Review	36 -
Chief Executive Officer Performance	37 -
Shareholder Feedback and Communication.....	37 -
Board of Directors’ Expectations of Management, Strategic Planning Oversight, Sustainability and Risk Management Oversight	37 -
Advisory Vote on Approach to Executive Compensation	38 -
EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION	40 -
Compensation Discussion and Analysis	40 -
Composition of the Compensation Committee	40 -
Executive Compensation Experience and Expertise of the Compensation Committee	40 -
Objectives of Compensation Program/Strategy	41 -
Elements of Compensation.....	43 -
Clawback Policy.....	48 -
Managing Compensation Related Risk	48 -
Compensation Review	49 -
Retention of Compensation Consultants	50 -
Performance Graph.....	50 -
Summary Compensation Table	52 -
Incentive Plan Awards.....	53 -
Termination and Change of Control Benefits	56 -
Director Compensation.....	57 -
SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS	60 -
Stock Option Plan.....	60 -
OTHER COMPENSATION PLANS	62 -
DSU Plan.....	62 -
PRSU Plan.....	62 -
PSUs	63 -
RSUs.....	64 -
DIRECTORS’ AND OFFICERS’ LIABILITY INSURANCE.....	64 -
INDEBTEDNESS OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS	65 -
INTEREST OF INFORMED PERSONS IN MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS.....	65 -
APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS	65 -

OTHER MATTERS WHICH MAY COME BEFORE THE MEETING	- 66 -
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.....	- 66 -
GENERAL	- 66 -
DIRECTORS' APPROVAL	- 66 -
SCHEDULE "A" CODE OF CONDUCT	- 67 -
SCHEDULE "B" BOARD MANDATE.....	- 70 -
SCHEDULE "C" MANDATE OF THE BOARD CHAIR	- 72 -
SCHEDULE "D" LEAD DIRECTOR MANDATE.....	- 74 -
SCHEDULE "E" HUMAN RESOURCES AND COMPENSATION COMMITTEE CHARTER.....	- 75 -
SCHEDULE "F" CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND NOMINATING COMMITTEE CHARTER.....	- 77 -
SCHEDULE "G" AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER	- 79 -
SCHEDULE "H" POSITION DESCRIPTION FOR THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER	- 82 -

MARTINREA INTERNATIONAL INC.
MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR FOR THE
ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

To be Held on Wednesday, June 11, 2025

GENERAL INFORMATION

This Management Information Circular is furnished in connection with the solicitation by management of Martinrea International Inc. (the “Company”) of proxies to be used at the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company (the “Meeting”) to be held at the Company’s head office, 3210 Langstaff Road, Vaughan, Ontario on Wednesday, June 11, 2025 at 10:00 a.m. (Eastern time) and at any adjournment thereof for the purposes set forth in the enclosed notice of meeting (the “Notice of Meeting”).

VOTING INFORMATION AND SOLICITATION OF PROXIES

The following questions and answers provide guidance on how to vote your shares.

Appointment and Revocation of Proxies

Solicitation and Appointment of Proxies

Management of the Company is soliciting your proxy. The persons named in the enclosed form of proxy and voting instruction form, namely Pat D’Eramo and Rob Wildeboer, are the Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Chairman of the Company, respectively and represent management of the Company.

A registered shareholder (“Registered Shareholder”) desiring to appoint some other person, who need not be a shareholder of the Company, to represent the shareholder at the Meeting may do so by filling in the name of such person in the blank space provided in the proxy or by completing another proper form of proxy. A Registered Shareholder wishing to be represented by proxy at the Meeting or any adjournment thereof must, in all cases, deposit the completed proxy with Computershare Investor Services Inc., 100 University Avenue, 8th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2Y1, not less than 48 hours, excluding Saturdays and holidays, preceding the Meeting or any adjournment thereof at which the proxy is to be used. A proxy should be executed by the shareholder or his or her attorney duly authorized in writing or, if the shareholder is a corporation, by an officer or attorney thereof duly authorized. (See also “How do I Vote?”)

Proxies will be solicited primarily by mail but may also be solicited personally, by telephone or by facsimile by the directors and/or officers of the Company at nominal costs. The Company has also retained Laurel Hill Advisory Group (“Laurel Hill”) to assist in connection with the Company’s communications with shareholders and solicitation of proxies. In connection with these services, Laurel Hill is expected to receive a fee of \$33,000, plus reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The costs of solicitation by management will be borne by the Company. Pursuant to National Instrument 54-101 *Communication with Beneficial Owners of Securities of a Reporting Issuer*, arrangements have been made with clearing agencies, brokerage houses and other financial intermediaries to forward proxy solicitation material to the beneficial owners of the common shares of the Company (“Common Shares”). The cost of any such solicitation will be borne by the Company.

Revocation of Proxies

In addition to any other manner permitted by law, a proxy may be revoked before it is exercised by instrument in writing executed in the same manner as a proxy and deposited at the registered office of the Company at any time up to and including the last business day preceding the day of the Meeting, or any adjournment thereof, at which the proxy is to be used or with the Chairman of the Meeting on the day of such Meeting or any adjournment thereof and thereupon the proxy is revoked. Shareholders who hold their shares through a bank, broker or other financial intermediary should carefully follow the instructions found on their voting instruction form for delivery, appointment and revocations instructions.

Exercise of Discretion by Proxies

The Common Shares represented by proxies in favour of management nominees will be voted in accordance with the instructions of the shareholder on any ballot that may be called for and, if a shareholder specifies a choice with respect to any matter to be acted upon at the Meeting, the Common Shares represented by proxy shall be voted accordingly. **Where no choice is specified, the proxy will confer discretionary authority and will be voted FOR all matters proposed by management at the Meeting.** The enclosed form of proxy also confers discretionary authority upon the persons named therein to vote with respect to any amendments or variations to the matters identified in the Notice of Meeting and with respect to any other matters which may properly come before the Meeting in such manner as the nominee in his judgement may determine. At the time of printing this Management Information Circular, management of the Company knows of no such amendments, variations or other matters to come before the Meeting.

Who Can Vote at the Meeting?

Shareholders registered on the books of the Company at the close of business on May 6, 2025 (the “record date”) are entitled to vote at the Meeting. Only Registered Shareholders or the persons they appoint as their proxies are permitted to vote at the Meeting. You are a Registered Shareholder if you have a share certificate for Common Shares and they are registered in your name or if you hold Common Shares through direct registration. Shareholders who hold their Common Shares through a bank, broker or other intermediary should read the instructions under the heading, “How do I Vote: Advice to Beneficial Holders of Common Shares”.

What Will I be Voting on?

Shareholders will be voting on the matters listed in the Notice and under “**Business of the Meeting**” below.

How Will These Matters be Decided at the Meeting?

A simple majority of the votes cast at the Meeting will constitute approval of each of the matters specified in this Management Information Circular.

How Many Votes do I Have?

Each Common Share carries one vote.

How Do I Vote?

Voting by a Registered Shareholder

Voting at the Meeting: Registered Shareholders as of the record date are entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting.

Voting before the Meeting: In order for your vote to be valid, if you are a Registered Shareholder, we urge you to vote the form of proxy by using one of the following methods:

- via the internet at www.investorvote.com; or
- by telephone at 1-866-732-8683 (toll free in North America) or 312-588-4290 (international); or
- by fax to Computershare Investor Services Inc., Attention: Proxy Department at 1-866-249-7775 (toll free in North America) or 416-263-9524 (international); or
- by mail to Computershare Investor Services Inc., Attention: Proxy Department, 100 University Avenue, 8th Floor, Toronto, Ontario M5J 2Y1; or
- by personal delivery to Computershare Investor Services Inc. at the address set out above;

in each case so as to be deposited with the Company's Transfer Agent no later than **10:00 a.m.** (Toronto time) on Monday, June 9, 2025 or if the Meeting is adjourned, not less than 48 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and statutory holidays) before the time set for the adjourned Meeting.

ADVICE TO BENEFICIAL HOLDERS OF COMMON SHARES

Shareholders who hold their Common Shares through a bank, broker or other intermediary should follow these instructions carefully.

The information set forth in this section is of significant importance to many shareholders of the Company as a substantial number of shareholders do not hold their Common Shares in their own name and thus are considered non-Registered Shareholders ("Beneficial Shareholders"). Beneficial Shareholders should note that only proxies deposited by shareholders whose names appear on the records of the Company as the registered holders of Common Shares can be recognized and acted upon at the Meeting. If Common Shares are listed in an account statement provided to a shareholder by a broker then, in almost all cases, those Common Shares will not be registered in the shareholder's name on the records of the Company. Such Common Shares will more likely be registered under the name of the shareholder's broker or an agent of that broker or another similar entity (an "Intermediary"). Shares held by an Intermediary can only be voted by the Intermediary upon the instructions of the Beneficial Shareholder. Without specific instructions, Intermediaries are prohibited from voting shares.

Beneficial Shareholders should ensure that instructions respecting the voting of their Common Shares are communicated in a timely manner and in accordance with the instructions provided by their Intermediary. Applicable regulatory rules require Intermediaries to seek voting instructions from Beneficial Shareholders in advance of meetings of shareholders. **Every Intermediary has its own mailing procedures and provides its own return instructions to clients, which instructions should be carefully followed by Beneficial Shareholders in order to ensure that their Common Shares are voted at the Meeting.**

The majority of intermediaries now delegate responsibility for obtaining instructions from clients to Broadridge Investor Communications Corporation in Canada and its counterpart in the United States ("Broadridge").




Additionally, there are two kinds of Beneficial Shareholders: (i) those who object to their name being made known to the issuers of securities which they own, known as objecting beneficial owners or "OBOs"; and (ii) those who do not object to their name being made known to the issuers of securities which they own, known as non-objecting beneficial owners or "NOBOs". Martinrea may utilize the Broadridge QuickVote™ service to assist Beneficial Shareholders that are NOBOs with voting their Common Shares. NOBOs may be contacted by Laurel Hill to conveniently obtain a vote directly over the telephone.

Voting by a Beneficial Shareholder

Voting before the Meeting: Beneficial Shareholders may vote via the internet, by phone or fax by following the instructions found on their voting instruction form or form of proxy.

Voting at the Meeting: Although a Beneficial Shareholder may not be recognized directly at the Meeting for the purpose of voting Common Shares registered in the name of its Intermediary, a Beneficial Shareholder may attend at the Meeting as proxyholder for the Intermediary and vote the Common Shares in that capacity. **Beneficial Shareholders who wish to attend the Meeting and indirectly vote their Common Shares as a proxyholder should enter their own names in the blank space on the form of proxy or voting instruction form provided to them by their Intermediary and return the same in accordance with the instructions provided by their Intermediary well in advance of the Meeting.**

**Voting is Easy. Vote Well in Advance of the Proxy Deadline on June 9, 2025 at 10:00 am.
(Eastern time)**

	Registered Shareholders	Beneficial Shareholders
	<i>Common Shares held in own name and represented by a physical certificate or DRS.</i>	<i>Common Shares held with a broker, bank or other intermediary.</i>
	Internet	
	www.investorvote.com	www.proxyvote.com
	Telephone	
	1-866-732-8683	Call the applicable number listed on the voting instruction form.
	Mail	
	Return the form of proxy in the enclosed envelope.	Return the voting instruction form in the enclosed envelope.

Questions or Require Voting Assistance?

Contact our proxy solicitation agent:



North America Toll Free: 1-877-452-7184

Outside North America: 1-416-304-0211

Email: assistance@laurelhill.com

VOTING SECURITIES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS THEREOF

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of Common Shares.

As at May 2, 2025, the Company has 72,787,848 Common Shares issued and outstanding, each of which carries one vote.

To the knowledge of the directors and officers of the Company, based on public filings on SEDAR+ on May 2, 2025 (the information not being within the knowledge of the Company), there are no persons or corporations beneficially

owning, directly or indirectly, or exercising control or direction over securities carrying in excess of 10% of the voting rights attached to any class of outstanding voting securities of the Company.

BUSINESS OF THE MEETING

1. **TO RECEIVE** the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024, together with the report of the auditors thereon;
2. **TO ELECT** directors of the Company;
3. **TO REAPPOINT** auditors and authorize the directors to fix the auditors' remuneration;
4. **TO VOTE**, in an advisory, non-binding manner, on Martinrea's approach to executive compensation described herein; and
5. **TO TRANSACT** such further and other business as may properly come before the Meeting or any adjournment or adjournments thereof.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 and the report of the auditors thereon are provided in the Company's 2024 Report to Shareholders for the financial year ended December 31, 2024, which is available on the Company's profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board" or "Board of Directors") presently consists of nine (9) directors, to be elected annually. In accordance with the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario) (the "Act"), the directors are authorized from time to time to fix the number of directors, between a minimum of three and a maximum of ten persons, without the prior consent of shareholders. The number of directors to be elected at the Meeting has been fixed by the Board of Directors at ten (10) persons. **Unless the shareholder directs that its Common Shares be otherwise voted or withheld from voting in connection with the election of directors, the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy will vote for the election of the ten (10) nominees whose names are set forth below.** Management does not contemplate that any of the following nominees will be unable to serve as a director but if that should occur for any reason prior to the Meeting, the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy shall have the right to vote for another nominee in their discretion. Each director elected at the Meeting will hold office until the next annual meeting or until his or her successor is duly elected or appointed. Each of the nominees will be voted on individually.

The directors of a corporation are elected by shareholders to act as stewards of the Company and to represent and oversee the interests of shareholders. The corporate governance of the Company is described below under "Sustainable Business" and "Corporate Governance". The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing management and appointing the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, among other duties. The directors have statutory obligations under corporate law. First, there is a fiduciary obligation which requires them to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company. Second, directors have a duty of care in making decisions, including to be properly informed so that they can perform the tasks their position entails. The Board of Directors demands that these standards are met by its members at all times.

2025 Nomination Process

Nominees for election at the Meeting are nine (9) directors who were elected at the Company's 2024 annual meeting of shareholders (Rob Wildeboer, Pat D'Eramo, Fred Olson, Terry Lyons, Maureen Midgley, Sandra Papatello, David Schoch, Molly Shoichet and Edward Waitzer) and one (1) candidate (Ildefonso Guajardo Villarreal) who has been nominated for the first time.

In recommending to the Board the nominees who currently serve as directors who have been elected at an annual shareholder meeting, the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee (the “CGNC”) has considered a number of factors in accordance with its Mandate, including:

- reviewing the skills matrix, strategic priorities and analysis of potential skills gaps in relation to the nominees’ respective skills, expertise and experience, including academic and employment-related qualifications as well as the extent to which the nominees meet the minimum qualifications for directors;
- results of the Board’s periodic self-assessment process;
- individual voting results from the previous annual meeting;
- feedback from other sources such as shareholders;
- relevant industry experience;
- a commitment to diversity;
- alignment with the culture of the Company, including a commitment to promote the implementation of the policies adopted by the Company.

In recommending to the Board the new nominee who has not previously served as a Director of the Company, the CGNC has considered a number of factors in accordance with its Mandate, including:

- reviewing the skills matrix, strategic priorities and analysis of potential skills gaps in relation to the strategic priorities;
- the specific skill set and background of the nominee;
- relevant government, industry, academic and employment-related qualifications of the individual, as well as character references;
- relevant industry experience;
- a commitment to diversity; and
- alignment with the culture of the Company, including a commitment to promote the implementation of the policies adopted by the Company.

The CGNC believes that Mr. Guajardo Villarreal’s experience as described below under “Background of Directors”, make him a compelling candidate to sit on Martinrea’s Board.

See also “Diversity and Inclusion Policy”.

Board Skills and Expertise

The CGNC attempts to recruit candidates who have a diversity of skills, experience and perspectives, which are relevant to the Company’s business. While the specific mix may vary from time to time and alternative categories may be considered in addition to or instead of those below, the following skills and types of experience or knowledge are generally sought by the CGNC, and have been utilized in seeking additions to the Company’s Board:

- **Accounting/Audit:** accounting and audit expertise are valued in order to enable the Board to oversee management’s handling of financial and financial reporting matters, including by: critically assessing the Company’s financial performance and projections; understanding the Company’s critical accounting policies, as well as technical issues relevant to the internal and external audit; and evaluating the robustness of the Company’s internal controls.
- **Automotive:** as substantially almost all of the Company’s business is derived from sales within the automotive industry, the CGNC seeks candidates who possess a solid understanding of industry dynamics on a global and regional basis, preferably gained through management or board service with the Company’s customers, suppliers or competitors. Candidates with experience in capital-intensive manufacturing or industrial industries are also relevant, as experience gained in such industries is typically applicable to the automotive industry.
- **Finance/Financial Advisory:** the CGNC values candidates who have experience in senior financial roles and/or in financial advisory roles. Such experience enhances the Board’s oversight of financial

performance, assists it in its assessment of strategic opportunities and risks and allows it to more effectively address issues relevant to capital and capital structure.

- **ESG/Board/Culture:** in light of the competing demands of stakeholders and the increasingly complex governance environment in which public companies operate, the CGNC values candidates who possess a sophisticated understanding of corporate governance practices and norms, and/or board expertise, including experience in, or knowledge of, governance principles and practices in a public company or large organization, experience implementing a culture of stewardship, accountability and transparency and experience in or knowledge of social and environmental issues, corporate responsibility practices or sustainable development strategies.
- **Larger Company/Organization Experience:** while experience with companies of different scale can be valuable, the CGNC has sought candidates who have board, executive management and/or other applicable experience with companies or organizations that have revenues in excess of \$1 billion and are mid-cap or large-cap companies (or otherwise large organizations). The Company has grown significantly, and experience with larger companies is valued.
- **Legal/Regulatory/Public Policy:** the Company operates in, and is required to comply with, the laws of many countries around the world. Candidates who possess an understanding of legal systems and regulatory perspectives are valued by the CGNC since such experiences assist the Board in more effectively carrying out its compliance oversight responsibilities. Additionally, the CGNC values candidates with experience in, or knowledge of, relevant areas of government and public policy to support the Board in understanding the regulatory trends shaping the automotive industry and assessing the Company's strategic response to such trends.
- **Mergers & Acquisitions ("M&A"):** the CGNC views board-level M&A expertise as critical to the Board's ability to effectively fulfil its oversight responsibilities relating to corporate strategy, particularly since the Company has pursued in the past and in future intends to pursue strategic M&A opportunities in certain automotive product or geographic areas.
- **Innovation/Technology:** the Company has developed and is developing and bringing to market innovative products and manufacturing techniques which have been significant contributors to the Company's success, in product areas such as fluid systems, metal forming, aluminium casting and lightweighting in general. The CGNC seeks candidates with technological expertise and skill or knowledge to support the Board in assessing the Company's innovation efforts.
- **Risk Management:** the CGNC seeks candidates with practical expertise in, or knowledge of, enterprise risk management frameworks, systems, processes, tools and techniques, to assist the Board in understanding and assessing the risks and opportunities faced by the Company generally, including those inherent in its strategic initiatives.
- **Senior/Executive Leadership:** the CGNC seeks business and other leaders who have demonstrated leadership, mature judgment, operating success and an understanding of complex organizations in progressively challenging roles. Such individuals are believed to provide the most effective counsel to management, as well as critical oversight on behalf of stakeholders. Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer or Board/Committee Chair level experience is valued.
- **Strategy Development:** recognizing the importance of the Board's oversight role with respect to corporate strategy, the CGNC seeks candidates who possess board, senior management and/or other experience in strategy development or analysis.
- **Talent Management/Compensation:** the CGNC values candidates with hands-on roles in developing, managing, compensating and motivating people. Such skills and experience assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibility to ensure the Company maintains effective incentive programs which attract, motivate and retain top talent, while at the same time reinforcing the Company's strategic priorities. Talent management and compensation expertise also serve to align the Board

with one of the Company's key strategic priorities - leadership development and succession planning.

A skill matrix showing the skills, expertise and qualifications for each of the nominees is set forth below:

	Accounting/Audit	Automotive/Industrial	Finance/Financial Advisory	ESG/Board/Culture	Large Company/Organization Experience	Legal/Regulatory/Public Policy	Mergers & Acquisitions	R&D/Innovation/ Technology	Risk Management	Senior/Executive Leadership	Strategy/Development	Talent Management/ Compensation	Professional Designation
Pat D'Eramo		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	BSME, MS
Ildefonso Guajardo Villarreal			✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	BA, M. Econ
Terry Lyons	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	MBA, ICD
Maureen Midgley		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	BSCHE, MS
Fred Olson	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	BBA, ICD
Sandra Pupatello	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	BA, ICD
David Schoch	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	MBA
Molly Shoichet		✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	PhD, FRS, NAE
Edward Waitzer	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	LLB, LLM
Rob Wildeboer	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	LLB, LLM, MBA

Nominee Independence

Eight out of ten, or 80%, of the nominees for election at this Meeting are independent. A summary of the independence determination for each nominee is set forth below:

Nominee Name	Independent	Non-Independent	Basis for Determination
Pat D'Eramo		✓	Management
Ildefonso Guajardo Villarreal	✓		No material relationship
Terry Lyons	✓		No material relationship
Maureen Midgley	✓		No material relationship
Fred Olson	✓		No material relationship
Sandra Pupatello	✓		No material relationship
David Schoch	✓		No material relationship
Molly Shoichet	✓		No material relationship
Edward Waitzer	✓		No material relationship
Rob Wildeboer		✓	Management

2024 Annual Meeting Vote Results

Each nominee elected at our 2024 annual meeting of shareholders received a substantial majority of votes “for” his or her election, as set forth in the table below:

Nominee Name	Votes FOR (%)	Votes WITHHELD (%)
Pat D’Eramo	99.63	0.37
Terry Lyons	97.35	2.65
Maureen Midgley	99.70	0.30
Fred Olson	91.48	8.52
Sandra Pupatello	94.92	5.08
David Schoch	99.65	0.35
Molly Shoichet	99.70	0.30
Edward Waitzer	98.14	1.86
Rob Wildeboer	97.09	2.91

At the 2024 annual meeting of shareholders, KPMG, the Company’s auditors, were approved as auditors with 90.67% votes FOR.

At the 2024 annual meeting of shareholders, the Advisory Resolution on Executive Compensation was approved with 97.93% votes FOR.

Background of Directors

The following table and the notes thereto state the names of all persons proposed to be nominated for election as directors, the date on which each of them first became a director of the Company, all positions and offices with the Company held by each of them and the principal occupation or employment of each of them. The approximate number of Common Shares, Deferred Share Units (“DSUs”), Restricted Share Units (“RSUs”) and Performance Share Units (“PSUs”) beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, by each of them as at May 2, 2025 are set out in the table under “Director and Senior Executive Ownership of Shares and Deferred Share Units, Restricted Share Units and Performance Share Units”. Nine director nominees are current directors of the Company and Ildefonso Guajardo Villarreal is a new director nominee.

A brief biography of each of the director nominees follows the table. The biographical information set out below as to the principal occupation of and number of Common Shares owned by each of the nominees (specified below under “Director and Senior Executive Ownership of Shares and Deferred Share Units, Restricted Share Units and Performance Share Units”), not being within the knowledge of the Company, has been furnished by the nominees. The Company’s standing committees are the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the CGNC, the members of such committees being indicated below.

Name and Present Principal Occupation	Director Since	Positions with the Company
Rob Wildeboer Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company	September 10, 1996	Director, Executive Chairman of the Board, Co-Founder
Pat D’Eramo Chief Executive Officer of the Company	June 11, 2015	Director, Chief Executive Officer
Ildefonso Guajardo Villarreal Former Secretary of the Economy and Private Consultant	-	Director Nominee

Name and Present Principal Occupation	Director Since	Positions with the Company
Terry Lyons ^{(2), (3)} Corporate Director	February 1, 2014	Director
Maureen Midgley ⁽¹⁾ Corporate Director Retired, Global Vice President, Amazon	January 1, 2023	Director
Fred Olson ^{(1), (2), (3), (4)} Retired, President and Chief Executive Officer of Webasto Product North America	June 27, 2002	Lead Director
Hon. Sandra Pupatello ^{(2), (3)} Senator and President, Canadian International Avenues Ltd., management consulting firm	June 19, 2014	Director
David Schoch ^{(1), (2)} Retired, Group Vice President and President, Asia Pacific, Ford Motor Company, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Ford China	August 8, 2018	Director
Molly Shoichet ⁽¹⁾ University Professor & Michel E Charles Professor of Chemical Engineering, Department of Chemical Engineering and Applied Chemistry at the University of Toronto	June 11, 2019	Director
Edward Waitzer ⁽³⁾ Lawyer, Waitzer Professional Corporation	March 4, 2021	Director

(1) Member of the Compensation Committee.

(2) Member of the Audit Committee.

(3) Member of the CGNC.

(4) Lead Director.



Rob Wildeboer, 65, resides in Burlington, Ontario, Canada. He has been a director of the Company since September, 1996 and Chairman since September, 1997. He joined the Company as Executive Chairman in August, 2001, and as a full-time employee in January, 2002. He is a founder of the Company. Prior to joining the Company as a full-time executive, Mr. Wildeboer was a partner of Wildeboer Dellelce LLP, a law firm that practises corporate, securities and tax law that he co-founded in 1993; prior to that, Mr. Wildeboer had been a lawyer with Stikeman, Elliott LLP; an associate professor of law at Osgoode Hall Law School, where he taught corporate law and corporate finance; and a regulator with the Ontario Securities Commission. Mr. Wildeboer was director and Vice Chair of the Automotive Parts Manufacturers Association (APMA), retiring in 2015; is co-Chair of the Canadian Automotive

Partnership Counsel (CAPC) and was co-chair of CAPC's COVID-19 Response Task Force; is Chair of the CEO Manufacturing Advisory Council of the Canadian Manufacturers and Exporters Association; is a past member of the Science, Technology and Innovation Council of Canada, retiring in 2014; was a member of the Ontario Manufacturing Council; was a member of the Economic Advisory Council to the Minister of Finance of Canada until 2015; was a member of the Advanced Manufacturing Economic Strategy Table to the federal Minister of Innovation, Science and Development in 2018 and 2019; was a member of the Public Health Canada Industry Advisory Roundtable on COVID-

19 Testing, Screening, Tracing and Data Management; was Chair of the Macdonald-Laurier Institute, a leading public policy think tank, retiring in 2018, and remains on its Advisory Board; is past Chair and current director of Cardus, a leading Christian public policy think tank; and is involved with numerous charitable and public policy organizations. He has been an advisor to the governments of Canada and Ontario on a variety of economic, manufacturing and technology mandates. Mr. Wildeboer is currently heavily involved in trade and tariff discussions, particularly focused on North America and the USMCA, or United States Mexico Canada free trade agreement. Mr. Wildeboer previously served as a director of Aecon Group Inc. (TSX : ARE) from 1993 to 2013, serving for many years as Vice-Chair and Chair of Aecon's compensation committee. Mr. Wildeboer is Vice-Chair of the board of directors of NanoXplore Inc. (TSX: GRA), a Canadian graphene company in which the Company has a significant investment, having previously served as Chair of NanoXplore from January, 2019 to December, 2021; and is a director of Equispheres Inc. Equispheres is a private company developing technologies for the production and use of advanced materials, specifically high-performance aluminum powder for additive manufacturing (3D printing) applications, a company in which the Company has invested. In 2012, he received the Queen Elizabeth II Diamond Jubilee Medal in recognition of his contributions to Canada. In 2018, he received the Jay Hennick Award from Osgoode Hall Law School and the Schulich School of Business for career achievement. Mr. Wildeboer holds an undergraduate degree from the University of Guelph, a law degree from Osgoode Hall Law School, an MBA from York University and an LLM from Harvard University.

CGNC's Recommendation of Mr. Wildeboer

Mr. Wildeboer, the Company's Executive Chairman and a co-founder of the Company, is a management representative on the Board. He brings a deep and intricate knowledge of the Company's culture, industry, key personnel, strategy, history and development, and relationships with key constituencies such as capital providers and governments, to the Board. See Schedule "C", "Mandate of the Board Chair". He has also been intimately involved in negotiating the purchase and financing of every acquisition in the Company's history, as the Company has been one of the fastest growing automotive parts companies in the industry. He has been involved in the automotive industry for many years in many roles, whether as a representative of the Company in negotiations or as an advisor to public policy makers and others. He has demonstrated an unwavering commitment to the best interests of the Company since its early days, and a commitment to integrity, leadership and promoting and protecting the interests of the Company's most important asset, its people. Over the recent past, Mr. Wildeboer, together with Mr. D'Eramo, the Directors and the rest of the leadership team, worked tirelessly and steered the Company through the COVID-19 pandemic, the related semi-conductor chip shortage, which had an unprecedented impact on the automotive industry, and resulting supply chain, inflationary and other macroeconomic challenges. Mr. Wildeboer is currently heavily involved in trade and tariff discussions, particularly focused on North America and the USMCA, or United States Mexico Canada free trade agreement. In 2014, Mr. Wildeboer was also heavily involved in the succession planning process for a new President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, who would work with him to lead the Company in the pursuit of its vision and mission. Mr. Wildeboer has maintained a 100% attendance record as an active participant at all Board meetings since the inception of the Company. Mr. Wildeboer also brings a deep experience in board and committee work, and corporate governance, from a variety of public and private sector sources, as well as his background as a lawyer and executive. **The CGNC believes Mr. Wildeboer is a diligent director, as well as a responsible steward of the Company and, accordingly, recommends that shareholders vote FOR Mr. Wildeboer's re-election.**



Pat D'Eramo, 62, resides in Caryville, Tennessee, USA. He joined the Company as Chief Executive Officer in November, 2014 and was elected to the Board of Directors in June, 2015. Mr. D'Eramo has had a long and successful career in the automotive business, with extensive metalforming and parts manufacturing experience. Prior to joining the Company, he was the President of Dana Corporation's Commercial Vehicle Technology group, leading the global heavy truck driveline business, with presence in the Americas, Europe, India, Australia and a major joint venture in China. Previously, he was the Chief Manufacturing Officer, Asia Pacific and North America for Benteler Automotive, an international automotive metalforming company. He also served as President North America where he was responsible for manufacturing, engineering, purchasing, logistics, sales and business development. From 2001 to 2009, Mr. D'Eramo worked for Toyota, serving as a Vice President of manufacturing after holding several general manager roles. As Vice President, he had responsibility for all vehicle manufacturing operations in Toyota's Georgetown, Kentucky assembly plant, Toyota's second largest facility globally, which earned JD Power quality awards for one of the best facilities for quality in the world. Prior to that, Mr. D'Eramo spent 16

years with General Motors working in a variety of manufacturing positions, including plant manager of GM's metal fabricating division in Oshawa, Ontario and manager of the stamping plant for NUMMI, the joint venture of GM and Toyota. Mr. D'Eramo began his automotive career at Saturn Corporation. Mr. D'Eramo earned a Bachelor of Science degree in mechanical engineering from Michigan State University and a master's degree in manufacturing management from Kettering University. Mr. D'Eramo also completed the Toyota Executive Development Program through The Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania. He also sits on the Board of the Motor & Equipment Manufacturers Association (MEMA) in the U.S., is a member of the Center for Automotive Diversity, Inclusion and Advancement (CADIA) CEO Coalition for Change and, most recently, was named Vice-Chair of the US-Mexico Economic Council ("USMXECO") at the U.S. Chamber of Commerce.

CGNC's Recommendation of Mr. D'Eramo

Mr. D'Eramo is a management representative on the Board. He brings a deep and intricate knowledge of the automotive industry to the Board, and, as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, has full responsibility for the day-to-day operations of the Company's business in accordance with its strategic plan as approved by the Board. See Schedule "H", "Position Description for the Chief Executive Officer". He, along with the Executive Chairman, has the responsibility to lead the Company to fulfill its vision, to achieve its mission, and to operate the business in accordance with its guiding principles. Over the recent past, Mr. D'Eramo, together with Mr. Wildeboer, the Directors and the rest of the leadership team, worked tirelessly and steered the Company through the COVID-19 pandemic, including the related semi-conductor chip shortage, which had an unprecedented impact on the automotive industry, and resulting supply chain, inflationary and other macroeconomic challenges. Mr. D'Eramo is currently heavily involved in trade and tariff discussions, particularly focused on North America and the renewal of the USMCA, or United States Mexico Canada free trade agreement. Since joining the Company, Mr. D'Eramo has attended and has been an active, effective and engaged participant in all Board meetings. He is also intimately familiar with the Company's operations, personnel, customers and overall business. **The CGNC believes that Mr. D'Eramo is a diligent director, as well as a responsible steward of the Company and, accordingly, recommends that shareholders vote FOR Mr. D'Eramo's re-election.**



Ildefonso Guajardo Villarreal, 68, resides in Monterrey and Mexico City. For more than three decades, Mr. Guajardo Villarreal served in various public positions in Mexico of high relevance, specializing in international trade, trade negotiations, economic competition, industrial policy and regulatory reform. Mr. Guajardo Villarreal began his career as Chief Economist of Section Brazil and Associate Economist in the Fiscal Affairs Department at the International Monetary Fund. Subsequently, he was appointed Director of the NAFTA office at the Embassy of Mexico in Washington, DC. Throughout his career, Mr. Guajardo Villarreal held several senior management positions at the Federal and State Public Administration (Secretary of Tourism, Chief Clerk of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Head of the Office of the Governor of Nuevo Leon, among others) and, in the legislative branch, he served twice as federal deputy (LVIII and LXI legislatures), and at home in the state of Nuevo Leon. In

December 2012, Mr. Guajardo Villarreal was appointed (from 2012-2018) as Secretary of Economy, a position in which he coordinated the design and implementation of industrial policy, foreign trade, support for small and medium enterprises, mercantile regulations, mining, regulatory reform, industrial property and consumer protection. As leader of the Mexican trade negotiation team, Mr. Guajardo Villarreal led multiple trade negotiations such as the modernizations of the Mexico-US-Canada Treaty (T-MEC, before NAFTA), the Free Trade Agreement between Mexico and the Union European Agreement (FTA), and the negotiation of the Comprehensive Treaty and Progressive Trans-Pacific Partnership (CPTPP, for its acronym in English) and Alliance Pacific (AP). Mr. Guajardo Villarreal earned a BA in Economics from the Autonomous University of Nuevo Leon, as well as a Masters in Economics from Arizona State University and he conducted doctoral studies in Public Finance and Economics at the University of Pennsylvania. Most recently, Mr. Guajardo Villarreal served as congressman in the LXV Mexican Legislature, as Deputy Chairman of the Economics, Trade and Competitiveness Commission, as a member of the Commissions on Foreign Affairs and Finance and also chaired the Mexico - Canada Parliamentary Group. He is also a private consultant.

CGNC's Recommendation for Mr. Guajardo Villarreal

Mr. Guajardo Villarreal brings to the Board a broad range of economic, legislative, trade and political experience. Mr. Guajardo Villarreal has been involved in the automotive industry, the leading industry in Mexico, for many years, as a regulator and advocate. He was directly involved in the negotiation of the USMCA, the most important trade agreement impacting the Company's business. Mr. Guajardo Villarreal also brings to the Board a vast degree of knowledge and insight of Mexico, the country which employs more Martinrea employees than any other. **The CGNC believes that Mr. Guajardo Villarreal will be a diligent independent director, as well as a responsible steward of the Company and, accordingly, recommends that the shareholders vote FOR Mr. Guajardo Villarreal's election.**



Terry Lyons, 75, resides in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. Mr. Lyons has over 48 years of experience in the development, financing and management of natural resource, manufacturing, real estate and merchant banking companies. He is a member of the Institute of Corporate Directors. Mr. Lyons is a retired public company executive and is currently an Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee, and Chairman of the Risk Committee, of Canaccord Genuity Group Inc., and a Director of Badlands Resources Inc. Mr. Lyons was formerly a Managing Partner of Brookfield Asset Management and President and Managing Partner of B.C. Pacific Capital Corporation, past Chairman of Polaris Materials Corporation, past Chairman of Northgate Minerals Corporation, and past Chairman of Eacom Timber Corporation which was sold to a private equity firm. He was previously a Director of the B.C. Pavilion Corporation (Pavco), Chairman of Westmin Mining and Vice Chairman of Battle Mountain Gold. Mr. Lyons has been active in Junior Achievement, the United Way, Special Olympics and other charitable and sports organizations. He is past Chairman of the Mining Association of B.C., past Co-Chairman of the B.C. Business Hall of Fame, a past Governor and Member of the Executive Committee of the B.C. Business Council, a past Governor of the Olympic Foundation of Canada, former Chairman of Sport B.C., a past President of Shaughnessy Golf and Country Club and a past member of the B.C. Board of the Institute of Corporate Directors and is a Member Emeritus of the Advisory Board of the Richard Ivey School of Business at Western University. In 2007, Mr. Lyons was awarded the Inco Medal by the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy for distinguished service to the mining industry. Mr. Lyons is a Civil Engineer (UBC) with an MBA from Western University. Mr. Lyons is Chair of the Audit Committee and a member of the CGNC. In addition to the committees he currently serves on, he has been a member of the Compensation Committee.

CGNC's Recommendation of Mr. Lyons

Mr. Lyons brings to the Board a broad range of operational, financial and governance experience. He is a specialist in corporate governance with his involvement in the Institute of Corporate Directors and his board experience with a governance focus, whether as a chairman of the board, lead director or chair of audit or governance committees. He has significant large company experience and also broad international exposure, working with companies with international operations. He also has a deep understanding of the capital markets, whether debt or equity, and audit committee work, including risk. Mr. Lyons joined the Board of Directors in early 2014 upon recommendation of the CGNC, after consultation with several advisors and shareholders, and held the position of Chair of the CGNC until 2019. Mr. Lyons has been an active, effective and engaged participant in all Board and committee meetings, and has been busy with the affairs of the Company, including, as previous Chair of the CGNC, working with other Board members, focusing on the constitution of the board, and now using his financial expertise as Chair of the Audit Committee. **The CGNC believes that Mr. Lyons is a diligent independent director, as well as a responsible steward of the Company and, accordingly, recommends that shareholders vote FOR Mr. Lyons' re-election.**



Maureen Midgley, 65, resides in St. Louis, Missouri, USA. Ms. Midgley, who joined the Board in January, 2023, was Global Vice President at Amazon from 2015 until 2022, where she led Engineering Design, Advanced Technology, Real Estate, IT, Lean Deployment, Amazon Robotics, Fulfillment Technology and North American Operations. In her role she developed the teams and leaders as Amazon consumer sales increased over 30% annually, growing the global footprint of fulfillment and distribution centres from near 100 to over 1,000. Prior to Amazon, Ms. Midgley served as Senior Vice President of Global Manufacturing Engineering and Lean Enterprise at Henkel Corporation from 2013 to 2015. Her team supported 140 adhesive and coatings manufacturing plants around the world. Prior to that, for over 30 years, Ms. Midgley worked for General Motors, at multiple levels of operations management and manufacturing engineering in seven assembly and fabricating plants, including plant manager of General Motor's EV1 (an electric vehicle) and the Lordstown Ohio Complex. Multiple HQ assignments in Paint Engineering culminated in her position as Executive Director of Global Paint and Polymer Engineering supporting 85 facilities across 35 countries.

Ms. Midgley has served on numerous non-profit boards, and is currently a board director for an augmented reality technology start up. She is an Athena award recipient, and has been recognized over multiple years as one of the top 100 women in the automotive industry. She holds a Bachelor of Science in Chemical Engineering from Missouri University of Science and Technology (Missouri S&T), a Master of Science in Manufacturing and Engineering Management from Kettering University, and a Masters of Science in Environmental Science from Green Mountain College. She has received honorary doctorates from Youngstown State University in Business and Management and from Missouri S&T in Engineering. She is a member and past president of the Academy of Chemical Engineers from Missouri S&T. She completed a two year Senior Executive Program – Asia Pacific from Harvard Business School.

CGNC's Recommendation of Ms. Midgley

Ms. Midgley brings to the board a deep, intimate knowledge of the automotive industry, including customer and supplier experience. She has vast experience in manufacturing, engineering and supply chain which adds tremendous value to the Company. Ms. Midgley also has significant OEM experience, understands the supplier perspective, and helped to grow and run one of the most complex worldwide logistics companies. She has led and grown one of the largest software technology teams in the logistics industry and led post-acquisition Amazon's Robotics division (formerly Kiva). She has significant large company experience, including strategy, leadership of senior executives and compensation experience, broad international exposure, and experience with sustainability issues, including emerging market supply chains, designs to reduce volatile organic compounds in the automotive paint industry, and packaging. Since her appointment to the Board in January 2023, Ms. Midgley has been an active, effective and engaged participant in all Board and Committee meetings, and has been busy with the affairs of the Company. Ms. Midgley is a member of the Company's Compensation Committee. **The CGNC believes that Ms. Midgley is a diligent independent director, as well as a responsible steward of the Company and, accordingly, recommends that shareholders vote FOR Ms. Midgley's election.**



Fred Olson, 78, resides in Rochester Hills, Michigan, USA. Until the end of 2007, he was the President and Chief Executive Officer of Webasto Roof Systems Inc. and until June, 2009, was the President of Webasto Product North America, the North American subsidiary of Webasto AG of Stockdorf, Germany. Webasto is a worldwide leader in developing and manufacturing innovative roof and thermo systems for passenger cars and light truck vehicles. Mr. Olson was responsible for all car and truck platforms produced in the United States, Canada and Mexico. Prior to July 2000, Mr. Olson was Vice President, Operations and Chief Operating Officer of Webasto Sunroofs, Inc., which was a joint venture between Webasto AG and Magna International Inc. In July, 2000, Webasto AG purchased Magna's 50% share in Webasto Sunroofs, Inc. Prior to that, Mr. Olson held a variety of senior management positions with increasing responsibility with several leading automotive manufacturers, including Dortec Industries, TRW, Chrysler and American Motors. Mr. Olson is a past member of the Board of Directors for three of the operating companies within Webasto. He has operated a casting facility as a general manager, experience relevant to the business of the Company's aluminium products subsidiary, where Mr. Olson sits on the board and routinely visits its operations. Mr. Olson has a BBA from Lambton College. He completed the Directors Education Program from the

Institute of Corporate Directors which is provided by the Rotman School of Management at the University of Toronto in 2011. Mr. Olson is the Lead Director and a member of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and CGNC.

CGNC's Recommendation of Mr. Olson

Mr. Olson brings to the Board a deep, intimate knowledge of the automotive and automotive supplier industry, having over 45 years' experience in a variety of operational and executive roles with several major automotive supplier companies that are leaders in their product areas, and at Chrysler, now Stellantis (formerly FCA), one of the Company's largest customers. In addition to his automotive experience, Mr. Olson brings to the Board experience in governance, executive compensation and health and safety matters and also has large company experience. Mr. Olson has been a board member for many years, and Lead Director for many years, and has an intimate knowledge of the history of the Company and its development. He has been involved in the review of every acquisition made by the Company since mid-2002, including the review of operational due diligence, and provides his expertise as a director of Martinrea Honsel. Mr. Olson has been very involved with the work of the Board. He has been an active, effective and engaged participant in all Board and committee meetings, and has been busy with the affairs of the Company. **The CGNC believes that Mr. Olson is a diligent independent director, as well as a responsible steward of the Company and, accordingly, recommends that shareholders vote FOR Mr. Olson's re-election.**



Hon. Sandra Pupatello, 62, resides in Windsor, Ontario, Canada. She was elected as a director at the Company's annual general and special meeting in 2014. Ms. Pupatello is President of Canadian International Avenues Ltd., a management consulting firm. In March 2025, Ms. Pupatello was appointed to the Senate of Canada. She spent five years as a Strategic Advisor (Industry, Global Markets and Public Sector) for PricewaterhouseCoopers Canada. She was also past Chair of Hydro One, the Province of Ontario's crown corporation responsible for electrical transmission, which is Canada's largest transmission company, from 2014 to 2015. She was previously also the Chief Executive Officer of the Economic Development Corporation of Windsor and Essex County. Ms. Pupatello served as a member of the provincial parliament of the Province of Ontario for 16 years, including leadership roles as a Member of the Premier's Executive of Cabinet. In 2003, she was appointed to cabinet as Minister of Community and Social Services with responsibility for Women's Issues. From 2003 to 2007 she served as Vice-Chair of the Treasury Board for the Government of Ontario. She was the Ontario Minister of Economic Development & Trade from 2006 to 2011 and Ontario's Chief Investment Officer, her agency being awarded the top ranking in North America for economic development and for foreign direct investment in 2011. In this role, Ms. Pupatello was a leading advocate for, as well as participant in, the Canadian automotive industry, and was a member of the Canadian Automotive Partnership Council (CAPC). In 2008 and 2009, as Minister, she was heavily involved in providing assistance from the Government of Ontario to General Motors and Chrysler in order for them to continue operations. As Minister, she has signed strategic trade and sectoral investment cooperation agreements in important global markets including China, the European Union, Mexico and Brazil, all markets in which the Company operates. Ms. Pupatello was previously the Minister of Education and Minister of Community & Social Services for the Province of Ontario. In 2012, Ms. Pupatello was appointed by the federal government of Canada to review Canada's aeronautical and space industry and programs affiliated with it, which report was tabled publicly in December 2012. She holds a B.A. (Hons) from the University of Windsor, has an Honourary Doctorate of Laws from the University of Windsor and has won multiple awards for her public service and leadership. She has also completed the Directors Education Program from the Institute of Corporate Directors which is provided by the Rotman School of Management at the University of Toronto in 2012. She was a member of the National Council of the C.D. Howe Institute, a think tank that focuses primarily on national economic matters and was on the Board of the Toronto Port Authority, and served as Chair of the Board. Ms. Pupatello was a co-founder of Reshoring Canada, an organization that studies and advocates improvements to industrial supply chains. Ms. Pupatello is Chair of the CGNC and a member of the Audit Committee. In addition to the committees she currently serves on, she has been a member of the Compensation Committee.

CGNC's Recommendation of Ms. Pupatello

Ms. Pupatello brings to the Board a deep knowledge of the political sector and has been involved in the automotive industry, as a regulator, an investor of public funds and an advocate for many years. She has worked with every leading automotive and automotive parts company in the Province of Ontario and has encouraged and negotiated investments by GM, Ford, Chrysler, Honda and Toyota, all customers of the Company. In addition to her other areas of experience, she has broad experience in other government roles as well, and brings to the Board great international experience, having led investment and trade missions to industrial capitals on five continents. She has been an active, effective and engaged participant in all Board and committee meetings, and has been very busy with the affairs of the Company, including holding a leadership position as Chair of the CGNC and, most recently as member of the Audit Committee, working with other Board members, focusing on the constitution of the Board. **The CGNC believes that Ms. Pupatello is a diligent independent director, as well as a responsible steward of the Company and, accordingly, recommends that shareholders vote FOR Ms. Pupatello's re-election.**



David Schoch, 74, resides in Williamsburg, Virginia, USA. Mr. Schoch has over 40 years of experience as a recognized leader in the automotive industry with an outstanding record of transformation and growth. Throughout his career, Mr. Schoch served in global business and finance leadership positions at Ford Motor Company in Asia Pacific, Europe, Africa, Central/South America and North America. Prior to his retirement in late 2017, he served as Group Vice President and President, Asia Pacific, and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Ford China. Mr. Schoch has extensive board experience having served with many Ford subsidiaries and joint ventures, and currently sits as a trustee of the Ford Motor Company Fund, Lycoming College and the Dean's Council of the Fox School of Business at Temple University. Operationally, Mr. Schoch built and expanded assembly plants and grew businesses all over the world; oversaw joint venture operations in many countries; managed restructurings; and led businesses with revenues of up to \$30 billion and responsible for over 20,000 employees. Mr. Schoch was the Chief Financial Officer of Ford in the Americas from 2009-2011. He served as Executive Director for Ford's operations in Canada, Mexico and South America, and was Chief Financial Officer and VP Finance and Strategic Planning for Ford Europe. Before joining Ford Europe, Mr. Schoch was Chief Financial Officer of Ford's Asia Pacific Operations. Mr. Schoch's extensive global experience also includes senior leadership positions in South America and South Africa. Mr. Schoch continues to serve on several public, private and non-profit boards, along with guest lecturing on global leadership at several universities. Mr. Schoch holds a BA in Business from Lycoming College in Williamsport, Pennsylvania and an MBA from Temple University, Fox School of Business, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Mr. Schoch is currently a member of the Audit Committee and Chair of the Compensation Committee of the Company. In addition to the committees he currently serves on, he has also been a member of the CGNC.

CGNC's Recommendation of Mr. Schoch

Mr. Schoch brings to the Board a deep and intricate knowledge of the automotive industry, financial, operational, public company chief financial officer and senior executive experience, as well as knowledge of global markets. Mr. Schoch was appointed to the Board of Directors in August, 2018 upon recommendation of the CGNC given his automotive and other experience. Mr. Schoch has been an active, effective and engaged participant in all Board and committee meetings, and has been busy with the affairs of the Company, including as current member of the Audit Committee and Chair of the Compensation Committee. **The CGNC believes that Mr. Schoch is a diligent independent director, as well as a responsible steward of the Company and, accordingly, recommends that shareholders vote FOR Mr. Schoch's re-election.**



Molly Shoichet, 59, resides in Toronto, Ontario, Canada. She was elected as a director at the Company's annual general meeting in 2019. Dr. Shoichet has been on the faculty at the Department of Chemical Engineering and Applied Chemistry at the University of Toronto since 1995. Dr. Shoichet has published over 850 papers, patents and abstracts and has given over 600 lectures worldwide. She currently leads a laboratory of 30 and has graduated 270 researchers. Her research is focused on drug and cell delivery strategies in the central nervous system (brain, spinal cord, retina) and 3D hydrogel culture systems to model cancer. Dr. Shoichet is currently serving as a director of MaRS, reflecting her passions for technology and innovation. Dr. Shoichet has co-founded four companies relating to her patented research, serving as a director and/or officer, and raising financing for each company. She is currently

Director and co-Founder of AmacaThera Inc. and Synakis Corp. She is also actively engaged in translational research, science outreach and community service. She served as Ontario's first Chief Scientist in 2018 where she worked to enhance the culture of science. From 2007 to 2013, she was a member of the Science, Technology and Innovation Council (STIC) which provided strategic advice to the Prime Minister of Canada and the Federal Minister of Industry. From 2009-2015, she served as a director of Ontario Centres of Excellence. From 2006-2008, she was a member of the Ontario Research and Innovation Council (ORIC) which provided strategic advice to the Premier of Ontario and the Ministry of Research and Innovation on the Innovation economy. She has established the Dorothy Shoichet Women Faculty in Excellence Award, University of Toronto. Dr. Shoichet is the recipient of many prestigious distinctions and the first person to be inducted into all three of Canada's National Academies of Science, Engineering and Health Sciences. In 2018, Dr. Shoichet was inducted as an Officer of the Order of Canada and, in 2011, she was awarded the Order of Ontario. In 2012, she received the Queen Elizabeth II Diamond Jubilee Medal in recognition of her contributions to Canada. In 2014, Dr. Shoichet received the University of Toronto's highest distinction, University Professor, which is held by less than 2% of the faculty. Dr. Shoichet was the L'Oreal-UNESCO For Women in Science Laureate for North America in 2015, elected Foreign Member of the US National Academy of Engineering in 2016, won the Killam Prize in Engineering in 2017, and elected Foreign Fellow of the UK Royal Society in 2019. Dr. Shoichet won the top prize in science in Canada in 2020 – the NSERC Herzberg gold medal; and one of the top prizes in medicine in 2020 – the Margolese Brain Disorder Prize. In 2023, Dr. Shoichet was elected Fellow of the US National Academy of Inventors. Dr. Shoichet received her SB from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (1987) and her PhD from the University of Massachusetts, Amherst in Polymer Science and Engineering (1992). Dr. Shoichet is a member of the Compensation Committee.

CGNC's Recommendation of Dr. Shoichet

Dr. Shoichet brings to the Board a deep knowledge of science, technology and innovation, previous board, corporate and public policy experience and an entrepreneurial spirit. She brings a unique perspective to the Board, building on her interdisciplinary research at the intersection of engineering, science and medicine where she is able to bring diverse groups together to solve common problems. Having started four companies and provided strategic advice to federal and provincial governments, Dr. Shoichet understands the importance of good governance. She has been an active, effective and engaged participant in all Board and Committee meetings, and has been busy with the affairs of the Company including as current member of the Compensation Committee. **The CGNC believes that Dr. Shoichet is a diligent independent director, as well as a responsible steward of the Company and, accordingly, recommends that shareholders vote FOR Dr. Shoichet's re-election.**



Edward Waitzer, 71, resides in Toronto, Ontario, Canada. Mr. Waitzer, who joined the Board in March 2021, practised law with Stikeman Elliott LLP for almost four decades (retiring from the firm in January 2021), including as head of the firm's New York office and as Chair of the firm. His practice focused on complex business transactions and advising in respect of various public policy and governance matters. Mr. Waitzer is former Chair of the Ontario Securities Commission and former Vice President, Listings and Distributions of the Toronto Stock Exchange. He served as a public director of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and was a founding director of the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board. He was special advisor to the Chilean Superintendent of Insurance and Securities and President of the Canada-Chile Business Council. Mr. Waitzer is an experienced director, having served on many public, private, charitable and government boards, including Chair of the Liquor Control Board of Ontario, Vice Chair of Sociedad Quimica y Minera de Chile (SQM) and a director of Trimark Financial Corporation and the Toronto Foundation. He currently serves as a director Colliers International Group Inc. (provider of outsourcing, advisory, brokerage and investment management services) and of Cymbria Corporation (an investment company). Until his retirement, he was a professor and Director of the Hennick Centre for Business and Law and is the Jarislowsky Dimma Mooney Chair Emeritus in Corporate Governance at Osgoode Hall Law School and the Schulich School of Business. Mr. Waitzer has been extensively published in popular media, academic journals and other publications on a variety of issues, including corporate governance and responsible corporate behaviour. He continues to practise law at Waitzer Professional Corporation. Mr. Waitzer is a member of the CGNC.

CGNC's Recommendation of Mr. Waitzer

Mr. Waitzer brings to the Board a deep knowledge of legal, regulatory and corporate governance issues, mergers and acquisitions and sustainability issues. Mr. Waitzer also has significant automotive industry knowledge,

having represented several automotive industry participants over many years. He also has a deep understanding of the capital markets and risk. Since his appointment to the Board in March 2021, Mr. Waitzer has been an active, effective and engaged participant in all Board and Committee meetings, and has been busy with the affairs of the Company. He is also a member of the CGNC. **The CGNC believes that Mr. Waitzer is a diligent independent director, as well as a responsible steward of the Company and, accordingly, recommends that shareholders vote FOR Mr. Waitzer’s re-election.**

Director and Senior Executive Ownership of Shares and Deferred Share Units, Restricted Share Units and Performance Share Units

Each of the directors of the Company is required to own Common Shares or share equivalents within a period of time, as described below.

In May 2013, to promote shareholder alignment, the directors adopted a Director Share Ownership Policy, which requires that each director hold no less than three times the then director’s annual retainer in Common Shares, such shares to be acquired within five years from the later of the policy’s introduction in May 2013 or the date upon which a director joins the Board. With changes in the Company’s approach to director compensation in 2016 (see “Director Compensation”), the Company increased the threshold level to three times the base cash retainer, or \$300,000. In 2016, the directors adopted a Deferred Share Unit (“DSU”) Plan (the “DSU Plan”) and adopted a policy, effective January 1, 2016 (see “Director Compensation”), requiring that at least 50% of a director’s annual retainer is to be paid in DSUs. DSUs are counted towards the Director Share Ownership Policy. In determining whether each director meets the requirements of the Director Share Ownership Policy, the greater of cost or current fair market value of the Common Shares is used. For DSUs the greater of the value on the grant date or current fair market value is used. As of the date of this Management Information Circular, each of the directors of the Company meets or has time remaining to meet the requirements of the Director Share Ownership Policy. As management members of the Board, Mr. Wildeboer and Mr. D’Eramo are required to adhere to the Executive Share Ownership Policy. Please see the section entitled “Executive Share Ownership Policy” under “Executive Compensation” in this Management Information Circular for further details.

The following table sets out the number of Common Shares, DSUs, RSUs and PSUs held by director nominees as at May 2, 2025.

Director	Director Since	Shares⁽¹⁾	DSUs, RSUs and PSUs	Total Shares and Share Units	Total at Risk Value of Shares and Share Units⁽²⁾	Meets Requirement
Pat D’Eramo	June 11, 2015	301,250	518,275 ⁽³⁾	819,525	6,343,124	Yes
Ildefonso Guajardo Villarreal	Director Nominee	-	-	-	-	Yes
Terry Lyons	February 1, 2014	40,599	104,951	145,550	1,126,557	Yes
Maureen Midgley	January 1, 2023	-	35,502	35,502	274,785	Yes
Fred Olson	June 27, 2002	23,707	104,951	128,658	995,813	Yes
Hon. Sandra Pupatello	June 19, 2014	24,000	104,951	128,951	998,081	Yes
David Schoch	August 8, 2018	43,100	108,885	151,985	1,176,364	Yes
Molly Shoichet	June 11, 2019	-	70,305	70,305	544,161	Yes
Edward Waitzer	March 4, 2021	45,000	79,346	124,346	962,438	Yes
Rob Wildeboer	September 10, 1996	580,700	575,283 ⁽³⁾	1,155,983	8,947,308	Yes

(1) The number of Common Shares owned by each director nominee, not being within the knowledge of the Company, has been furnished by the nominees.

(2) The “Total at Risk Value of Shares and Share Units” is based on the closing price of the Common Shares as of May 2, 2025 of \$7.74 per Common Share multiplied by the total shares and Share Units outstanding.

(3) Represents Messrs. Wildeboer and D’Eramo’s DSUs, RSUs and PSUs, including any granted in 2025 as at May 2, 2025, and assumes PSU (at target) and all RSUs and PSUs are fully vested.

As at May 2, 2025, the directors and senior officers of the Company as a group, directly and indirectly, beneficially own or exercise control or direction over 1,667,325 Common Shares, representing approximately 2.29% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares. In addition, directors and certain eligible employees hold options to acquire Common Shares, certain eligible employees hold RSUs and PSUs, and independent directors and several senior executives hold DSUs. In total the Company has 2,070,000 options, 1,163,969 RSUs, 920,891 PSUs and 1,188,705 DSUs held by such parties and other Company employees. Combining the shareholdings of directors and eligible employees of the Company with these outstanding equity based securities, the portion of equity of the Company (including these outstanding equity based securities) held by such persons is approximately 8.97%.

None of the proposed directors:

- (a) is, as at the date of the Management Information Circular, or has been, within 10 years before the date of the Management Information Circular, a director or chief executive officer or chief financial officer of any company (including the Company) that, while that person was acting in that capacity,
 - (i) was the subject of an order (as defined in National Instrument 51-102F5) that was issued while the proposed director was acting in the capacity as director, chief executive officer or chief financial officer; or
 - (ii) was subject to an order that was issued after the proposed director ceased to be a director, chief executive officer, or chief financial officer, and which resulted from an event that occurred while that person was acting in the capacity as a director, chief executive officer, or chief financial officer; or
- (b) is at the date hereof, or has been within 10 years before the date of this Management Information Circular, a director or executive officer of any company (including the Company) that while that person was acting in that capacity, or within a year of that person ceasing to act in that capacity, became bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or was subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold its assets; or
- (c) has, within the 10 years before this Management Information Circular, become bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency, or become subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors, or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold the assets of the proposed director.

The information as to cease trade orders and bankruptcies, not being within the knowledge of the Company, has been furnished by the directors and executive officers, respectively.

SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS

The Board of Directors oversees the Company's strategy and risk management processes, which includes ensuring the Company has a good corporate culture, strong governance structure, and other elements of a sustainable business. We believe good corporate governance is an integral part of the long-term sustainability of a business enterprise.

The Company has defined "Sustainability" in its Sustainability Report broadly to include long-term economic performance (recognizing profitability is required to run a business over the long-term), environmental issues (such as climate-related issues including compliance and reducing its carbon footprint), employment practices (such as occupational health and safety, diversity, equity and inclusion, human resources, and human rights), and governance practices. The Board views sustainability as a source of competitive advantage and oversees the Company's overall approach and actions to identify opportunities and identify, monitor and mitigate material risk exposures.

The Company's vision for the future is: Making lives better by being the best supplier we can be in the products we make and the services we provide. The Company's mission is Making People's Lives Better by: (i) delivering outstanding quality products and services to our customers; (ii) providing meaningful opportunity, job satisfaction and job security for our people; (iii) providing superior long term investment returns to our stakeholders; and (iv) being positive contributors to our communities. The Board has responsibility to support both the Company's vision and mission.

The Company is built on strong values and the Company runs its business in a socially responsible and ethical manner, by respecting the environment, respecting the law, supporting universal human rights and contributing to communities around the world.

Since the Company's inception, the Company has implemented labour and environmental policies and practices that address these important matters, including policies promoting fair compensation and work hours, freedom of association and collective bargaining, anti-harassment and discrimination, health and safety, community engagement, respect for the environment and policies prohibiting bribery and corruption, and child and forced labour (including from its supply base). The Company assesses and updates its sustainability strategies and environmental policies where possible to meet its own goals for an environmentally and socially responsible company.

The Company's approach to health and safety, diversity and inclusion, environmental sustainability and the like is not formulaic in response to popular trends: it is at the core of the Company's culture to make people's lives better. It is a given that people are to be treated the way we wish to be treated, with dignity and respect. It is foundational that a person has to be safe in our company, physically or emotionally, that prejudice in any form is unacceptable, that opportunity is provided equally to all, and the Company strives to do that every day. It is also foundational that we as a company promote sustainability in all we do in our communities, by respecting the environment (indeed, our lightweighting business can help to reduce emissions and save energy), by supporting good causes in communities, and by being an employer of choice and good corporate citizen. This is what sustainability means to us.

The Company's sustainability policies can be summarized as falling under five general areas which overlap in some respects:

- Culture and Ethics
- Respect for People
- Environmental Sustainability
- Supply Chain Responsibility
- Making People's Lives Better

Governance

As noted above, the Board of Directors oversees the Company's sustainability strategy and has implemented various policies designed to promote good corporate governance and sustainability practices to ensure commitment across its global operations, including the strong governance policies listed under "Governance General Overview" below. The Board of Directors reviews and provides guidance and oversight with regard to major plans of action, risk management policies, setting performance objectives, and overseeing major capital expenditures.

The importance of making demonstrable progress with environmental (including climate), social and governance sustainability goals requires CEO-level engagement and direction to ensure organizational alignment. The Company's sustainability strategy is led by the CEO working with a Sustainability Steering Committee comprised of senior executives overseeing key functions responsible for environmental (including climate), social and governance related sustainability matters. Day-to-day management of the Company's sustainability program is handled by cross-functional teams from across the Company. Activities and goals are included in annual business plans that are reported at CEO staff meetings to ensure progress.

Social

The Company's approach to health and safety and diversity and inclusion is at the core of the Company's culture of making people's lives better. We treat people with dignity and respect. The Company promotes sustainability by setting policies, goals and objectives that endeavor to help it respect the environment and the law, support universal human rights, and contribute to communities around the world. The Company's sustainability efforts include providing a healthy and safe workplace while supporting a diverse, equitable and inclusive environment.

Making lives better for people in communities has been a foundational belief of the Company from the beginning and is directly reflected in the Company's Vision, Mission, and Ten Guiding Principles, as well as in the Company's culture. Martinrea rebranded and unified its charitable initiatives in 2018 under a global charitable giving program called "Making People's Lives Better." The Company's charitable goals include sponsoring tangible projects undertaken by a charity, providing donations for sponsored projects, and encouraging employees to volunteer their time.

The Company has a strong commitment to, and industry leading practices for, workplace health and safety and the prevention of occupational injury and illness; it is core to the principle of making employees' lives better by keeping them safe. The Company's objective is to continuously improve its health and safety performance and to continue to outperform industry standards based on key safety performance indicators.

Environmental

The Company's goal for environmental sustainability is to strive for the responsible use of natural resources and the prevention and reduction of negative environmental impacts like emissions, energy and water consumption, or waste generation.

Addressing climate change is a key corporate strategy, incorporated within the Company's vision and mission of making lives better and serving as a competitive advantage in an industry where customers have increasingly high expectations regarding the sustainability and environmental track records of their suppliers. Strategies to create opportunities to foster climate change sustainability within the automotive industry include developing lightweight materials to help to increase the fuel efficiency of vehicles, which can help to reduce carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions, and investment in technology, such as electric vehicle (EV) battery production using cutting edge materials such as graphene, which can help to improve charging time and driving range.

As a global enterprise, the Company aims to minimize energy waste (and resultant emissions) from its manufacturing operations and has activities in place to increase energy efficiency. In order to promote energy efficiency within its plants, the Company has developed energy reduction targets for each of its Business Units which are aligned with climate-focused principles. Through active energy management practices, the Company is able to calculate its carbon emissions using the Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHG Protocol), an international standard. Its manufacturing processes rely heavily on natural gas and electricity usage as its primary energy sources, and thus they make up the majority of the Company's Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions, respectively. The Company recognizes Scope 3 emissions generally make up the vast majority of a company's overall carbon emissions and is reviewing and/or developing strategies to collect this information in the future.

Sustainability Journey

As noted above, the Company operates in the automotive industry and produces products that can help to reduce fuel consumption and GHG emissions through its lightweighting business and has many sustainable policies and practices in place given its strong culture. A summary of the Company's sustainability journey over time, and examples of sustainability initiatives adopted include the following:

- In 2011, the Company focused on adding to its lightweighting capabilities by purchasing an interest in Honsel, an aluminum fabricator of lightweight parts. Lightweighting is a key strategy for the Company, as it helps to foster climate change sustainability within the automotive industry by helping to increase the fuel efficiency of vehicles and thereby reducing GHG emissions, and it also can help the Company's customers meet their sustainability goals
- In 2011, the Company developed the first version of its Ten Guiding Principles

- In 2015, the Company adopted the Diversity Policy (see “Diversity and Inclusion Policy” below) and the Diversity Committee was established
- In 2017, the Company increased its focus on Culture, ensuring the Golden Rule culture was cascaded throughout the Company
- In 2017, the Company invested in NanoXplore Inc., a graphene company the Company believes will benefit its lightweighting strategy. One characteristic of graphene is that it adds strength to particular materials, allowing lighter weights while maintaining strength
- In 2018, the Sustainability Steering Committee was established
- In 2018, the Company rebranded its charitable giving as Making Lives Better and revised its Vision and Mission to include Making Lives Better
- In 2019, given the increasing importance of sustainable business practices to the Company, and the related risks and opportunities, the Company engaged a consultant to assist with its sustainability strategy
- In 2020, the Company’s first sustainability report was published
- In 2020 and 2021, the Company commenced the rollout of its sustainability strategy
- In 2021, the Company hired a sustainability expert and implemented formal reporting and targets to track and reduce GHG emissions and energy usage across the Company. The Company implemented a target of 3% reduction in (Scope 1 and 2) GHG emissions from its 2019 baseline by the end of the year 2022, as well as plans to implement future targets for reduction and increased percentages of renewable energy within the Company’s energy mixes, supporting its long-term strategy towards net zero carbon. The Company also improved upon its CDP reporting score
- In 2021, “Leave it Better” was added to the Company’s Ten Guiding Principles
- In 2022, the Company published the 2021 Sustainability Report which included quantitative metrics
- In 2022, the Company introduced an internal Leave It Better award for plants going above and beyond with sustainability initiatives, awarded annually
- In 2023, the Company published its 2022 Sustainability Report, which highlights notable achievements the Company made regarding its ESG practices, including setting a target to reduce the Company’s carbon emissions by 35% by 2035, reporting on its previously set targets with the addition of landfill waste reduction targets, and that the Company had received a PACE award for its Brakelines with GrapheneGuard™, which marks the first use of graphene in an automotive brakeline application
- In 2024 and 2025, the Company published its Sustainability Reports for the 2023 and 2024 fiscal years, highlighting notable achievements the Company made in its ESG practices
- The Company values diversity in its board, including diversity of experience, skill, gender and geographical representation. The Company continued to achieve greater gender diversity on its board with the addition of three women as independent directors in 2014, 2019 and 2023. In 2024, over 30% of board members were female
- In 2025, the nomination of Mr. Guajardo Villarreal to our Board reflects Martinrea’s commitment to building a diverse team with a global perspective. With his extensive experience and background from Mexico, where Martinrea has more employees than any other country in which it operates, he brings valuable international insight that will help to strengthen our Board’s decision-making capabilities
- From 2015, and continuing, the Company continues to focus on building and embedding diversity, equity and inclusion in its golden rule culture based on treating people the way you want to be treated, with dignity and respect, with a specific focus on increasing women in leadership positions within the Company and attracting women to the automotive industry, which also helps to address talent shortages in the industry
- The Company continued to improve health and safety to maintain industry leading practices
- In addition to the foregoing, over the last decade, the Company continued to expand and refine its corporate governance policies (see “Corporate Governance” below).

Sustainability Report

The Company's Sustainability Report aims to provide its stakeholders with a better understanding of how it approaches the creation of sustainable, long-term value and its management of sustainability-related risks. The Sustainability Report outlines the Company's priorities.

The Sustainability Report has also been structured to align with the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) framework, where possible. The Company also reports annually to the CDP (formerly known as the Carbon Disclosure Project) reporting framework (using the Greenhouse Gas Protocol) (the CDP is also aligned to the TCFD) and provides sustainability reporting to its customers and investors, upon request. The United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are a call for action to promote prosperity while protecting the planet. The SDGs address the global challenges we face, including those related to poverty, inequality, climate change, environmental degradation, peace, and justice, while supporting strategies for building economic growth. The Company has also identified eight SDGs most directly relating to the Company's business which are outlined in the Sustainability Report.

A more detailed discussion on the Company's sustainable business practices is contained in the Company's Annual Information Form dated March 6, 2025 and the Company's 2024 Sustainability Report, which can be found on the Company's profile at www.sedarplus.ca and at www.martinrea.com.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Governance General Overview

The Board of Directors is committed to fostering a healthy governance culture at the Company. The Company believes that a healthy governance culture requires that directors be informed of both internal corporate and external developments that may affect the business and affairs of the Company and that an atmosphere of open communication, trust, candour, healthy debate and constructive dissent be part of the corporate decision making and directorial oversight process.

Although mindful of evolving views with respect to governance issues and incorporating those governance issues that the Board determines to be in the best interests of the Company into its governance practices, the Board believes that mere formulaic or structural approaches to corporate governance issues, such as numerical guidelines for outside directors, number of directors, director age, number of committees, director incentive programs, number of formal meetings, and similar requirements are not themselves sufficient and, in some cases, not particularly helpful in ensuring that the board of directors of a public company fulfils its mandate of properly supervising the management of the Company, addressing potential conflict of interest situations and, in general, representing the interests of shareholders to encourage what they ultimately want, namely, good and proper corporate performance. Directors have statutory and fiduciary obligations to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company. They also have a duty of care in making decisions, including to be properly informed so they can perform the tasks their position entails. The Board of Directors demands that these standards are met by its members at all times. The Board's authority is exercised in accordance with the law: (i) the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario); (ii) the Company's articles of incorporation and by-laws; (iii) the Company's Code of Ethics and Business Conduct (the "Code of Conduct"); (iv) the charters of the Board and the Board committees; and (v) other applicable laws and regulations including those of the Canadian Securities Administrators ("CSA") and the TSX (on which the Company's Common Shares are listed).

The Board approves all material decisions that affect the Company and its subsidiaries before they are implemented. The Board delegates to management the authority and responsibility for the day-to-day affairs of the Company and reviews management's performance. The Board expects management to manage the Company in a manner that enhances shareholder value, is consistent with the highest level of integrity and is within the law.

The Company's corporate governance practices are designed to ensure the business and affairs of the Company are effectively managed to promote and enhance shareholder value. The Company believes its Board of Directors, including through participating directly in planning and implementation, has been actively involved in

oversight of the Company's business. Management has been able to draw assistance from individual board members, and seek advice from the Board of Directors as a whole, when circumstances require it.

Over the past several years, both management and the Board of Directors have closely monitored and, where appropriate, responded to Canadian regulatory developments aimed at improving corporate governance, increasing corporate accountability and maximizing the transparency of public company disclosure. The Board seriously considers corporate governance trends, and interests of shareholders directly or as represented by proxy advisory firms when fulfilling its fiduciary obligations, and incorporates those trends it considers to be in the best interests of the Company as a whole. It has also retained outside advisors to assist in various corporate governance considerations.

In the course of making additions of independent directors to the Board, members of the Board, including the Chair of the CGNC and the Chairman, have sought advice from many shareholders and other stakeholders.

Several critical governance practices are outlined below:

- Commitment to the Company's Culture, including Vision, Mission and Ten Guiding Principles, and ethics and compliance
- Active shareholder engagement
- Active Board engagement in, and approval of, strategy
- Board oversight of risk
- Board oversight of sustainability (ESG) related policies and measures
- Strong oversight of management succession planning
- Commitment to best standards of ethics and compliance
- Diverse range of nominee skills, expertise and backgrounds
- Diversity and Inclusion Policy and at least 30% of the Board to be female directors
- Leadership position on a critical committee, the CGNC, is held by a female independent Director
- Annual Say on Pay vote
- Annual individual director election, no slate ballots
- Majority voting policy and prompt disclosure of vote results
- Advance notice by-law
- Lead Director
- 100% of Board committee members are independent, including the committees responsible for succession planning (HRCC and CGNC)
- Independent Directors meet without management
- Committees with full authority to retain independent advisors
- Director orientation and continuing education
- Board evaluation process
- Equity ownership requirements (including no additional options to new independent directors, and a requirement to hold DSUs until no longer on the Board)
- Option plan does not permit option repricing
- Anti-hedging restrictions for directors, officers and employees
- Trading Blackouts

- Claw-back policy
- Financial experts are on the Audit Committee.

The Board supports the Company's culture, as described in its Vision, Mission and Ten Guiding Principles and in the Company's Annual Letter to Shareholders. The Company believes good corporate behaviour ultimately depends on a strong culture characterized by good values, that build trust. Without good values, effective governance is very hard. Absent a strong culture of tolerance and mutual respect, polarization reduces trust. In an environment of mistrust, compliance and governance concerns are more likely to be suppressed or misunderstood. Identifying and addressing problems (and opportunities) as they arise are less likely. Organizational coherence, adaptability and performance all suffer.

Putting culture first means focusing on how people deal with each other both within an organization and with external stakeholders. The key is to treat people the way you would want to be treated: with dignity and mindful of sometimes differing values and expectations, regardless of status, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or political views, but also making sure all employees understand they are expected to adhere to basic precepts of integrity and mutual respect.

The Company believes maintaining a strong, effective corporate culture is more important than most of the "best governance practices" encouraged or required by regulators. It is also increasingly challenging to achieve, in part because it requires sustained effort to "look beyond the law" – ticking boxes on a mandated compliance checklist – and to focus hard on values, relationships and workplace psychology, which are what really matter.

CSA Guidelines

The Board of Directors remains committed to the highest standards of integrity, fiduciary duty, corporate governance and performance and in exercising its business judgment will consider all relevant factors in nominating directors.

National Instrument 58-101 – *Disclosure of Corporate Governance Practices* ("NI 58-101") and National Policy 58-201 – *Corporate Governance Guidelines* (NP 58-201, together with NI 58-101, the "CSA Guidelines") set out a series of guidelines for effective corporate governance.

The CSA Guidelines as well as the evolving best practices in corporate governance, including the requirements of National Instrument 52-110 - *Audit Committees* ("NI 52-110") and changes to executive compensation disclosure, are considered by the Board in the context of the Company's objectives in order to implement the most effective corporate governance policies and practices for the Company. Under NI 52-110, a director is "independent" if he or she has no direct or indirect material relationship with the issuer. A material relationship is a relationship which could, in the view of the Board of Directors, reasonably interfere with the exercise of a director's independent judgment. By reference to NI 52-110, the CSA has established a specific list of material relationships which compromise a director's independence. The Company applies the standards set out in the CSA Guidelines, with a view to apprising investors of the Company's "best practices" approach to responsible corporate governance.

The Company is also subject to the requirements of Canadian provincial securities legislation, including those relating to the certification of financial and other information by the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer; oversight of the Company's external auditors; enhanced independence criteria for audit committee members; the pre-approval of permissible non-audit services to be performed by the Company's external auditors; and the establishment of procedures for the anonymous submission of employee complaints regarding the Company's accounting practices (commonly known as whistleblower procedures).

In its consideration of evolving best practices, among other matters discussed herein, the Company has, over time, adopted the following corporate governance practices:

- adopted and updated the Code of Conduct
- established a confidential procedure for the anonymous submission to the Audit Committee and General Counsel, Chairman or to any anonymous ethics hotline of employee complaints regarding the Company's accounting practices and violations of compliance policies such as the Code of Conduct (the "Whistleblower Policy")
- established policies and procedures for audit committee pre-approval of services provided by the independent auditor ("Independent Auditor Engagement Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures")
- amended and updated the charter for the audit committee (the "Audit Committee Charter"), which prescribes the Audit Committee's Mandate
- updated the charter for the Compensation Committee
- added a charter for a corporate governance and nominating committee, established in 2013
- established a "lead director" position
- in 2013, removed the evergreen feature under the Stock Option Plan and limited the number of options granted to non-executive directors (in 2016 the Company eliminated options grants to non-executive directors)
- in 2013, established equity ownership requirements for members of the Board of Directors as discussed in the section "Election of Directors—Director and Senior Executive Ownership of Shares and Share Units" and for its senior executives as discussed in the section entitled "Executive Share Ownership Policy" under "Executive Compensation"
- ensured that a majority of independent directors sit on the Board of Directors and that all Board committees are comprised exclusively of independent directors
- in 2015, 2016 and 2017 retained outside compensation consultants to assist in reviews of compensation and benchmarking analysis
- in 2016, adopted a DSU Plan (of which for independent directors, a minimum of one-half of the annual retainer is paid in DSUs)
- in 2016, adopted a PRSU Plan for executives
- held in camera sessions at all director and committee meetings, without management present
- encouraged and facilitated attendance of director meetings, such that directors had an exemplary attendance record at Board and committee meetings
- initiated a formal director performance review process
- in 2014, added four independent directors, consulting with many shareholders of the Company in the process, including one female independent director
- in 2014, implemented an Advance Notice By-Law to ensure sufficient notice to shareholders of proposed director nominations
- in 2015, adopted a Diversity Policy and a Majority Voting Policy
- in 2016, introduced an advisory, non-binding vote on the Company's approach to executive compensation

- in 2016, amended the Stock Option Plan to provide that option re-pricing is not permitted
- in 2018, formalized its policy on clawbacks, which allows the Company to recoup bonuses paid to senior executives if there is a restatement of financial results upon which bonuses may have been awarded (the Company previously had an informal clawback policy)
- in 2018, the Board set a goal of having a minimum of 20% of the Board as women within three years (being 33% of the independent directors), and met the goal in 2019 with the addition of one independent female director
- in 2019, reduced the number of members on the Board's standing committees from all directors to a smaller number for each committee given the increase in the size of the Board. All independent members of the Board are invited to attend committee meetings if they wish
- in 2019, Ms. Pupatello assumed a critical leadership position as Chair of the CGNC
- in 2019 and 2020, worked with a consultant to refine the Company's sustainability (ESG) strategy (which commenced rolling out in 2020)
- in 2020, executive compensation was adjusted downward in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and the Company held its first all virtual meeting to protect people during the COVID-19 pandemic
- in 2021, the Company updated and modernized its by-laws to be in line with current standards
- in 2021, the Company hired a sustainability expert to manage the Company's sustainability program
- from 2021 to 2024, the Company offered certain senior executive officers the ability to defer up to 25% of bonus compensation, and increased the eligible bonus deferral amount for the CEO and Executive Chairman to 50% of bonus compensation based on pre-tax profits, in exchange for RSUs, and a combination of PSUs and/or DSUs, as a retention mechanism and to place increasing emphasis on long term compensation
- from 2022 to 2025, the Company published sustainability reports for respective fiscal years, describing the Company's sustainability (ESG) goals and progress towards its targets
- in 2022, the Company committed to increase the percentage of female directors to at least 30% of the Board by the annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2023, and met this goal with the appointment of an independent female director in January, 2023
- in 2025, the nomination of Mr. Guajardo Villarreal to the Board reflects Martinrea's commitment to building a diverse Board with an international perspective. With his extensive experience and background from Mexico, he brings valuable international insight that will help to strengthen the Board's decision-making capabilities
- in the past several years, the Company has emphasized board oversight and knowledge of cyber and AI with an update at every quarterly board meeting.

Further, since 2010, the Board has overseen a succession planning process for certain senior executive positions, as well as the renewal of the Company's Board to ensure a diversity of skills, background and experience by adding: five independent directors from 2013 to 2015, appointing a sixth independent director in 2018 with extensive global automotive experience, including in emerging markets, another independent director in 2019 with extensive experience in science, innovation and technology and in 2021, an independent director with extensive expertise in governance, mergers and acquisitions and sustainability. In early 2023, the Board added a seventh independent director with vast experience in manufacturing, engineering, supply chain and global logistics. In 2025, the Board is recommending adding an eighth independent director with a broad range of economic, legislative, trade and political experience.

For convenience, copies of the Company's Code of Conduct, Board Mandate, Board Chair Mandate, Lead Director Mandate, Compensation Committee Charter, CGNC Charter, Audit Committee Charter and Position Description for the Chief Executive Officer are attached as schedules hereto.

Code of Conduct

In November 2005, the Company approved the Code of Conduct in light of its continued commitment to honesty and integrity in the conduct of its business. The Code of Conduct applies to all its directors, officers and employees, including its Chief Executive Officer, its Chief Financial Officer and all employees of the Company's subsidiaries. The Code of Conduct, as updated, is attached as Schedule "A" hereto, and is also available on the Company's website. The Board and officers of the Company are responsible for ensuring compliance with the Code of Conduct. The Board reviews the Code of Conduct on an annual basis and has delegated supervision of compliance to the Audit Committee, and the appropriate officers of the Company. The Company has adopted a Whistleblower Policy that provides a channel for individuals to express concerns, questions, or observations of misconduct, unethical behaviour, and/or noncompliance directly and anonymously to the Company's General Counsel or Audit Committee Chairman or to anonymous ethics hotlines. The Company has incorporated compliance with the Code of Conduct into its internal controls, monitors compliance on an ongoing basis, and has implemented training to help its employees and executives understand the principles in the Code of Conduct. The Company has in place an Employee Bill of Rights which allows complaints to be made directly to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, without fear of reprisal or retaliation. Complaints are encouraged to be resolved quickly. The Board feels that an open door policy encourages and fosters a culture of ethical conduct within the Company. Furthermore, the Company has in place an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy specifically prohibiting bribery of foreign political officials (in addition to its pre-existing broad prohibition against bribery) and an Anti-Trust Policy prohibiting violation of anti-trust laws.

Mandate of the Board of Directors

The mandate of the Board of Directors is to oversee the management of the business of the Company by the senior officers of the Company and includes the following duties and responsibilities:

1. approving and monitoring the Company's overall strategy;
2. reviewing and approving strategic acquisitions, opportunities, investments, divestitures and alliances;
3. assessing the principal risks inherent to the businesses of the Company;
4. approving the appointment of senior officers, reviewing their performance against objectives approved by the Board of Directors from time to time, and overseeing the compensation policies of the Company;
5. overseeing the creation and implementation of appropriate succession plans for senior management;
6. reviewing the Company's public disclosure policies and practices;
7. reviewing and approving the Company's financial statements and related disclosures and recommendation of the Audit Committee;
8. reviewing and assessing the integrity of the Company's internal controls and management;
9. reviewing and assessing nominees to the Board of Directors on recommendations of the CGNC; and
10. reviewing and monitoring the corporate governance policies and practices of the Company.

A copy of the Board Mandate is attached as Schedule "B" hereto.

Composition and Independence of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is currently comprised of nine (9) members. Since 2013, the Company has continued to fulfill its intention to renew and expand the Board of Directors over time and to increase Board diversity through the addition of one or more independent directors. Currently, of the directors standing for election, the Board will have eight (8) independent directors, including three (3) independent female directors and one (1) new independent director from Mexico. As a result, a total of ten (10) individuals are nominated for election at the Meeting (see also "Diversity and Inclusion Policy").

On an annual basis, the Board of Directors monitors and reviews the relationship of each director with the Company to consider whether or not such director is or remains independent, considering and applying the factors as outlined under the CSA Guidelines and NI 52-110 (which are discussed above). Of the ten (10) proposed directors, eight (8) are considered to be “independent” under the CSA Guidelines and in accordance with NI 52-110. The directors who are considered to be independent are Ildefonso Guajardo Villarreal, Terry Lyons, Maureen Midgley, Fred Olson, David Schoch, Sandra Papatello, Molly Shoichet and Edward Waitzer. The directors who are considered not to be independent are Rob Wildeboer and Pat D’Eramo by virtue of the office assumed by them with the Company. The Board believes that a sufficient number of directors are independent of the Company, as eight (8) out of ten (10) directors are independent, and no material corporate decision requiring director approval can be passed without the consent of at least three independent directors, and given the roles of the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the CGNC, as well as the role of the Lead Director, in the governance of the Company. At the Meeting, shareholders will be requested to elect a majority independent Board of Directors.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors is Rob Wildeboer. He is a full-time executive of the Company, and, therefore, not an independent director. Mr. Wildeboer, as the full time Executive Chairman of the Company, has particular responsibility for Board-related issues in addition to his participation in corporate activities as a senior executive. The mandate of the Chairman of the Board is attached hereto as Schedule “C”.

To assist in fostering proper input of independent directors and independent director participation in Board decisions, in addition to and apart from Board committee mandates, where the Chairman of such committee will perform the “lead director” role, the Board has established a Lead Director position. The Lead Director role has been established to ensure appropriate processes are followed. The Lead Director’s Mandate is attached as Schedule “D” hereto. The chair of each of the Board’s Committees, and the Lead Director, are “independent” within the meaning of NI 52-110 and, consequently, within the meaning of the CSA Guidelines. Fred Olson is the Lead Director.

It is also noted that individual directors may retain outside advisors at the Company’s expense in appropriate circumstances with the approval of the Audit Committee. In addition, Board members are encouraged to independently review and comment on the business of the Company and the Board and management are constantly in contact regarding all matters. As discussed below, formal board and committee meetings are regularly held, portions of which are reserved for discussion solely among the independent directors. Board Committees meet and operate independently of management in fulfilling their mandates and making recommendations to the Board.

Directorships with Other Reporting Issuers

Currently, the following directors serve on the boards of other public companies, as listed below:

Name	Name of Reporting Issuer	Exchange
Terry Lyons	Canaccord Genuity Group Inc. Badlands Resources Inc.	TSX : CF TSXV: BLDS
Edward Waitzer	Cymbria Corporation Colliers International Group Inc.	TSX : CYB TSX & NASDAQ : CIGI
Rob Wildeboer	NanoXplore Inc.	TSX : GRA

For a fuller description of the board experience of each director nominee, see “Background of Directors”.

Majority Voting for Election of Directors

The Board of Directors has adopted a “majority voting” policy. Pursuant to this policy, if a nominee for election as Director receives “for” votes fewer than a majority of the votes (50% + 1 vote) cast with respect to his or her election by Shareholders, he or she must immediately tender his or her resignation to the Board of Directors following the meeting of Shareholders at which the election is held. Upon receiving such resignation, the CGNC will consider it and make a recommendation to the Board of Directors on whether or not to accept the resignation. The Board of Directors shall accept the resignation absent exceptional circumstances and announce its decision in a press release promptly within 90 days following the meeting of Shareholders. The Company will provide a copy of the press release to the TSX. If the Board of Directors determines not to accept a resignation, the press release must fully

state the reasons for that decision. The resignation will be effective when accepted by the Board. The Director who tendered his or her resignation is not permitted to be a part of any deliberations of any Committee or of the Board of Directors pertaining to the resignation offer.


The policy only applies in circumstances involving an uncontested election of Directors.

Retirement Policy and Director Term Limits

The Company does not have a formal retirement policy and does not discriminate based on age. The Company considers it to be an integral role of the Board to assess director engagement, and fitness to be a director of the Company.

Similarly, the Board of Directors has not adopted a term limit for Directors. The Board is of the view that the imposition of arbitrary Director term limits may diminish the benefits derived from continuity amongst members and their familiarity with the industry, and could unnecessarily expose the Company to losing experienced and valuable talent. The Board's renewal process is built around the concept of performance management. To that end, the Company relies on rigorous Director selection criteria, assessment procedures, and the role of the CGNC, to ensure the quality and expertise of its Board. See "Election of Directors".

The Company believes that its experience in director retirements and in adding new directors over the past several years (including the recommendations for the 2025 annual meeting), as shown in the table below, has been appropriate and supports its approach to not having a formal retirement policy or term limits.



	2013	2014	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2023	2025
Board Size	6	7	8	9	9	8	8	9	10
New Member(s):	1	4	1	1	1	-	1	1	1
Retirements:	-	3	-	-	1	2	-	-	-
Number of Female Directors:	-	1/7	1/8	1/9	2/9	2/8	2/8	3/9	3/10
Percentage of Female Directors:	-	14%	13%	11%	22%	25%	25%	33%	30%
Percentage of Female Directors of the Independent Directors:	-	17%	17%	14%	29%	33%	33%	43%	37.5%
Number of Directors Considered to be of a Diverse Category:	-	1/7	1/8	1/9	2/9	2/8	2/8	3/9	4/10
Percentage of Directors Considered to be of a Diverse Category:	-	14%	13%	11%	22%	25%	25%	33%	40%
Percentage of Directors Considered to be of a Diverse Category of the Independent Directors	-	17%	17%	14%	29%	33%	33%	43%	50%

Diversity and Inclusion Policy

The Company believes that diversity and inclusion is an important attribute of a well-functioning Board and an efficient team of executive officers. The Company believes that creating a diverse and inclusive culture, based on its Golden Rule culture, with treating people the way we want to be treated, with dignity and respect, is foundational. We believe in a great work environment that allows everyone to reach their full potential. The Company encourages diversity and inclusion within the Company, including in its Board and senior management.

The Company has long had anti-discrimination policies in place, an Employee Bill of Rights, and Ten Guiding Principles which emphasize that all personnel will be treated with dignity and respect. The Board makes Director nomination decisions and the Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Chairman make executive officer appointment decisions based on merit. This belief and practice also results in the recruitment and/or promotion of women into leadership positions.

The Company recognizes the importance of gender diversity in leadership to executing on the Company's strategy. This belief forms an important part of the focus of management in the appointment and recruitment of officers and the Board in the search and selection of nominee directors. While the Company remains committed to selecting the best person to fulfil business and director roles, it should be recognized that the Company's business is in the automotive parts industry, which currently has a gender makeup for operational roles which may be different than many industries or society at large and the promotion of women into certain key operational executive positions may only occur over time.

Notwithstanding that challenge, the Board believes that diversity (including, but not limited to, gender) and inclusion is important to ensure that the profiles of Directors and members of the Company's executive management provide the necessary range of perspectives, experience and expertise required to achieve effective stewardship and management. In an increasingly complex global marketplace, the ability to draw on a wide range of viewpoints, backgrounds, skills, and experience is critical to the Company's success. The Company's global growth plans assume cultural nimbleness and, competitively, the Company needs to continue to develop a brand and environment that appeals to the breadth of talent that will help the Company be successful.

In 2015, the Company adopted a Diversity Policy for the Board of Directors and Executive Officers to put increased focus on ensuring diversity and inclusion exists within its cultural foundation.

Since the adoption of the Diversity Policy (in addition to its succession planning activities for all of its employees, and in part to help address talent shortages in the industry), the Company has implemented pro-active steps to increase the number of women in leadership positions, including at the Board level and in operational leadership, through training, succession planning and other activities at all levels of management within the Company and through external candidate pools. The Company also participates in activities that promote automotive as a career for women, such as sponsoring student and university co-op programs, and supports the development of the next generation of talent in Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM), including programs that engage and encourage young women to enter into STEM such as First Robotics. In 2020, the Company's Chief Executive Officer joined the CADIA CEO Coalition for Change, which is a group of automotive CEOs committed to taking action to make meaningful strides in diversity, equity and inclusion. The group's aim is to become a more inclusive industry, leverage diverse talent and better engage the workforce. As noted in the Sustainability Report, Martinrea currently has over 18,000 employees. In 2024, women made up approximately 26.8% of positions within Martinrea's global workforce, and 32.9% within Martinrea's Canadian workforce. In critical management positions (managers and above) at Martinrea, women made up approximately 20.3% within the Canadian workforce and 20.2% globally.

Women presently comprise two out of 14 senior executive officer positions, or approximately 14%. To date, the Company has not set specific targets regarding the representation of women in executive officer positions. Specific targets for gender diversity have not been adopted for executive officers due to the small size of this group, of which over 50% are operational executive positions. As noted above, the Company believes the increase of women in operational roles will occur over time, including as a result of the proactive strategy the Company has implemented to ensure exposure to and opportunities for operational roles for women as well as other diverse candidates. The Company also recognizes that diversity is an essential consideration in the selection process for executive officers and has implemented strategies in its recruitment and succession planning practices that considers diversity. In addition

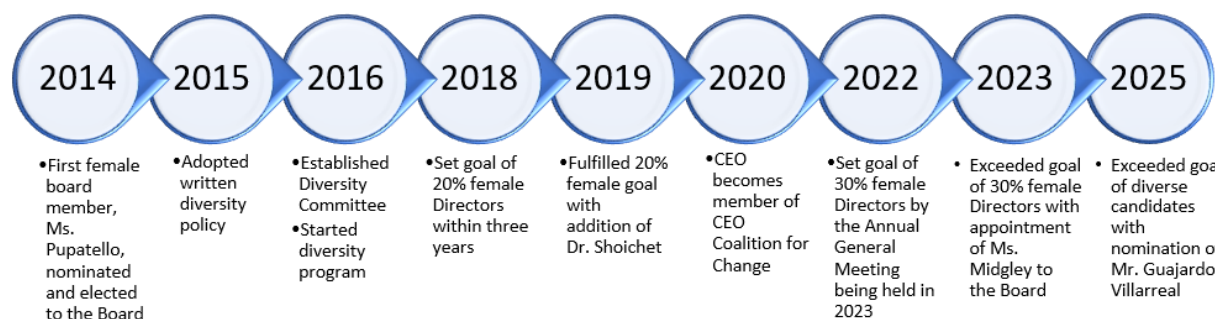
to the diversity provided by the two female senior executives, three senior executives are members of visible minority groups. The Company operates in many countries, and has a very multicultural workforce overall. 7 of 14 of the senior executive officer positions are held by immigrants from their home country or are first generation children of immigrant parents.

The Board does not support fixed percentages for any selection criteria, as the composition of the Board is based on the numerous factors established by the selection criteria and it is ultimately the skills, experience, character and behavioural qualities that are most important in determining the value which an individual could bring to the Board. However, in 2018, the Board set a goal to increase the percentage of female directors, or diverse candidates, over time, as directors retire or a determination is made to expand the number of directors on the Board:

- In 2018, the Board set a goal of having a minimum of 20% of the Board as women within three years (being 33% of the independent directors), which goal was met in 2019
- In 2022, the Board set a goal of reaching at least 30% female directors by the Company's annual meeting of shareholders in 2023 and the Company met that goal in 2023

The Board is currently comprised of three female Directors out of nine, or 33% of the Board (and approximately 43% of the independent directors). Sandra Papatello has been a director on the Board since 2014. In her previous career, she was a former Ontario cabinet minister responsible for women's issues. She is a member of the Senate in Canada. She is currently the Chair of the Company's CGNC and is a member of the Audit Committee. Molly Shoichet has been a director on the Board since 2019 and is a member of the Compensation Committee. She is currently leading a series of initiatives at the University of Toronto focused on healthy and inclusive labs. Maureen Midgley has been a director on the Board since January 2023 and is a member of the Compensation Committee.

With the election of the new independent nominee to the Board (who is also a diverse candidate), Ildefonso Guajardo Villarreal, the Board's gender diversity will be 30% of the Board (and approximately 37.5% (three of eight) of the independent directors) and the number of diverse candidates on the Board will be 40% of the Board (and 50% (four of eight) of the independent directors).



Board Committees

The Board of Directors has established three standing committees of directors: the Compensation Committee, the CGNC and the Audit Committee. The Board of Directors has established a charter for each committee. From time to time, special committees of the Board of Directors may be appointed to consider specific issues, in particular, any issues that may involve related party transactions. In 2014 the Board established a CEO search committee, whose work commenced and was completed in 2014. Effective 2019, the Board reduced the number of members on the Board's standing committees from seven (7) independent directors. In 2024, the committees were comprised of four (4) independent directors for the Audit Committee, four (4) independent directors for the CGNC and four (4) independent directors for the Compensation Committee. All committees are comprised of independent directors and the Chair of each committee is an independent director. All Board members are invited to and generally attend all committee meetings and are provided with meeting materials.

Board of Directors and Committee Participation

During 2024, the Board of Directors held six (6) meetings. The Compensation Committee held four (4) meetings in 2024. The Audit Committee held four (4) meetings in 2024. The CGNC held four (4) meetings in 2024. In addition, a committee member frequently represents the committee in meetings with outside advisors where appropriate. In a month where there is no formal Board meeting, the Chairman or Lead Director generally holds an update meeting with the independent directors. Further, in addition to formally scheduled meetings, the independent directors, who make up the entire membership of each of the Committees, have frequent meetings and discussions with management and amongst themselves. There were five (5) monthly or independent director update meetings and many discussions in 2024, as the Board was heavily involved in overseeing the Company's response to supply chain issues, inflation and other macroeconomic and geopolitical issues. In addition, a portion of each Board or Committee meeting is reserved for the independent directors to meet in private without the presence of non-independent directors or management. In addition, the Board travelled to Mexico in the Fall of 2024 to visit plant operations.

The attendance of each of the directors of the Company at the meetings held in 2024 of the Board of Directors and Committees of the Board on which such director served are set forth under "Corporate Governance - Director Performance Review". The Board recognizes the importance of attending Board and Committee meetings. Director meeting attendance for all Committee and Board Meetings was 100% in 2024.

All committees of the Board, which are made up exclusively of outside and independent directors, meet on a regular basis without management present. The Board of Directors has access to information independent of management through the Company's auditor who reports to the Audit Committee. Also, the Board can retain consultants and financial advisors independent of management as deemed necessary or prudent. The specific responsibilities of the Board include reviewing and approving all major strategic decisions, including any change in the strategic direction of the Company and acquisitions and/or divestitures and other matters; reviewing and approving annual budgets, including capital expenditure plans; reviewing and approving operating results for each quarter and year to date; and risk management oversight. As part of its ongoing activities, the Board regularly receives and comments upon reports of management as to the performance of the Company's business and management's expectations. The Board of Directors is, therefore, of the view that the appropriate structures and procedures are in place to ensure it can function independent of management. See also "Composition and Independence of the Board of Directors".

The Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee is currently comprised of four (4) members, all of whom are considered to be "independent" as determined under NI 52-110. The Compensation Committee in 2024 was comprised of four (4) individuals: David Schoch (Chair), Molly Shoichet, Fred Olson and Maureen Midgley.

The Compensation Committee oversees overall corporate policy with respect to compensation and benefits and makes recommendations to the Board of Directors on, among other things, the assessment of the performance and compensation of senior management and succession planning issues. In assessing compensation issues, the Compensation Committee reviews and examines in detail the performance of senior management. For its deliberations in 2024, see "Executive Compensation - Compensation Discussion and Analysis". The complete text of the Charter, as amended and updated, is attached hereto as Schedule "E".

The Compensation Committee and the Board as a whole periodically consider the compensation of directors and senior executives and the Compensation Committee brings the resulting suggestions to the Board for its consideration. The Board recognizes that excellent director and executive candidates must be appropriately compensated. The Board and the Compensation Committee have considered appropriate compensation levels and mechanisms taking into consideration trends and recent developments in executive compensation, and the results of this review were reflected in director and senior executive compensation. The Compensation Committee also retains external experts to assist with assessing executive compensation. In 2015 and in 2016, Meridian Compensation Partners ("Meridian") was retained in part for benchmarking of director and executive compensation, which is discussed further under "Director Compensation" and "Executive Compensation". In 2017, Meridian was retained for general consulting services for compensation issues.

The Compensation Committee met four times in 2024.

The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee

The Board created a stand-alone committee to deal with the nomination of new directors in late 2013, the CGNC, which makes recommendations to the Board as a whole. Currently, the CGNC consists of Sandra Papatello (Chair), Terry Lyons, Fred Olson and Edward Waitzer. The CGNC is comprised entirely of independent directors to encourage an objective nomination process. The Board fosters ongoing open communication about all levels of corporate performance, including that of Board members. In the past, nominations for director candidates have frequently resulted from, among other things, suggestions of the Company's shareholders, and involved extensive dialogue between members of the Board, including the Executive Chairman, shareholders and other advisors. If a new director nominee or new director is added to the Board, for example the addition of Ms. Midgley in 2023, or the nomination of Mr. Ildefonso Guajardo Villarreal in 2025, such nomination will be made and recommended to the full Board by the CGNC, in accordance with its core responsibilities under its Charter (see "Schedule "F"), also including the considerations of the Company's Diversity Policy, Code of Conduct and the skills identified under "Board Skills and Expertise" above.

The CGNC met four times in 2024.

Succession Planning

The Board, the Compensation Committee and the CGNC have been successful in developing and retaining a team of directors and executives that has driven the growth and success of the Company since it began its new direction in 2001. The Board, the Compensation Committee and the CGNC (the Compensation Committee and the CGNC are comprised entirely of independent directors) are responsible for the normal succession planning that occurs over time, such as recruiting and evaluating new executive and director talent, as well as developing internal candidates. This process includes an ongoing evaluation, at least on an annual basis with the involvement of management where appropriate, of the Company's leadership development strategies and a consideration of potential candidates, including of existing Company employees. The Executive Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer routinely discuss the strengths and gaps of key succession candidates, development progress over the prior year and future development plans, that include long range planning for executive development, to ensure leadership sustainability and continuity. The Company's philosophy of promoting from within strengthens the Company's values and culture and provides more options for succession. Formal succession planning has been implemented at key positions in the Company in furtherance of this goal. Members of the Compensation Committee and CGNC have opportunities to meet with members of the Company's management team. Where necessary, the CGNC and the Board will use a recruitment search firm, as was the case in the 2014 recruitment of Mr. D'Eramo as Chief Executive Officer.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is presently comprised of four (4) independent directors, Terry Lyons (Chair), David Schoch, Fred Olson and Sandra Papatello, all of whom are considered to be "independent" as defined in NI 52-110. The Company believes the oversight responsibility of the Audit Committee provides a key stewardship role for the Audit Committee in the Company's financial disclosure issues, internal controls, risk management, corporate finance and related matters.

In reviewing the audited financial statements of the Company, the Audit Committee discusses the quality, not just the acceptability, of the accounting principles, the reasonableness of significant judgments, and the clarity of disclosure in the financial statements. In addition, the Audit Committee discusses with the Company's auditors the overall scope and plans for their audit. The Audit Committee meets with the auditors and the Chief Internal Auditor with and without management present, to discuss the results of their examination and the overall quality of the Company's financial reporting. The Audit Committee also carefully reviews evolving audit committee regulations and best practices to ensure corporate alignment with the spirit and intent of such regulations and practices. The Audit Committee assesses the independence of the auditors on an ongoing basis.

The Audit Committee Charter is attached hereto as Schedule "G".

The Board believes that the members of the Audit Committee are all financially literate and all of them have accounting or related financial experience including that arising from previous Board and Audit Committee experience

with the Company. To make this determination, the Board has applied the definition of “financial literacy” prescribed by NI 52-110: meaning that an individual has the ability to read and understand a set of financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of the issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the Company’s financial statements:

Further information regarding the Audit Committee is contained in the Company’s Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2024, which is available on the Company’s profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

The Audit Committee met four times in 2024.

Orientation of New Directors, Continuing Education and Strategic Planning Review

The Board of Directors recognizes the importance of ongoing director education and orientation. Members of the Board of Directors are regularly updated on the Company’s activities and operations. Tours of operating and research and development facilities, both in Canada and elsewhere, are regularly held. In 2024, the full Board visited several plants in Mexico. In addition, Board members meet with senior management of the Company to review the business and affairs of the Company on an ongoing basis. The Company undertakes an annual budget and business plan process in the Fall, which is attended by all directors. There are a significant number of committee and Board meetings. In months where no regularly scheduled committee or Board meetings occur, the Chairman or Lead Director holds an information session and update with the independent directors, generally with one or more senior executives present. The Lead Director provides input on agenda items and approves the agenda. In 2024, topics for presentation and discussion to deepen the Board’s knowledge of the business, industry and key risks and opportunities facing the Company included financial and operational reviews; focused meetings on particular plant or divisional performance; customer-related presentations; acquisition opportunities or divestitures; strategic investments; significant discussion and review of the automotive, economic and geopolitical environment (including inflation, supply chain, trade and tariffs, uncertainty around the shift to electric vehicles, macroeconomic and geopolitical issues and their impact on the industry, and the Company’s strategy and execution, safety related issues and protocols, financial and liquidity issues, and related issues); cybersecurity and AI; research and development initiatives; and so forth.

The Company believes a director must be well informed and takes, in its view, extra measures to so inform them. Reports relating to the Company’s business and affairs are provided to all directors. Typically, Board materials include information relating to current regulatory, accounting, security and financial issues, and the Board regularly discusses them at the Board and Committee level. Board members are also encouraged to enrol in continuing education courses, and have attended corporate governance seminars and programs aimed at director or audit committee education. All Board members have joined (or new Board members will join) the National Association of Corporate Directors in the United States and the Institute of Corporate Directors in Canada, and receive regular updates on corporate governance developments. Fred Olson, ICD.D, the Lead Director, completed the Directors Education Program from the Institute of Corporate Directors, provided by the Rotman School of Management and the University of Toronto, as has Sandra Papatello, ICD.D, the Chair of the CGNC. Terry Lyons, ICD.D, the Chair of the Audit Committee, was a director of the B.C. Chapter of the Institute of Corporate Directors for nine years, and has also completed the Directors Education Program from the Institute of Corporate Directors. Edward Waitzer is an expert in corporate governance, having advised many boards of directors as a leading corporate counsel, and was the Jarislowsky Dimma Mooney Chair in Corporate Governance at Osgoode Hall Law School and the Schulich School of Business. Rob Wildeboer, the Company’s Executive Chairman, has significant board and advisory experience and periodically is asked to advise on matters of governance with accounting firms and government bodies. The Company’s auditors and legal counsel also update directors on regulatory developments, and other accounting or legal matters which may affect the Company. The Company operates in the automotive industry, and industry developments are relevant to its business. Several of the Company’s directors are industry experts; but all of the Company’s directors are provided regular industry reports and publications, including material risks facing the industry. Most directors have attended automotive conferences in the last three years in Canada and in the U.S. (whether live or virtually during the COVID-19 pandemic). All directors are provided copies of Martinrea News, an internal publication of the Company providing internal news updates and have subscriptions to Automotive News and Automotive News Canada. The Company has held global leadership conferences in 2016, 2018, 2022 and most recently in 2024. The global leadership conferences are attended by all the senior officers of the Company, and also included external presentations. The Board members were provided with video access to the presentations.

The Board is responsible for the orientation and education of new directors. If and when a new director is appointed to the Board, the Board will provide appropriate orientation, including the measures taken for the ongoing education of the directors and a detailed introduction to the business of the Company as it has done for the current directors, such as meeting with the Company and members of its executive team, being an observer at Board and Committee meetings, being provided with and reviewing extensive materials and touring the Company's manufacturing plants or attending automotive conferences.

Director Performance Review

The Board has a regular assessment process with respect to the effectiveness of the Board and its Committees, including in relation to the Board Mandate and Committee Charters, and the performance and contribution of individual directors, which includes a peer review. Assessment of the Board consists of a survey which is approved by the Chair of the CGNC and assessment of directors consists of a peer-evaluation which is based on a questionnaire approved by the Chair of the CGNC. The survey asks questions about what was done well and what could be done better and covers a broad range of matters, including Board and Committee structure and composition, Board leadership, strategic planning, risk management, operational performance, Board education and Board processes and effectiveness. The results of the Board evaluation are analyzed and reviewed by the Chair of the CGNC and the Lead Director, who consider whether any changes to the Board's processes, composition or committee structure are appropriate. Additionally, senior management is advised of any suggestions made by directors for enhancement of processes to support the work of the Board.

The Board of Directors also periodically considers and assesses its performance relating to its effectiveness, size, compensation policies and assessment of management performance. Each individual director is free to meet with the Chairman or Lead Director to discuss any concerns or issues regarding board effectiveness. The Company's standards and expectations for director participation and performance are set out above. As appropriate, the Board, through the Compensation Committee and the CGNC, considers procedural or substantive changes to increase the effectiveness of the Board and its committees or to respond to evolving governance standards.

The most recent Board survey was conducted in the spring of 2024.

The following table summarizes the attendance of directors at the 2024 Board meetings. Where a director is unable to attend a meeting, materials are still provided and the Chairman of the Board or the relevant committee, as applicable, follows up with such director as to matters discussed. Time is scheduled for all Board and Committee meetings to hold in-camera sessions without management present.

Director	Board Meetings Attended	Audit Committee Meetings Attended ^{(1), (4)}	Human Resources and Compensation Committee Meetings Attended ^{(2), (4)}	Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee Meetings Attended ^{(3), (4)}	Attendance Percentage
Rob Wildeboer	6/6	N/A	N/A	N/A	100%
Pat D'Eramo	6/6	N/A	N/A	N/A	100%
Terry Lyons	6/6	4/4	N/A	4/4	100%
Maureen Midgley	6/6	N/A	4/4	N/A	100%
Fred Olson	6/6	4/4	4/4	4/4	100%
Hon. Sandra Papatello	6/6	4/4	N/A	4/4	100%
David Schoch	6/6	4/4	4/4	N/A	100%
Molly Shoichet	6/6	N/A	4/4	N/A	100%
Edward Waitzer	6/6	N/A	N/A	4/4	100%

(1) (2) (3) Management directors attend meetings of these committees if, as and when, invited.

(4) The practice is that all of the directors attend all Audit Committee meetings, where possible, and are generally invited to attend HRCC and CGNC meetings if they wish.

Chief Executive Officer Performance

The mandate for the Chief Executive Officer is attached hereto as Schedule “H”. The Chief Executive Officer has full responsibility for the day-to-day operations of the Company’s business in accordance with its business plan and budget. On an annual basis, the Company circulates a proposed business plan and budgets which are discussed and, if appropriate, adopted by the Board of Directors. These form the basis of the corporate objectives which the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for meeting. The Chief Executive Officer is accountable to the Board of Directors. The Compensation Committee assesses management’s performance and reviews its compensation. See “Executive Compensation – Compensation Discussion and Analysis”.

Shareholder Feedback and Communication

The Company views its shareholders and investors as owners and partners, and senior management – the Chief Executive Officer, the President, the Chief Financial Officer and the Executive Chairman – is committed to being accessible. These individuals comprise the Company’s Disclosure Committee, and monitor all communications for consistency and coherence. The Company also communicates regularly with its shareholders through annual and quarterly reports. At the Company’s annual general meeting of shareholders, a full opportunity is afforded for shareholders to ask questions concerning the Company’s business. Each shareholder and investor inquiry receives a prompt response from an appropriate officer of the Company. Information about the Company, including annual reports and interim reports, is also available on the Company’s website at www.martinrea.com and on the Company’s profile at www.sedarplus.ca. In addition, the Company provides the opportunity for investors to pose questions to senior management, including the Chief Executive Officer, the Executive Chairman, the President and the Chief Financial Officer, through direct telephone calls. The Director, Investor Relations and Corporate Development of the Company assists with investor relations. Correspondence to the Company or any of its directors and officers can be sent to the following address:

3210 Langstaff Road
Vaughan, Ontario
L4K 5B2

Board of Directors’ Expectations of Management, Strategic Planning Oversight, Sustainability and Risk Management Oversight

Management is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Company and is expected to implement approved strategic business plans and initiatives within the context of authorized budgets and corporate policies and procedures. The information which management provides to the Board of Directors is critical. Management is expected to report regularly to the Board of Directors in a comprehensive, accurate and timely fashion on the business and affairs of the Company. The Board of Directors monitors the nature of the information requested by and provided to it so that it can effectively identify issues and opportunities for the Company. The Chairman and the Lead Director oversee the operation of the Board in a manner that ensures the Board can be adequately informed and can be an effective monitor.

Risk management oversight is a core focus of the Board, and is reviewed consistently along with development and implementation of the Company’s strategies and budget plan. The key risks facing the Company are detailed in the Company’s Annual Information Form and Management Discussion and Analysis filings, as are its strategies. The Board reviews those risks on a quarterly basis along with its review of quarterly filings. In 2024, in addition to traditional industry-related risks, the Board considered and had regular discussions with management on geopolitical risks on a consistent basis, particularly given the fact that the Company has operations in ten countries including several that face geopolitical issues; sustainability related risks; trade and tariff-related risks, cybersecurity and AI related risks, supply chain issues, inflation and other macroeconomic issues, issues around electric vehicles; the Company’s acquisition and investment activities; and broader economic issues, given that the cyclical nature of the economy can affect overall automotive sales and production volumes, and thus Company revenues and their impact on the Company, its operations, its employees and the industry and risk related to sustainability.

The frequency of Board discussion on risk, given the Board meeting schedule complemented by frequent Chairman's updates, means that risks are considered and discussed on a consistent basis. As well, the significant involvement of directors in continuing education and the broad diversity of Board expertise provide the basis for a good understanding of risks faced by the Company.

At the same time, the Board recognizes that the operations of the Company, its strategies and, ultimately, its success, will depend on management being successful. The Board's job is to monitor and supervise, not to manage and operate the business.

The Board of Directors, as part of its responsibilities, must establish a structure and procedure for good corporate governance. The Board has reviewed the Company's corporate governance practices with reference to the guidelines for effective corporate governance contained in NI 58-101 and NP 58-201. As a result, the Company has adopted a corporate governance plan outlining the roles and responsibilities of the Board, management and the various committees of the Board, as described herein.

Corporate governance guidelines change from time to time. The Board of Directors regularly monitors and will continue to monitor pending regulatory initiatives and developments in the corporate governance area.

Advisory Vote on Approach to Executive Compensation

At the Meeting, Shareholders will have the opportunity to cast an advisory, non-binding vote on Martinrea's approach to executive compensation – this is often referred to as “say on pay”. Although the vote is non-binding, the Board of Directors will consider the results when assessing future compensation decisions.

The text of the resolution reads as follows:

“Resolved, on an advisory basis and not to diminish the roles and responsibilities of the board of directors, that the shareholders accept the approach to executive compensation disclosed in this Management Information Circular.”

The Company's approach to executive compensation is set out in detail under “Executive Compensation” below.

In considering an advisory vote on Martinrea's approach to executive compensation, the following provides a brief summary of compensation philosophy and features, as well as recent changes implemented in the past several years and 2025 to date, based on accepted best practices:

What We Do

- Compensation approach is aligned with Martinrea's entrepreneurial system and ability to attract and retain key talent
- Strong alignment between pay and performance
- Executive compensation is cost effective according to benchmarking, and total compensation for senior executives is below median
- Base compensation is competitive with market median
- Significant compensation, including bonus and equity based incentives, is “at risk”; approximately 80% of Chief Executive Officer and Executive Chairman compensation is typically at risk and based on Company performance
- Deferred compensation plans have been developed for certain executives (DSUs, RSUs, PSUs and options), and all grants are approved by the Board
- Up to 50% of bonus compensation based on pre-tax profits is deferred long term compensation for the Executive Chairman and CEO and up to 25% of bonus compensation is deferred long term compensation for senior executives reporting to the CEO

- Use of an appropriate peer group and benchmark to compare pay
- No pensions or retirement benefits
- Very limited perks
- Except for legacy Executive Chairman contract, maximum severance is two years and equity vests and severance is payable only on a “double trigger” basis with no enhanced severance
- Option plan contains limitations for insiders (see “Stock Option Plan” below)
- Director and Executive share ownership requirements; robust Employee Share Ownership Plan for executives
- Management may not hedge Company shares or equity based awards
- No director or officer loans; no guaranteed payments; no excessive benefits
- Clawback policy for incentive based compensation
- Compensation Committee is experienced and wholly independent, with independent compensation consultant, as required
- Compensation outcomes are driven in part by the success achieved by our Business Units in reducing costs and innovating products to meet the climate-related priorities of our customers, resulting in increased profits.

Determinations and Changes Over the Past Several Years to Date

The Compensation Committee had executive and director compensation benchmarked by a compensation consultant in 2015, and has made the following determinations with respect to compensation or changes to executive or director compensation since that time:

- At that time, Director compensation was competitive as compared to benchmarking group
- Director compensation effective 2016 became based on an all-inclusive retainer and a minimum of 50% of a director’s retainer being payable in DSUs
- Non-executive director options have been eliminated
- The Stock Option Plan has been amended to clarify that option repricing is not permitted and that any options granted in future will have a minimum vesting period of 12 months and will vest over at least a three year period (see “Stock Option Plan” below). For example, for options granted in December 2019, the Company determined the period of time for vesting to be over a five year period
- The Employee Stock Ownership Plan and ownership requirements have been continued and affirmed
- A new executive performance and restricted share unit plan, or PRSU Plan, was adopted in 2016, and in each year thereafter, the Executive Chairman and Chief Executive Officer elected to receive the full eligible amount of their annual bonus compensation based on pre-tax profits approved by the Directors in the form of RSUs with an additional grant of PSUs and/or DSUs, as applicable. From 2017 to 2020, the eligible amount for deferral was 25% of bonus compensation based on pre-tax profits. Commencing in 2021, the Board increased the amount of bonus the Executive Chairman or CEO could elect to defer annually by an additional 25%, so that the Executive Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer can elect to receive up to 50% of their annual bonus compensation based on pre-tax profits in the form of RSUs with the potential of receiving a combination of additional PSUs and DSUs
- Compensation for the Chief Executive Officer, Executive Chairman and Chief Financial Officer was found, at that time, to be low compared to the median of the market. Some adjustments have been made to the compensation for those executive positions over time.
- In 2018, the Company formalized a clawback policy for senior executives and updated change of control provisions to certain key executives

- From 2019 to 2024, the Company granted DSUs to executives who are approaching retirement age, with vesting provisions, as an incentive to keep them with the Company for a period of time
- The grant of RSUs and PSUs to senior executive officers and other members of management and/or key employees was approved from 2018 to 2024
- In 2020, no PRSUs were issued during the COVID-19 pandemic except to those executives who had reached their mandatory minimum share ownership requirement and elected to receive them under the ESOP (described below)
- From 2021 to 2024, the Board offered the ability of senior executives reporting to the CEO to elect to receive 25% of their annual pre-tax bonus compensation in the form of RSUs with the potential of receiving a combination of additional PSUs and DSUs. These changes were made to place a greater emphasis on long-term compensation and employee retention.

See “Executive Compensation”.

Board Recommendation

The Board of Directors unanimously recommends that shareholders vote **FOR** the resolution relating to Martinrea’s approach to executive compensation.

Unless otherwise instructed, the Martinrea officers whose names have been pre-printed on the form of proxy or Voting Instruction Form intend to vote **FOR** such resolution.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

In this Management Information Circular, a “Named Executive Officer” (“NEO”) means: (i) the Company’s Chief Executive Officer; (ii) the Company’s Chief Financial Officer; and (iii) the Company’s three most highly compensated executive officers at the end of the financial year ended December 31, 2024.

For the financial year ended December 31, 2024 and for the purposes of this Management Information Circular, the Company had five NEOs, namely: (i) Rob Wildeboer, Executive Chairman; (ii) Pat D’Eramo, Chief Executive Officer; (iii) Fred Di Tosto, President; (iv) Peter Cirulis, Chief Financial Officer and Lead for the Lightweight Structures Commercial Group; and (v) Larry Paine, Executive Vice President, Metallics Business Unit. Mr. Di Tosto took over the role of President effective January, 2024 and was Chief Financial Officer until Mr. Cirulis took over the role of Chief Financial Officer from Mr. Di Tosto effective July, 2024. Mr. Cirulis previously held the position of Executive Vice President, Aluminum Business Unit.

The objective of the disclosure under this section is to communicate the compensation the Company paid, made payable, awarded, granted, gave or otherwise provided to its NEOs and directors for the financial year, to provide insight into executive compensation as a key aspect of the overall stewardship and governance of the Company, and to help investors understand how decisions about executive compensation are made.

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Composition of the Compensation Committee

The members of the Compensation Committee in 2024 were Maureen Midgley, Fred Olson, Molly Shoichet and David Schoch (Chair).

Executive Compensation Experience and Expertise of the Compensation Committee

Fred Olson has been a member of the Board of Directors since 2002 and a member of the Compensation Committee since that time and is the Lead Director. He has held a number of senior executive and director roles with other companies in the automotive industry. Molly Shoichet has been on the Compensation Committee since June, 2020, and prior to that had been invited and attended Compensation Committee meetings since January 2019, prior to her election as director. She currently serves on the Finance, Audit and Risk Committee of MaRS. David Schoch has been on the Compensation Committee since December, 2020 and is the current Chair of the Compensation Committee. He is an experienced business executive and held extensive executive positions at Ford Motor company or its

subsidiaries. He was also a member of the Compensation Committee after his election in 2018 until December 31, 2018 when the Company reduced the number of members on each committee. Maureen Midgley joined the Compensation Committee in 2023 and has significant experience in senior leadership, talent management and executive compensation. Each member of the Compensation Committee brings senior executive, board of director and committee experience as noted under “Background of Directors”. As such, the Compensation Committee in 2024 and to date had or has significant experience and expertise in executive compensation matters, and has had the use of independent compensation consultants when necessary.

Objectives of Compensation Program/Strategy

The Company’s executive compensation arrangements for senior officers are designed to enable the Company to motivate, attract and retain and align the interests of highly qualified individuals with the Company’s objectives and strategy and with the interests of shareholders. The Company’s vision for the future is: Making lives better by being the best supplier we can be in the products we make and the services we provide. The Company’s mission is Making People’s Lives Better by: (i) delivering outstanding quality products and services to our customers; (ii) providing meaningful opportunity, job satisfaction and job security for our people; (iii) providing superior long term investment returns to our stakeholders; and (iv) being positive contributors to our communities. Meeting this vision and mission has required and will continue to require attracting a team of executives who have expertise in manufacturing, innovation, strategy, legal and financial disciplines. The Board of Directors has developed compensation systems and packages for its executives geared to focusing them on achieving prudent, profitable growth for the Company over a multi-year period.

The Company has undertaken a process of reviewing compensation philosophy and policy for all managerial levels of the Company, including general managers and officers as a whole, including introduction of a PRSU Plan (see “Other Compensation Plans – PRSU Plan”) in 2016, and the first annual issuance of RSUs and PSUs, commencing in 2017, to Rob Wildeboer and Pat D’Eramo, as described below under “Elements of Compensation”. The use of RSUs and PSUs has been broadened to other senior executive officers and other members of management from 2018 through and including 2024. However, in 2020, due to the financial impact of shutdowns related to the COVID-19 pandemic, no PRSUs were granted except to those who had reached their mandatory minimum share ownership requirements (described below) and who elected to receive some under the ESOP Plan. From 2019 through and including 2024, as noted above, the Company granted DSUs as a retention mechanism for certain executives approaching retirement, and from 2021 through 2024, the Company allowed certain executives approaching retirement to elect to defer a portion of his or her pre-tax bonus in exchange for RSUs, PSUs and/or DSUs. The Company introduced the PRSU Plan and the DSU Plan to continue to align shareholder interests and management interests as part of its compensation philosophy described below.

The Company has developed and encourages an entrepreneurial culture and participation in the profitability of the Company both through direct profit participation and participation in the increased value of the enterprise reflected in the price of the Common Shares. As the Company’s profits increase and its share price appreciates, an executive’s compensation should increase, providing an alignment of shareholder-owner interests and management interests as value is created for both. If profits decrease or if share price depreciates, an executive’s overall compensation will generally decrease to base levels. This was evident in 2020 to 2024 during the COVID-19 pandemic, global semi-conductor chip shortage, supply chain issues, EV uncertainty, inflationary and macroeconomic and geopolitical (including trade and tariffs) issues that occurred, some of which are continuing to this date.

Given its compensation philosophy, the Company does not base its compensation levels or decisions on what others do, nor does it believe it should do so. However, the Company monitors the approaches to compensation adopted by competitors for talent, as the Company is engaged in a business where it is critical to attract and retain top talent.

The Company’s compensation has a fixed element, in terms of base salary, and an at-risk or performance element, based, in part, on profits which element increases if profits rise and decreases if profits fall, and in part on equity where value rises as stock price rises and falls if stock price falls. As noted above, the Company has also implemented compensation practices designed to defer bonus compensation as a long term incentive mechanism for senior executive officers including the NEOs. If the work of the executive team results in increases in Company profits, the Company believes bonuses based on profitability should increase, even if the Company’s stock price does not, as market prices and valuation multiples are often based on other factors than company performance. The

Company is in the automotive parts business, where the profits of every part are contingent on the ability to negotiate a fair price up front, perform well under the contract and continuously improve process and margin throughout the production process. Company profits are not generally based on external events such as commodity prices, for example. However, in 2020 through 2024 profits were negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, the global semi-conductor chip shortage, supply chain and inflationary and macroeconomic effects, the uncertainty around EVs and volumes, geopolitical issues (including trade and tariffs) and the resulting shutdowns of or impact on production, some of which continues as at the date hereof. Further, the automotive parts business is a very competitive one, where external volume increases are no guarantee of higher profits. The Company believes its compensation system rewards the behaviour that will increase Company value, over the longer term, building a world leader in the aspects of the auto parts businesses in which the Company operates. The Company's growth over the past 20 (plus) years, from virtually no revenues to approximately over \$5 billion in 2024, tempered by the global semi-conductor chip shortage and other supply chain disruptions and inflation and other issues described herein, and its improvement in operating margins and profits over the years prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, has been the result, in large part, of its ability to attract and retain the people needed to achieve this growth and compensate them in the right way.

In 2016, the Compensation Committee had executive compensation benchmarked against a comparator group (the "Comparator Group"), which is comprised of a broad pool of North American companies in the automobile and components industry which represent the Company's business competitors and competition for talent. The Comparator Group includes a number of U.S. based companies reflective of the Company's significant revenue from North American operations and because there are few comparable Canadian auto components companies. The Comparator Group was recommended by the Compensation Committee's independent compensation advisor, Meridian, and approved by the Compensation Committee. The Company was positioned at approximately the median (the 50th percentile) of the Comparator Group on the basis of revenues. The companies in the Comparator Group were:

- | | |
|---|---|
| • Aeon Group Inc. | • Gentex Corp. |
| • Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc. | • Linamar Corp. |
| • American Axle & Manufacturing Holdings Inc. | • Meritor, Inc. |
| • Autokiniton Global Group
(formerly, Tower International, Inc.) | • Modine Manufacturing Co. |
| • BorgWarner Inc. | • New Flyer Industries Inc. |
| • Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. | • Remy International, Inc. |
| • Cooper Tire & Rubber Co. | • Standard Motor Products Inc. |
| • Dana Holding Corp. | • Stoneridge Inc. |
| • Dorel Industries Inc. | • Superior Industries International, Inc. |
| • Drew Industries Inc. | • Tenneco Inc. |
| • Federal-Mogul Holdings Corp. | • Thor Industries Inc. |
| | • Visteon Corp. |

The benchmarking at that time confirmed that compensation levels at the Company were generally competitive with the market median and that the Company is getting good value for the services of its senior executive officers. Total compensation for the Executive Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, and the Chief Financial Officer was somewhat below the market median of the Comparator Group, and the other NEOs had total compensation closer to the median. As a result, in 2016, some adjustments were made to the compensation of the Chief Financial Officer and in 2017 for the Executive Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The benchmarking also confirmed that the mix of NEO compensation was not at the median, in the sense that the ratio of long term incentive compensation to short term was lower than average. As a result, the Company has added elements of long term incentives to total compensation, as discussed below.

Elements of Compensation

The key elements of the Company's compensation arrangements for its NEOs, current and past, are governed by employment contracts with each executive. The Compensation Committee considered various factors when negotiating the compensation arrangements for its senior executives. These factors have formed part of the Company's compensation philosophy for years, and are discussed in detail below under "Compensation Review" and under the three principal components of compensation: (i) base salary; (ii) bonus awards; and (iii) equity participation.

Variable-at-Risk Compensation

The Company believes a significant portion of executive compensation is at risk, particularly:

- Pre-tax profit which is subject to material fluctuation, which can result in no bonus payable if there are no profits (as described below)
- Options have value only to the extent share price increases and, given that options granted to executives generally vest over a period of four years or five years, and there is a specific period of the calendar year that is in blackout where executives are prevented from exercising options or selling the Company's Common Shares, the share price improvement must be sustained
- In late 2016, the Company adopted a PRSU Plan, generally available to selected executives and other members of management or key employees. The value of Share Units granted under the PRSU Plan will fluctuate along with the price of the Company's Common Shares, and for PSUs specifically with the Company's relative performance to a designated peer group
- In addition, the Company has a minimum share ownership policy in place for all corporate executives (as discussed below). The value of an executive's equity ownership is at risk as it increases and decreases in direct alignment with the Company's share price. Executives subject to the minimum share ownership guidelines are eligible to participate in the Company's employee share ownership plan, as discussed herein
- From 2019 to 2024, the Company granted DSUs as a retention mechanism for certain executives approaching retirement
- To place an increasing focus on deferred long term compensation, the Company allowed senior executive officers (including the NEOs) to elect to defer a portion of his or her bonus in exchange for RSUs, PSUs and/or DSUs, with payment being deferred to within 3 years of grant in accordance with the PRSU Plan or until the executive leaves the Company in accordance with the DSU Plan, and PSUs and/or DSUs are subject to a vesting schedule

In 2020 and 2021, with the COVID-19 crisis, and the related global semi-conductor chip shortage, supply chain issues, inflation and other macroeconomic and geopolitical issues, and their negative impact on the Company's profits and share price, executive salaries and bonuses declined significantly and the value of the equity based compensation and holdings of executives declined substantially, including options that expired unexercised during this period. In 2022, 2023 and 2024, given the Company's improved performance, executive compensation increased from 2020 and 2021.

Employment Contracts

The Company has entered into employment or services contracts with each NEO to secure the services of its senior management group so that the long term objectives of the Company may be realized by the senior executive team.

These agreements provide for, among other things, industry standard covenants in favour of the Company, including covenants not to compete with the Company or solicit its employees for a specified period following termination of their employment, as well as confidentiality covenants. These agreements set out their respective duties and responsibilities and provide that each executive is to receive a base salary, is eligible to receive an annual bonus in an amount equal to a percentage of the consolidated net profits before income tax of the Company or relevant divisions over which the NEO has responsibility, and certain other benefits, including (in the case of Messrs. D'Eramo

and Wildeboer) life insurance with the executive's family as beneficiary and disability insurance. Each contract has an indefinite term. The contract for Mr. Wildeboer contains historical termination and change of control provisions (described under that section below). In 2018, employment contracts for remaining NEOs, and certain other key executive officers, were amended to increase termination payments (reflecting the length of time with the Company) and change of control provisions (described under that section below). It is the Company's desire that executives have significant direct profit participation and significant equity upside.

Base Salary

Base salaries are prescribed by the executive employment agreements to reflect: (i) individual performance and achievement; (ii) the increased responsibilities characterized by a growing and significantly larger company; and (iii) compensation levels which such individuals could attract in the senior executive or professional market for their services. In 2006, the base salary for Mr. Wildeboer was set at \$725,000 and had not changed through 2023. Effective February 29, 2024, Mr. Wildeboer's base salary increased by CDN \$250,000. In 2014, Mr. D'Eramo's base salary was set at \$725,000 or its U.S. dollar equivalent, consistent with Mr. Wildeboer's base salary. Effective February 29, 2024, Mr. D'Eramo's base salary increased by CDN \$250,000 (or its US dollar equivalent). In each case, base salary increases were granted to reflect performance and the fact that base salaries had not been adjusted for so long, despite increases of cost of living and inflation. Mr. Di Tosto's base salary was set at \$400,000 in 2015, increased in late 2018 to \$550,000 and increased to \$600,000 for the 2023 fiscal year to reflect his performance and the expanded scope of his role. The base salary for Mr. Cirulis, when he took over the role as Chief Financial Officer, was set at US \$450,000. The base salary for Mr. Paine is set out in his employment contract. Mr. Paine joined the Company February, 2013. The base salary for Mr. Paine increased for the 2023 fiscal year.

Given the COVID-19 crisis, global semi-conductor chip shortage and related effects, including supply chain challenges, inflation and macroeconomic effects, and the uncertainty around EVs and volumes, plus geopolitical issues, and their negative impact on the Company's revenues, the Company's executives' compensation was impacted in each of 2020 to 2024 to different degrees. Notwithstanding their employment contracts, in 2020, NEOs and other executives, as well as other salaried employees, took a temporary wage reduction as a result of COVID-19 risk mitigation and cash preservation strategies. Base salaries were reduced, not deferred. During the second quarter of 2020, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the Executive Chairman took a 50% salary reduction and Messrs. Cirulis (in his role as Executive Vice President, Aluminum) and Paine took a 20% salary reduction. Salaries were reinstated effective July 1, 2020, but payment of the reduced amount was maintained for July and August; the salary held back for July and August was paid in the fourth quarter of 2020. Payment of full salary commenced September 2020.

Bonus

A significant part of cash compensation for executives is in the form of direct profit participation, generally in the form of a percentage of pre-tax profit, either of the Company or over the relevant divisions over which the NEO has responsibility, or, in the case of business unit leaders commencing in 2016, a combination of both. As profits are increased, so is compensation. If profits decline, so does compensation. Thus, executives are encouraged to grow profits, an objective that is aligned with the interests of the Company's stakeholders. Similar approaches to direct profit participation are present at other levels of the organization in addition to the executive level. For NEOs, the negotiated percentages are provided in each NEO's executive contract and do not fluctuate, although the amount of bonus will fluctuate as profits fluctuate. The total percentage of pre-tax profit to NEOs in aggregate has not exceeded 6% of the Company's pre-tax profit. Each of the Company's two senior, and highest paid, NEOs, Messrs. Wildeboer and D'Eramo, receives as part of his compensation a bonus equal to 1% of the Company's pre-tax profit. Mr. Di Tosto received a bonus of 0.3% of the Company's pre-tax profits for the 2022 and 2023 fiscal years. In 2024, reflecting Mr. Di Tosto's additional responsibilities as President, his bonus was set at 0.5% of the Company's pre-tax profits. Mr. Paine receives a bonus equal to a combination of a percentage of the profits generated by the operations over which he oversees and a percentage of the profits generated by the Company as a whole excluding the operations over which he oversees. When Mr. Cirulis assumed the Chief Financial Officer role, his bonus was set at 0.3% of the Company's pre-tax profit. In his previous role as Executive Vice President, Aluminum Business Unit, his bonus compensation was equal to a combination of a percentage of the profits generated by the operations over which he oversaw and a percentage of the profits generated by the Company as a whole excluding the operations over which he oversaw. Thus, in the case of each NEO, a significant portion of bonus payable is related to the profit performance of the Company as a whole, aligning them with the objective of increasing overall corporate profitability for shareholders. The pre-tax profit calculation excludes unusual one-time items, such as goodwill write downs or most non-recurring

restructuring expenses or gains from a property sale. For officers and general managers of the Company, bonuses are generally based on a negotiated percentage of pre-tax profits of the officer's division or plant, as the case may be. Bonuses are generally adjusted on the basis of negotiated cash flow or other financial targets, achieving budgets, or meeting individual performance standards. The underlying objective of the bonus structure is to encourage entrepreneurial management behavior, to support the Company's operating structure, and to instill financial discipline at both the Company and local level, reflecting the fact that an officer's compensation is directly affected by the profitability of the operations over which he or she is responsible.

The Company believes that bonuses based on pre-tax profit have a long term focus as it takes time and consistent effort to increase pre-tax profit. Using pre-tax profit as a primary incentive measure is consistent with Martinrea's entrepreneurial culture and its focus on continuous improvement of operations. If a plant, business unit or the Company is not profitable in a year, no bonus will be paid. The Company believes this motivates general managers, officers and executives at every level to work towards consistent profitability and consistent profit growth, as evidenced by the Company's financial performance over the past several years. Pre-tax earnings has been chosen as a driver of a significant portion of variable bonus compensation as it is a key element of earnings per share and ultimately share price, and thus there is a direct link between executive compensation and ultimately share performance. Pre-tax profit captures the concept of both earnings from operations and the costs of financing those earnings. It is also a key feature of bonus compensation in the Canadian automotive parts supplier industry where the Company must compete for talent, and it has proven to be an effective factor in attracting and retaining talent at the general manager and officer level.

In 2016, the Company adjusted its approach to the calculation of bonuses to the leaders of its business units, so that a portion of the bonus is based on the pre-tax profit of the executive's business unit, a portion is based on the pre-tax profit of the Company other than that relating to the executive's business unit, and a portion based on individual performance goals set annually by the Chief Executive Officer. This approach, in the Company's view, has worked very well.

In late 2016, the Company adopted a PRSU Plan, a form of deferred compensation plan, for implementation in 2017. From 2017 to 2020, the Board approved each of Messrs. Wildeboer and D'Eramo the ability to elect to take 25% of their bonus based on pre-tax profit in the form of RSUs, with an additional grant of PSUs. In 2021, to place greater emphasis on long-term compensation and employee retention, commencing on and after 2022, the Board increased the amount of annual pre-tax bonus compensation Messrs. Wildeboer and D'Eramo could elect to receive in RSUs from 25% to 50% of annual pre-tax bonus compensation with the potential of receiving an additional grant of PSUs and/or DSUs for a deferral of any amount greater than 25%, as described below. For each year, Messrs. D'Eramo and Wildeboer elected to defer the maximum amount of the bonuses the Board authorized them to be able to defer in exchange for RSUs with additional grants of PSUs and/or DSUs.

From 2021 to 2024, the Board also approved the ability of senior executives reporting to the CEO to elect to receive 25% of their annual pre-tax bonus compensation in the form of RSUs with the potential of receiving an additional grant of PSUs and/or DSUs. It is anticipated that RSUs and PSUs will continue to be utilized in the future as a portion of executive compensation.

The COVID-19 pandemic and the related-global semi-conductor shortage and supply chain issues, inflation, EV challenges and other macroeconomic and geopolitical challenges, provides insight into how the Company's compensation philosophy works in practice. Executive bonuses were materially reduced in 2020 and 2021 from 2019 because the Company's pre-tax profits were down year over year, impacted by the shutdowns related to the COVID-19 pandemic and related global semi-conductor chip shortage. Lower pre-tax profits translated into lower bonuses. Bonuses increased in 2022, 2023 and 2024 as pre-tax profits increased.

Equity Participation

A critical element of executive compensation is direct or indirect equity participation by senior executives. The Compensation Committee believes that executives must be motivated not simply to increase corporate profits, but the Company's stock price over the long term as well, to the benefit of shareholders. Senior executives are encouraged to own a significant amount of Common Shares. The top senior executives have typically owned a significant amount of Common Shares.

The Compensation Committee believes that incentive compensation in the form of stock option grants which vest over time, is and has been beneficial and necessary to attract and retain both senior executives and managerial talent at other levels given the significant compensation levels its executives were earning and could earn at other companies. Furthermore, the Company believes options are an effective long-term incentive vehicle because they are directly tied to share price over a 10 year period and motivate executives to deliver sustained long term performance and increase shareholder value, since stock options have a long term horizon that aligns with long-term corporate goals. Only a limited number of options have been granted over the past decade. In 2014, 500,000 options were granted to Mr. D'Eramo upon his appointment as the new President and Chief Executive Officer, vesting as to 25% immediately and 25% on each anniversary of his start date for the next three years. These options expired unexercised in November 2024. In November 2024, after the expiry of the 500,000 options granted in 2014 to Mr. D'Eramo, 500,000 options were granted to Mr. D'Eramo, vesting over five (5) years. See "Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans – Stock Option Plan".

Option awards have been discretionary, as approved by the Compensation Committee or the Board of Directors. The Compensation Committee or Board of Directors considers a variety of factors in exercising its discretion, including the compensation philosophy and practices of the Company as described herein; individual or collective management performance; industry compensation practices; previous grants of options; and general compensation trends.

As noted above, the Company adopted a PRSU Plan for implementation in 2017. A full description of the PRSU Plan is described under "Other Compensation Plans—PRSU Plan". The PRSU Plan provides for the grant of PSUs or RSUs to certain key employees of the Company, as determined by the Compensation Committee. The purpose of the PRSU Plan is to ensure that the interests of the key employees are aligned with the success of the Company; provide compensation opportunities to attract, retain and motivate key employees of the Company and its subsidiaries; create an ownership mentality among key employees; to provide increased long term incentive compensation and mitigate excessive risk taking by Company employees. A PSU is a performance-based notional share unit entitling the holder to a conditional right to payment where the value of each PSU vested and paid out is linked to the value of a Common Share. The value of the PSUs granted to date and in the future will be tied to total shareholder return performance relative to a peer group of companies in similar industries, as well as to the share price. The number of PSUs paid out on redemption shall be determined using an adjustment factor (the "Adjustment Factor") according to the following scale:

Relative TSR Performance	Adjustment Factor
Less than the 25 th percentile	0
25 th percentile	.50
50 th percentile	1.00
75 th percentile or higher	1.5

The Adjustment Factor for performance between the numbers set out above is interpolated on a straight line basis.

The following companies comprise the Peer Group for the 2024 PSUs:

Adient	Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc	Linamar Corp
American Axle & Mfg Holdings	Dana Holding Corp.	Magna International Inc.
Autoliv Inc	Exco Technologies	Superior Industries Intl
BorgWarner Inc	Lear Corp	

A RSU is a PSU for which there is no performance-based vesting condition. Both are a form of equity participation that the Company expects will be utilized increasingly in future as a portion of executive compensation.

The first grants of RSUs and PSUs were granted in 2017 to Messrs. Wildeboer and D'Eramo, who elected to take 25% of their 2017 bonus based on pre-tax profit in the form of RSUs. Additional RSUs have been granted from 2018 to 2024 to Messrs. Wildeboer and D'Eramo, who elected to take 25% of their annual bonus based on pre-tax profit in the form of RSUs from 2017 to 2020, and commencing 2021, elected to take an additional 25% of their annual bonus based on pre-tax profit in the form of RSUs. In addition, the Compensation Committee granted each a like number of PSUs and/or DSUs. The PSUs and DSUs are not tied to Messrs. Wildeboer's or D'Eramo's employment contracts.

From 2021 to 2024, Messrs. Di Tosto, Paine and Cirulis elected to take 25% of their annual bonus based on pre-tax profit in the form of RSUs. In addition, the Compensation Committee granted each a like number of PSUs and/or DSUs as applicable.

RSUs and PSUs have been awarded from 2021 to 2024. RSUs and PSUs may be granted in the future as determined at the discretion of the Compensation Committee. See also "Executive Share Ownership Policy" below. Vesting of RSUs and PSUs is subject to the discretion of the Compensation Committee, and will generally occur over time. In the case of a situation where an executive officer elects to take a portion of earned bonus in the form of RSUs, vesting will generally be immediate, although payout or redemption will occur at the redemption date provided in the PRSU Plan. The awarding of RSUs and PSUs by the Compensation Committee or the Board of Directors is discretionary, taking into consideration a variety of factors, including compensation philosophy and practices as described herein; individual or collective management performance; industry compensation practices; previous grants of PSUs and RSUs; and general compensation trends. For additional information on the Company's RSUs and PSUs see "Other Compensation Plans".

As discussed above, the Company has a DSU Plan that, prior to 2019, was used for independent directors. However, from 2019 to 2024, DSUs were granted to certain officers, approaching retirement as a retention mechanism to keep their services during a transition period. Also, in 2021, for years commencing on and after 2022, the Board approved the potential grant of DSUs for any deferral of salary as described above under "Bonus".

Executive Share Ownership Policy

In 2013, in order to encourage increased executive ownership of Common Shares over time, the Company adopted, on the recommendation of the Compensation Committee and approved by the Board, new executive ownership guidelines (the "Executive Share Ownership Policy" or "ESOP"). The basic guidelines are as follows. The minimum share ownership level for the Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Chairman, the two most senior executives of the Company, was set at a minimum of three times base salary. Messrs. Cirulis and Di Tosto's minimum share ownership level has been set at a minimum of two times base salary. For other Named Executive Officers and senior executive officers at the executive vice president level or equivalent, which now includes Larry Paine, the minimum share ownership level has been set at a minimum of one times base salary. For other executive officers, the minimum share ownership level has been set at a minimum of one half of base salary. The executives have five years to accumulate the required ownership value based on the greater of cost or fair market value. Once the minimum level is reached, the executive is required to maintain the minimum share ownership level.

The Company also adopted in 2013 a form of employee ownership assistance plan, which provides that if an eligible employee purchases Common Shares with his or her own funds, the Company will match the share purchase. The matching amounts available to any eligible employee in any one year will be capped at what the Compensation Committee views as an appropriate level. The Company and the Compensation Committee believe that this assistance can replace to a certain extent the grants of options to eligible employee.

The Company believes that an appropriately structured share ownership plan, with minimum share ownership requirements, where the employee, in order to benefit, must use his or her own funds and put them at risk in an investment of company shares, is in certain respects a better ownership plan than phantom shares, performance shares, restricted share units or deferred share units. This program will remain in place at the discretion of the Compensation Committee. From 2018 through 2024, where an employee also reached the minimum share ownership level, to encourage additional equity ownership by the employee, the Compensation Committee authorized the participant to elect to receive RSUs and PSUs in lieu of purchasing shares in the market using the ESOP. In 2024, 54 individuals

purchased Common Shares in the secondary market under the ESOP, with Company assistance. Company assistance is treated for compensation and income tax purposes as a cash bonus.

At present, executive officers are subject to share ownership requirements. All of the executive officers own Common Shares, and many now have attained the minimum share ownership level, or have time remaining to do so. The Company believes the ESOP has been very successful, and has been extremely well-received by employees and well-perceived by shareholders.

Clawback Policy

The Board has the right to require repayment or forfeiture by any senior executive of all or part of any incentive-based compensation; if both:

1. the amount of any incentive-based compensation was calculated in relation to the Company's financial results that are subsequently the subject of or affected by a restatement of the Company's financial statements required by applicable securities laws due to the Company's material breach of financial reporting requirements applicable at the time the original financial statements were filed (other than due to a change in accounting rules or policy); and
2. the amount of any incentive-based compensation would have been lower based on the restated results.

The clawback applies to any incentive-based compensation within the three years preceding the restatement.

The clawback amount is limited to the difference between the incentive-based compensation earned and the incentive-based compensation that would have been earned had the incentive-based compensation been determined using the restated financial results.

Managing Compensation Related Risk

In 2024, as in past years, the Compensation Committee considered the implications of the risks associated with its compensation policies and practices. The Compensation Committee is actively involved in the risk oversight of its compensation policies and practices. Managing enterprise risk is embedded in all of the Company's key decisions and the Board of Directors approves all significant strategic decisions. While risk is always inherent in the Company's business, the Company believes its executive compensation program contains a number of features and practices that the Company considers decrease the risks associated with compensation.

The Company uses the following practices to discourage or mitigate excessive risk-taking:

- The Board reviews and approves the Company's business plan and budgets, which are considered in the context of assessing performance and awarding incentives, before the start of each year.
- The Company's compensation policies and practices are generally consistent among the Company's business units and executive officers.
- Bonuses for NEOs are generally negotiated in the employment contract as a specified percentage of pre-tax profits; the negotiated percentages do not fluctuate, although the amount of bonus will fluctuate as profits fluctuate. The underlying objective of this bonus structure (including of executive officers and general managers) is to encourage entrepreneurial management behavior, to support the Company's operating structure, and to instill financial discipline at both the Company and local level, reflecting the fact that an officer's compensation is directly affected by the profitability of the operations over which he or she is responsible and, in many cases, of the Company as a whole. As the profitability of the division or plant increases, so will such person's bonus.
- In 2016, bonus compensation for general managers, while based on plant pre-tax profit, was adjusted to be based also on other metrics, including plant cash flow, meeting budget targets at the plant or group level, or individual targets set at the beginning of the year, all of which can ensure certain relevant risk factors are taken into account in determining compensation.

- All senior executive contracts are regularly updated and reviewed by the Compensation Committee.
- There is an appropriate mix of pay, including fixed and performance based compensation with short and longer time performance conditions and multiple forms of compensation, including the PRSU Plan, the DSU Plan and options.
- The Company has share ownership requirements for its NEOs and senior executives.
- The Company expressly prohibits its directors and employees from hedging of Common Shares and share based compensation awards.
- The Company's long term incentive program includes DSUs, RSUs, PSUs and options which vest over time, except in the case where a portion of annual incentives are exchanged for RSUs. This ensures that executives remain exposed to the risks of their decisions and vesting periods align with risk realization periods. The trading of Common Shares, whether obtained through option exercise or otherwise, is subject to specified black-out periods. The approval to allow certain executives the opportunity to take a portion of their annual bonus compensation in exchange for RSUs and receive a like number of PSUs and/or DSUs, also acts as a retention mechanism and helps to ensure the executives remain exposed to the risks of their decisions and vesting periods align with risk realization periods.
- The Company's incentive plans have a balanced focus on share price improvement, operating profit and relative performance measures.
- The Company's option plan contains restrictions on option re-pricing, and in 2016 was amended to require a minimum 12 month vesting period and will vest over at least a three year period, as determined by the Directors, and contains limits on the amount of options that can be granted to insiders (see "Stock Option Plan" below).
- The Company has implemented the ESOP, as described above, to require and encourage minimum levels of share ownership, to better align executive risk perceptions with those of shareholders. All senior executive officers own Common Shares and are shareholders. The Company continues to encourage investment by executives in equity ownership by offering RSUs and PSUs to those who reach the minimum share ownership through continued use of the ESOP.
- The Audit Committee and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing and monitoring the Company's financial and enterprise risks. The Audit Committee and the Compensation Committee are comprised entirely of independent directors. This ensures that the Compensation Committee has direct information respecting the Company's enterprise risk when making compensation decisions.
- The Compensation Committee has discretion to adjust annual incentive payments to take into account unexpected events and the level of risk undertaken to achieve desired results.
- The Company has a clawback policy, as described above.

As a result of the Compensation Committee's review of its compensation plans, it has concluded that there are no identified risks arising from its compensation programs which are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

Compensation Review

The Company believes that it has assembled an excellent management team with the foregoing executives, along with other members of the management team.

The Compensation Committee meets regularly, and did so in 2024 as well. All bonuses for NEOs and senior executives are reviewed and approved by the Compensation Committee. As noted above, the Compensation Committee determined it to be in the interests of the Company to adopt a PRSU Plan and DSU Plan. This addition, as well as the Company's changes to its executive compensation over the past several years as described above, reflect an increasing level of variable performance based pay versus fixed compensation.

The Company has been one of the fastest growing automotive parts suppliers in the world over the past decade. The Compensation Committee has concluded that the Company’s senior executive team has performed well, and that the Company had performed in general very well operationally and strategically over the past several years, achieving corporate goals and business objectives approved by the Company’s Board of Directors, in an always challenging automotive environment, including the most recent COVID-19 pandemic, global semi-conductor chip shortage, supply chain issues, inflation, trade and tariff, EV challenges and other macroeconomic and geopolitical issues. See also discussion under “Performance Graph” below.

Retention of Compensation Consultants

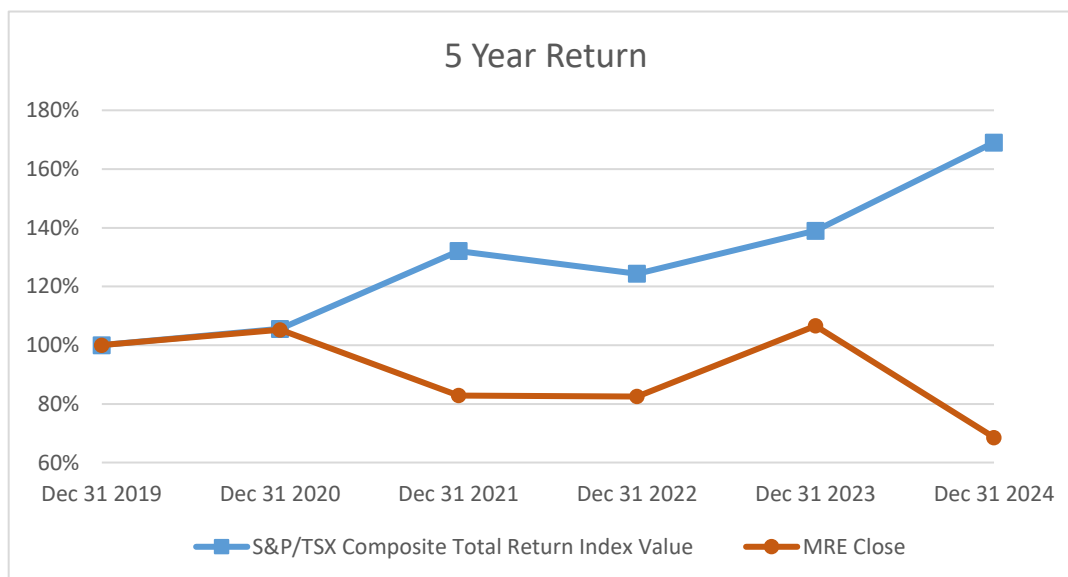
In the past, the Compensation Committee retained an independent compensation consultant, Meridian, to provide independent advice to the Compensation Committee in connection with certain matters pertaining to executive compensation and director compensation. Meridian performed a benchmarking analysis in 2015 and provided advice respecting the Comparator Group. Meridian also provided advice to the Compensation Committee about other compensation issues and governance and compensation best practices. Meridian assisted in the development of the DSU Plan and the PRSU Plan. Meridian does not provide executive compensation services to management of the Company but has assisted with the review of approaches to general manager compensation and compensation to non-executives as part of its mandate from the Compensation Committee to review overall compensation programs. All services provided by and fees paid to Meridian were approved by the Compensation Committee.

The Compensation Committee did not retain a compensation consultant in 2024.

Performance Graph

Cumulative Total Return on \$100 Investment (5 years)

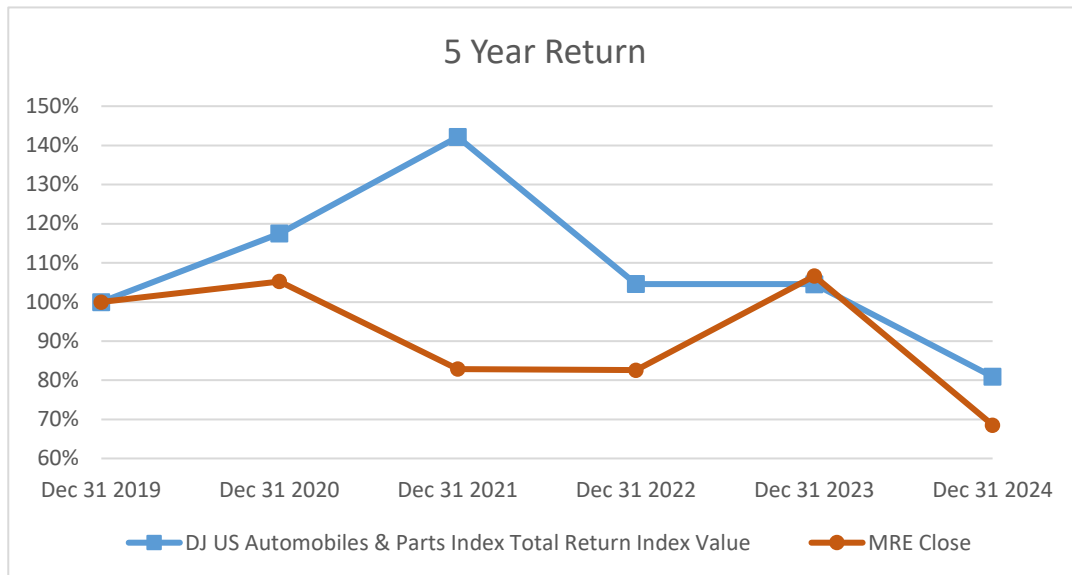
The following graph compares the percentage change in the cumulative total shareholder return on the Common Shares with the cumulative total return of the S&P/TSX Composite Index during the period from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2024 based on the closing price of the Common Shares as at December 31, 2019 (\$14.31) and as at December 31, 2024 (\$9.02) if \$100 was invested and all dividends were reinvested:



	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024
Martinrea Common Shares	\$100	\$105.24	\$82.86	\$82.57	\$106.63	\$68.56
S&P/TSX Composite Total Return Index	\$100	\$105.60	\$132.10	\$124.38	\$138.99	\$169.09

As shown in the graph above, as at December 31, 2024, the Company's total shareholder return for five years decreased by approximately 31% since December 31, 2019 while the S&P/TSX Composite Index total return increased by approximately 69% over the same period.

The Dow Jones service publishes a Dow Jones US Automobiles & Parts Index. The following graph compares the percentage change in such index during the period from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2024 with the cumulative total return on the Common Shares during such period. For the Dow Jones US Automobiles & Parts Index, the Company's total shareholder return for five years decreased by approximately 39% while the Index decreased by approximately 19%.



As noted above under “Compensation Discussion and Analysis”, the Company's executive compensation is linked to the performance level of both individual officers and the Company, as related to its profits and its share price. Compensation for NEOs for 2024 is not directly linked to changes in the Company's share price, with the exception of options, RSUs, PSUs and DSUs described below, although the value of an NEO's equity position in the Company does fluctuate. In the past 5 year period, the total return to shareholders holding our stock, including reinvested dividends, has been -31%.

Over the past few years, the Company's compensation trend has been to tie a greater portion of executive bonus compensation to long-term equity compensation and employee share ownership using the Company's ESOP, and equity compensation such as RSUs, DSUs and options, as previously described, and to ensure that compensation is structured so that improvements in company performance should be reflected in an increasing share price (absent external factors).

Several general observations can be made. Except as noted above, the base salaries of NEOs have not changed materially, over the past five years, and changes are not related to share price. As noted above, in 2020 base salaries were temporarily reduced. Cash bonuses for NEOs are primarily based on pre-tax profits of the Company or

a division or plant or a combination thereof, as applicable, and bonus compensation has fluctuated with profitability. The Company's Common Share price has fluctuated over the last five years. The value of options and RSUs, PSUs and DSUs granted to NEOs and the value of an NEO's shareholdings fluctuate with stock price fluctuations. All NEOs own Common Shares in accordance with the Company's Executive Share Ownership Policy, which includes minimum share ownership requirements. The value of option, RSU, PSU, DSU and Common Share holdings should increase over time should the Company's Common Shares appreciate in price. Each of the NEOs has participated in the ESOP in the past three years. As noted above, the Company introduced a PRSU Plan in 2016, with grants of RSUs and PSUs to Messrs. Wildeboer and D'Eramo from 2017 to 2024 which tied a significant portion of the bonus compensation to share price performance. The Company expanded the award of RSUs, PSUs and/or DSUs to other eligible employees which tie a portion of bonus compensation to share price performance. The value of the PSUs granted to date and in the future will be tied to total shareholder return performance relative to a peer group of companies in similar industries, as well as to share price.

After comparison of total shareholder return performance by the Company against the peer group identified above, PSUs granted in 2022 were redeemed on December 1, 2024 using an adjustment factor of 1.5, resulting in amounts payable under the PSUs to the NEOs or other holders of PSUs redeemable on the date. The Company's share price performance for the period was in the 82% quartile of the comparator group. Options also expired unexercised during this period, where the stock price was below the exercise price of the option.

The Compensation Committee believes that the Company's compensation trends are in line with its compensation philosophy.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth the details regarding compensation earned by each of the NEOs in respect of the financial years ended December 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022. All amounts in this Management Information Circular are in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise disclosed.

Name and Principal Position ⁽¹⁾	Year	Salary	Share-Based Awards ⁽²⁾	Option-Based Awards ⁽³⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation		Pension Value	All Other Compensation ⁽⁶⁾	Total Compensation
					Annual Incentive Plans ⁽⁴⁾	Long-Term Incentive Plans ⁽⁵⁾			
		(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Rob Wildeboer Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors ⁽⁷⁾	2024	\$933,333	\$2,080,578	-	\$1,008,765	\$200,000	N/A	-	\$4,222,672
	2023	\$725,000	\$2,402,884	-	\$1,165,035	\$200,000	N/A	-	\$4,492,919
	2022	\$725,000	\$2,047,916	-	\$963,725	\$200,000	N/A	-	\$3,936,641
Pat D'Eramo ⁽⁸⁾ Chief Executive Officer	2024	\$1,026,256	\$2,080,578	\$1,585,000	\$1,008,765	\$200,000	N/A	\$109,016	\$6,009,615
	2023	\$817,923	\$2,402,884	-	\$1,165,035	\$200,000	N/A	\$108,064	\$4,693,906
	2022	\$817,923	\$1,987,683	-	\$963,725	\$200,000	N/A	\$103,528	\$4,072,859
Fred Di Tosto ⁽⁹⁾ President	2024	\$600,000	\$739,582	-	\$756,574	\$75,000	N/A	-	\$2,171,156
	2023	\$600,000	\$567,514	-	\$524,267	\$100,000	N/A	-	\$1,791,781
	2022	\$550,000	\$575,118	-	\$433,676	-	N/A	-	\$1,558,794

Name and Principal Position ⁽¹⁾	Year	Salary	Share-Based Awards ⁽²⁾	Option-Based Awards ⁽³⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation		Pension Value	All Other Compensation ⁽⁶⁾	Total Compensation
					Annual Incentive Plans ⁽⁴⁾	Long-Term Incentive Plans ⁽⁵⁾			
		(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Peter Cirulis ⁽¹⁰⁾ Chief Financial Officer and Lead for Lightweight Structures Commercial Group	2024	\$613,207	\$471,662	-	\$381,849	\$124,925	N/A	-	\$1,591,643
	2023	\$607,838	\$375,398	-	\$265,620	\$30,750	N/A	-	\$1,279,606
	2022	\$556,463	\$86,000	-	\$357,978	\$100,000	N/A	-	\$1,100,441
Larry Paine, Executive Vice President, Metallics Business Unit	2024	\$500,000	\$634,846	-	\$740,677	\$100,000	N/A	-	\$1,975,523
	2023	\$500,000	\$716,043	-	\$797,391	\$100,000	N/A	-	\$2,113,434
	2022	\$425,000	\$445,741	-	\$479,654	\$100,000	N/A	-	\$1,450,395

(1) Each NEO has entered into an employment agreement with the Company. See “Employment Contracts” above.

(2) PSUs and RSUs are based on the grant date fair value (as calculated under the PRSU Plan) of annual bonuses in the form of RSUs, which also include the grant value of PSUs awarded assuming an adjustment factor of 1 in each of, 2022, 2023 and 2024. DSUs are based on the grant date fair value (as calculated under the DSU Plan).

(3) Represents options granted during the year. The Company has adopted fair value accounting for options granted under its stock option plan using the Black-Scholes fair value option pricing method. For additional details, please see Note 16 of the Company’s annual audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 filed under the Company’s SEDAR+ profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

(4) Amounts disclosed under the “Annual Incentive Plan” column include bonuses paid under the employment contracts. Bonuses were paid in 2022, 2023 and 2024 in accordance with the employment contracts.

(5) Represents payment under ESOP. See “Executive Share Ownership Policy”.

(6) Perquisites and other personal benefits do not exceed the lesser of \$50,000 and 10% of the total annual salary and bonuses. For Mr. D’Eramo, this amount represents life insurance premiums paid by the Company.

(7) Effective February 29, 2024, the Company raised Mr. Wildeboer’s salary by \$250,000.

(8) Mr. D’Eramo’s annual base salary is \$725,000 for 2022 and 2023, but fixed at a \$CDN/US dollar exchange rate of 0.8946, and effective February 29, 2024, the Company raised Mr. D’Eramo’s salary by \$250,000 (but fixed at a \$CDN/US dollar exchange rate of 0.7364). For the 2024 fiscal year, Mr. D’Eramo held the position of President and Chief Executive Officer from January 1, 2024 to January 8, 2024. Mr. Di Tosto assumed the role of President effective January 8, 2024. As of January 8, 2024, Mr. D’Eramo’s position is Chief Executive Officer.

(9) For the 2024 fiscal year, Mr. Di Tosto held the role of Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President, Corporate Strategy from January 1, 2024 to January 8, 2024, and President and Chief Financial Officer from January 8, 2024 until July 1, 2024. Mr. Cirulis assumed the role of Chief Financial Officer effective July 1, 2024. As of July 1, 2024, Mr. Di Tosto’s position is President.

(10) For the 2024 fiscal year, Mr. Cirulis held the role of Executive Vice President, Aluminum and Lead for Lightweight Structures Commercial Group until July 1, 2024. As of July 1, 2024, Mr. Cirulis’ position is Chief Financial Officer and Lead for Lightweight Structures Commercial Group.

Incentive Plan Awards

Outstanding Share-Based Awards and Option-Based Awards

The following table sets forth the details regarding the incentive plan awards for each NEO outstanding as of December 31, 2024. On December 31, 2024, the closing price of the Common Shares on the TSX was \$9.02 per Common Share.

Name	Option-Based Awards				Share-Based Awards		
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options	Option Exercise Price	Option Expiration Date	Value of Unexercised in-the-money Options ⁽¹⁾⁽⁶⁾	Number of Shares or Units of Shares That Have Not Vested	Market or Payout Value of Share-Based Awards That Have Not Vested	Market or Payout Value of Vested Share-Based Awards Not Paid Out or Distributed
	(#)	(\$)		(\$)	(#)	(\$)	(\$)
Rob Wildeboer Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors ^{(2), (3)}	100,000	\$14.63	12/20/2029	Nil	186,445 ⁽²⁾	\$1,681,737 ⁽²⁾	\$2,348,742 ⁽³⁾
Pat D'Eramo Chief Executive Officer ^{(4), (5)}	500,000	\$10.16	11/29/2034	Nil	176,918 ⁽⁴⁾	\$1,595,800 ⁽⁴⁾	\$2,189,055 ⁽⁵⁾
	100,000	\$14.63	12/20/2029	Nil			
Fred Di Tosto President ^{(7), (8)}	50,000	\$13.19	09/28/2028	Nil	68,154 ⁽⁷⁾	\$614,752 ⁽⁷⁾	\$402,379 ⁽⁸⁾
	75,000	\$14.63	12/20/2029	Nil			
Peter Cirulis Chief Financial Officer and Lead for Lightweight Structures Commercial Group ^{(9), (10)}	50,000	\$14.63	12/20/2029	Nil	47,379 ⁽⁹⁾	\$427,356 ⁽⁹⁾	\$182,351 ⁽¹⁰⁾
Larry Paine, Executive Vice President, Metallics Business Unit ^{(11), (12)}	20,000	\$13.19	09/28/2028	Nil	63,149 ⁽¹¹⁾	\$569,601 ⁽¹¹⁾	\$513,863 ⁽¹²⁾
	50,000	\$14.63	12/20/2029	Nil			

⁽¹⁾ On December 31, 2024, the closing price of the Common Shares on the TSX was \$9.02 per Common Share. Value is calculated based on the difference between the market value of the Common Shares as at December 31, 2024 and the exercise price of the option.

⁽²⁾ Share units that have not vested are 115,176 PSUs and 71,269 DSUs. PSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the redemption date. DSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the redemption date. The closing price of the Common Shares on the TSX as at December 31, 2024 of \$9.02 per share was used to calculate the value. The payout value assumes an adjustment factor of 1.

⁽³⁾ Represents all unredeemed and vested RSUs, PSUs, and DSUs. Share units that have vested and are unredeemed as of December 31, 2024 were 190,895 RSUs, 22,573 PSUs, and 46,925 DSUs. The closing price of the Common Shares on the TSX as at December 31, 2024 of \$9.02 per share was used to calculate the value.

⁽⁴⁾ Share units that have not vested are 118,794 PSUs and 58,124 DSUs. PSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the redemption date. DSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the third anniversary of the grant date. The closing price of the Common Shares on the TSX as at December 31, 2024 of \$9.02 per share was used to calculate the value. The payout value assumes an adjustment factor of 1.

⁽⁵⁾ Represents all unredeemed and vested RSUs, PSUs, and DSUs. Share units that have vested and are unredeemed as of December 31, 2024 were 190,895 RSUs, 24,382 PSUs, and 27,412 DSUs. The closing price of the Common Shares on the TSX as at December 31, 2024 of \$9.02 per share was used to calculate the value.

⁽⁶⁾ Pursuant to the terms of the Stock Option Plan, for options that are scheduled to expire or terminate during or within 10 business days following a blackout period, the Expiry Date shall be the date that is the tenth business day following the date of expiry of the Blackout

Period (the “Blackout Expiry Date”). If a new Blackout Period is imposed prior to the Blackout Expiry Date, the Blackout Expiry Date shall be the date that is the tenth business day following the date of expiry of the new Blackout Period.

- (7) Share units that have not vested are 51,498 PSUs and 16,656 RSUs. 14,098 PSUs vest only on redemption. 37,400 PSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the redemption date. 16,656 RSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the redemption date.
- (8) Represents 39,726 RSUs and 4,884 PSUs that have vested.
- (9) Share units that have not vested are 18,841 PSUs, 13,602 RSUs and 14,936 DSUs. 12,866 PSUs vest only on redemption. 5,975 PSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the redemption date. RSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the redemption date. DSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the third anniversary of the grant date.
- (10) Represents 18,613 RSUs, 712 PSUs, and 891 DSUs that have vested.
- (11) Share units that have not vested are 17,012 PSUs, 8,394 RSUs and 37,743 DSUs. 10,091 PSUs vest only on redemption. 6,921 PSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date, and the remaining 1/3 on the redemption date. RSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the redemption date. DSUs vest 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant date, 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant date and the remaining 1/3 on the third anniversary of the grant date.
- (12) Represents 41,169 RSUs and 15,800 DSUs that have vested.

Value Vested or Earned During the Financial Year Ended December 31, 2024

The following table sets forth the details regarding the value vested or earned of incentive plan awards for each NEO for the financial year ended December 31, 2024.

Name	Option-Based Awards – Value Vested During the Year ⁽¹⁾	Share-Based Awards – Value Vested During the Year ⁽²⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation – Value Earned During the Year ⁽³⁾
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Rob Wildeboer Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors	Nil ⁽⁶⁾	\$1,939,197 ⁽⁴⁾	\$1,208,765
Pat D’Eramo Chief Executive Officer ⁽⁷⁾	Nil ⁽⁶⁾	\$1,984,749 ⁽⁴⁾	\$1,208,765
Fred Di Tosto President	Nil ⁽⁶⁾	\$744,655 ⁽⁵⁾	\$831,574
Peter Cirulis Chief Financial Officer and Lead for Lightweight Structures Commercial Group	Nil ⁽⁶⁾	\$269,528 ⁽⁴⁾	\$506,774
Larry Paine, Executive Vice President, Metallics Business Unit	Nil ⁽⁶⁾	\$503,515 ⁽⁴⁾	\$840,677

(1) Value of options vested during 2024 is calculated by using the difference between the market price of the underlying securities at vesting and the exercise price of the stock options.

(2) The value vested has been determined based on the closing price of the Common Shares on the applicable vesting date.

(3) Amounts disclosed under this column are cash bonuses paid under the employment contracts plus payments under the ESOP. See “Executive Share Ownership Policy”.

(4) Represents the DSUs, RSUs and PSUs that vested in 2024.

(5) Represents RSUs and PSUs that vested in 2024.

(6) Options granted on December 20, 2019 at \$14.63 per share vest 1/5 on each of December 20, 2020, December 20, 2021, December 20, 2022, December 20, 2023 and December 20, 2024. The Closing price of the Common Shares on December 20, 2024 was \$9.05.

(7) Options granted on November 29, 2024 at \$10.16 per share vest 1/5 on each of November 29, 2025, November 29, 2026, November 29, 2027, November 29, 2028 and November 29, 2029.

2022 PSU Awards – Performance and Payout

After comparison of total shareholder return performance by the Company against the peer group identified above, PSUs granted in 2022 were redeemed on December 1, 2024 using an adjustment factor of 1.50, resulting in the following amounts payable to the NEOs.

Name	Number of PSUs Redeemed	Amount
Pat D'Eramo	62,114	\$957,797.88
Rob Wildeboer	41,409	\$638,526.78
Fred Di Tosto	30,880	\$476,169.60
Peter Cirulis	5,179	\$79,860.18
Larry Paine	5,177	\$79,829.34

The Company's share price performance for the period was above the 75% quartile of the comparator group.

Termination and Change of Control Benefits

The employment agreement with Mr. Wildeboer has always provided that, upon termination of the executive by the Company without cause or following a change in control of the Company, the executive is entitled to a severance payment in an amount equal to three (3) times the last full fiscal year's total compensation (not including value ascribed to option based awards), including salary, bonus (including ESOP and RSUs where cash bonus has been deferred for a like value of RSUs) and benefits. Mr. Wildeboer continues to have these termination provisions, as his contract is unique to his circumstances as co-founder. The contracts for the co-founders all contained these provisions. The Company determined the change of control and termination benefits for these officers were warranted in part because no pensions have been provided. For the purposes of these agreements, the term "change in control" is defined to mean (i) the acquisition by any person, directly or indirectly, of 50% or more of the Company's outstanding Common Shares, (ii) any merger, arrangement or similar event where control is transferred, or (iii) any event whereby any party or group, acting together, elects or causes to be elected to the Board of Directors of the Company persons who are or may be considered nominees thereof, and such persons constitute 50% or more of the directors of the Company then in office. The three year severance benefits described above are legacy arrangements, put in place in 2001.

The Company now limits severance arrangements to a maximum of 24 months, and to provide that any severance provisions will not be triggered by a change in control only, but by a severance or termination following a change of control. Executive contracts for Messrs. D'Eramo, Di Tosto, Cirulis and Paine contain these change of control provisions. Change of control is defined similar as above. Termination or constructive termination within two years of a change of control entitles the executive to payment under the contract over a two year period. Constructive termination includes any action by the Company not agreed to by the executive that results in a pay reduction or employment responsibilities materially inconsistent with responsibilities at the time of the change in control. Termination or constructive termination entitles a payment to two (2) times the last full four (4) fiscal quarters' total compensation, including salary, bonus (excluding PSUs and, with the exception of Mr. D'Eramo, amounts for ESOP and RSUs) and benefits payable over a 24 month period.

Mr. D'Eramo's severance period is 24 months; Mr. Di Tosto's severance period is 24 months; Mr. Cirulis' severance period is 24 months; and Mr. Paine's severance period is 18 months.

It has always been the Company's policy that any outstanding and unvested options, and now also RSUs, PSUs and DSUs, will vest on the change of control. The Company has never experienced a change of control.

The following chart outlines cash termination amounts payable in a termination or a termination following a change in control assuming a termination date of December 31, 2024.

Name	Termination Amounts Payable (\$)	Change of Control (\$)
Rob Wildeboer	\$9,452,589	\$9,452,589
Pat D'Eramo ⁽¹⁾	\$6,487,572	\$6,487,572
Fred Di Tosto	\$3,217,531	\$3,217,531
Peter Cirulis	\$2,244,678	\$2,244,678
Larry Paine	\$2,231,354	\$2,975,139

- (1) Mr. D'Eramo is entitled on termination to health insurance for him and his family to age 65.
- (2) All vested options held by NEOs have vested and are exercisable whether or not there is termination and all unvested options vest on a change of control.
- (3) Messrs. Wildeboer and D'Eramo have RSUs which have fully vested and which are payable whether or not there is termination.
- (4) Messrs. Wildeboer and D'Eramo have unvested PSUs and/or DSUs which vest on a change of control. Messrs. Di Tosto, Paine and Cirulis have unvested RSUs, PSUs and/or DSUs which vest on a change of control. For vesting of RSUs and PSUs or DSUs on termination, see "PSU Plan" and "DSU Plan" under "Other Compensation Plans".
- (5) Upon termination, benefits are generally continued for the termination period.

Director Compensation

The following table sets forth the details regarding compensation provided to the Company's independent directors during the financial year ended December 31, 2024.

Name	Cash Fees Earned ⁽¹⁾	Share-Based Awards ⁽¹⁾	Option- Based Awards	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation	Pension Value	All Other Compensation	Total Fees
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Terry Lyons ^{(2), (4)}	\$124,000	\$105,000	-	-	-	-	\$229,000
Maureen Midgley ^{(4), (5)}	\$4,000	\$210,000	-	-	-	-	\$214,000
Fred Olson ^{(3), (4)}	\$217,000	\$105,000	-	-	-	-	\$322,000
Hon. Sandra Pupatello ^{(2), (4)}	\$124,000	\$105,000	-	-	-	-	\$229,000
David Schoch ^{(2), (4)} ⁽⁶⁾	\$19,000	\$210,000	-	-	-	-	\$229,000
Molly Shoichet ⁽⁴⁾ ⁽⁷⁾	\$98,500	\$115,500	-	-	-	-	\$214,000
Edward Waitzer ^{(4), (8)}	\$4,000	\$210,000	-	-	-	-	\$214,000

- (1) Effective January 1, 2016, the Company adopted a DSU Plan for directors. One half of the annual director retainer is paid in DSUs, and has been separately disclosed under the column Share Based Awards.
- (2) Includes \$15,000 stipend for Committee Chair.
- (3) Includes Lead Director Fee of \$100,000.
- (4) Includes regular Committee Member Fee of \$4,000 per Committee, annualized.
- (5) Ms. Midgley elected to received 100% of her 2024 retainer in DSUs.
- (6) Mr. Schoch elected to receive 100% of his 2024 retainer in DSUs.
- (7) Dr. Shoichet elected to receive an additional 10% of the cash portion of her 2024 retainer in DSUs.
- (8) Mr. Waitzer elected to receive 100% of his 2024 retainer in DSUs.

In 2015 and 2016, the Board of Directors reviewed its approach to director compensation, with the assistance of Meridian (see “Retention of Compensation Consultants” above). Meridian benchmarked director compensation relative to the comparator group and also provided information on market and good governance practices relating to director compensation. While the overall quantum of pay for Martinrea’s directors did not require adjustment, the Board determined to move to an all-inclusive retainer and the use of DSUs instead of stock options for directors, effective January 1, 2016. The annual retainer for 2016 was set at \$200,000, delivered 50% in cash and 50% in DSUs. A director may elect to receive a higher percentage of compensation in DSUs. In 2019, the annual retainer was raised to \$210,000. A director who is chair of a committee will also receive an annual stipend of \$15,000 for sitting as such; the Lead Director will earn a fee of \$100,000 for sitting as such; and if there are special circumstances where a special committee has to be struck additional compensation will be considered on a case-by-case basis. In addition, retainers for membership on any committee has been set at \$4,000. The Company’s Stock Option Plan has also been amended to provide that options will no longer be granted to non-executive directors. There were no changes to this approach to director compensation in 2024. In 2024, a total of \$1,651,000 was paid to directors, including \$590,500 in the form of cash and \$1,060,500 in the form of DSUs, not including dividend DSUs. In 2024, the standing committees were comprised of four (4) members for the Audit Committee, three (4) members for the Compensation Committee and four (4) members for the CGNC. As in the past, all directors are invited to committee meetings in 2024.

The following table sets forth the breakdown of the non-executive directors’ fees earned for the financial year ended December 31, 2024.

Name	Board Annual Retainer	Board/ Committee Chair Retainer ⁽²⁾	Lead Director	Committee Member Fee	Total
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Terry Lyons ⁽¹⁾	\$210,000	\$15,000	-	\$4,000	\$229,000
Maureen Midgley ⁽³⁾	\$210,000	-	-	\$4,000	\$214,000
Fred Olson ⁽¹⁾	\$210,000	-	\$100,000	\$12,000	\$322,000
Hon. Sandra Pupatello	\$210,000	\$15,000	-	\$4,000	\$229,000
David Schoch ⁽³⁾	\$210,000	\$15,000	-	\$4,000	\$229,000
Molly Shoichet ⁽⁴⁾	\$210,000	-	-	\$4,000	\$214,000
Edward Waitzer ⁽³⁾	\$210,000	-	-	\$4,000	\$214,000

⁽¹⁾ Board retainer was \$210,000, paid 50% in cash and 50% in DSUs.

⁽²⁾ Committee Chair retainer was \$15,000.

⁽³⁾ Board retainer of \$210,000 paid in DSUs. As previously disclosed, Directors can elect to receive up to 100% of compensation in DSUs.

⁽⁴⁾ Board retainer of \$115,500 paid in DSUs. As previously disclosed, Directors can elect to receive up to 100% of compensation in DSUs.

Incentive Plan Awards

Outstanding Share-Based Awards and Option-Based Awards

The following table sets forth the details regarding the incentive plan awards for each non-executive director of the Company outstanding as of December 31, 2024. On December 31, 2024, the closing price of the Common Shares on the TSX was \$9.02 per Common Share.

Option-Based Awards					Share-Based Awards		
Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date ⁽¹⁾	Value of Unexercised in-the-money Options ⁽²⁾ (\$)	Number of Share Units or Units of Shares That Have Not Vested (#)	Market or Payout Value of Share-Based Awards That Have Not Vested (\$)	Market or Payout Value of Vested Share-Based Awards Not Paid Out or Distributed (\$) ⁽³⁾
Terry Lyons	25,000	\$13.87	06/11/2025	Nil	-	-	\$864,305
Maureen Midgley	None	-	-	-	-	-	\$246,950
Fred Olson	25,000	\$13.87	06/11/2025	Nil	-	-	\$864,305
Hon. Sandra Pupatello	25,000	\$13.87	06/11/2025	Nil	-	-	\$864,305
David Schoch	None	-	-	-	-	-	\$899,276
Molly Shoichet	None	-	-	-	-	-	\$556,327
Edward Waitzer	None	-	-	-	-	-	\$636,695

(1) Pursuant to the terms of the Stock Option Plan, for options that are scheduled to expire or terminate during or within 10 business days following a blackout period, the Expiry Date shall be the date that is the tenth business day following the date of expiry of the Blackout Period (the "Blackout Expiry Date"). If a new Blackout Period is imposed prior to the Blackout Expiry Date, the Blackout Expiry Date shall be the date that is the tenth business day following the date of expiry of the new Blackout Period.

(2) On December 31, 2024, the closing price of the Common Shares on the TSX was \$9.02 per Common Share. Value is calculated based on the difference between the market value of the Common Shares as at December 31, 2024 and the exercise price of the option.

(3) All DSUs vest on the Grant Date. DSUs are not redeemed until the Redemption Date, when a Director ceases to be a director of the Company. This amount represents the market value of previously granted unredeemed DSUs as of December 31, 2024. The value shown was determined using the closing price of the Company's Common Shares on the TSX on December 31, 2024 of \$9.02 per Common Share. Mr. Lyons, Mr. Olson and Ms. Pupatello each had 95,821 DSUs outstanding as of December 31, 2024. Mr. Schoch who joined the Board in August, 2018 and had 99,698 DSUs outstanding. Dr. Shoichet joined the Board in June, 2019 and had 61,677 DSUs outstanding. Mr. Waitzer joined the board in March, 2021 and had 70,587 DSUs outstanding. Ms. Midgley joined the board in January, 2023 and has 27,378 DSUs outstanding.

Value Vested or Earned During the Financial Year Ended December 31, 2024

The following table sets forth the details regarding the value vested or earned of incentive plan awards for each non-executive director of the Company for the financial year ended December 31, 2024.

Name	Option-Based Awards – Value Vested During the Year ⁽¹⁾	Share-Based Awards – Value Vested During the Year ⁽²⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation – Value Earned During the Year
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Terry Lyons	Nil	\$121,766	Nil
Maureen Midgley	Nil	\$208,893	Nil
Fred Olson	Nil	\$121,766	Nil
Hon. Sandra Pupatello	Nil	\$121,766	Nil

Name	Option-Based Awards – Value Vested During the Year ⁽¹⁾	Share-Based Awards – Value Vested During the Year ⁽²⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation – Value Earned During the Year
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
David Schoch	Nil	\$223,065	Nil
Molly Shoichet	Nil	\$125,116	Nil
Edward Waitzer	Nil	\$217,359	Nil

(1) No options were granted to Independent Directors in 2024. All other options held by Directors are fully vested on the respective grant dates.

(2) DSUs are fully vested on the Grant Date. In 2024, 9,418 DSUs were granted to each of Mr. Lyons, Mr. Olson and Ms. Pupatello in payment of the 50% of their annual retainer. In 2024, 10,373 DSUs were granted to Dr. Shoichet in payment of the 50% of her annual retainer and an additional 10% of the remaining cash portion of her annual retainer. In 2024, 18,968 DSUs were granted to each of Ms. Midgley, Mr. Schoch and Mr. Waitzer in payment of 100% of their annual retainer. Independent directors may receive a different number of dividend DSUs each year depending on the date of election to the Board. The value vested is determined by multiplying the number of DSUs granted on the Grant Date by the closing price of the Company's Common Shares on the TSX on the applicable Grant Date.

SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

Stock Option Plan

The Company established a stock option plan in 2002 which was amended in 2007, 2009, 2010, 2013 and 2016.

The purpose of the Stock Option Plan is to permit the Company to motivate and reward individuals who contribute to the Company's profitability and to provide those individuals with a proprietary interest in the long term growth and financial success of the Company. Employees, senior officers, non-executive directors and consultants are eligible to participate in the Stock Option Plan. The Board of Directors believes that the use of stock options will enhance the ability of the Company to continue to attract and retain talented individuals in a highly competitive industry and is an effective measure of compensation to align pay with performance and increasing shareholder value. The Stock Option Plan is administered by the Board of Directors, or, if so authorized (and such authorization has been given) the Compensation Committee.

Key provisions of the Stock Option Plan include: (a) restrictions that: (i) the number of Common Shares reserved for Insiders (as defined in the Stock Option Plan), at any time, under the Stock Option Plan and all security based compensation arrangements, cannot exceed 10% of issued and outstanding Common Shares; and (ii) the number of Common Shares issued to Insiders, within any one year period, under the Stock Option Plan and all security based compensation arrangements, cannot exceed 10% of issued and outstanding Common Shares; (b) a restriction that no more than 5% of the total number of issued and outstanding Common Shares may be issued to any one Insider in a one year period; (c) the option exercise price per Common Share may not be less than the closing price of the Common Shares on the trading day prior to the date of grant of the option and there shall be no option repricing; (d) the vesting period of all options shall be determined by the Board of Directors or the Compensation Committee and will have a minimum vesting period commencing 12 months from the date of grant; (e) options have a maximum term of 10 years; (f) options shall, subject to certain specified exercise periods, expire upon the death, permanent disability or termination of employment of the optionee (in the event of termination of employment without cause the option shall expire 60 days after the date of termination and in the event of termination with cause the option shall immediately expire); (g) options are not transferable; and (h) at the discretion of the Board of Directors and subject to any applicable laws, the Company may provide financial assistance, on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board, to assist any optionee in the exercise of options granted under the Stock Option Plan. In light of Canada's tax laws, there are no holding or retention period requirements for exercised options. The sale of Common Shares upon exercise, however, is subject to the Company's insider trading policies.

The maximum number of Common Shares that may be reserved for issuance under the Stock Option Plan has been fixed at 9,000,000 Common Shares, which represents approximately 11% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares as of the date of this Management Information Circular. The Stock Option Plan, prior to the amendment in 2013, included an "evergreen" feature, that provided any exercise of options would make new grants

available under the Stock Option Plan one year following the exercise of such options, effectively resulting in a re-loading of the number of options available to grant under the Stock Option Plan. Given the Board's decision to focus on other forms of compensation, the Board amended the Stock Option Plan to remove the evergreen feature for all options exercised in future, thus fixing the number of options available under the Stock Option Plan.

In addition, in 2013, the Company amended the Stock Option Plan to add a limitation on grants of options to Common Shares in the case of non-executive directors; such that the aggregate number of Common Shares which may be reserved for issuance to any one non-executive director of the Company shall not exceed the lesser of: (i) 1% of the number of Common Shares outstanding at any given point in time; and (ii) an annual equity award value of options of \$100,000 per such non-executive director. Recent option grants to non-executive directors have been at levels below these thresholds. As noted below, the Stock Option Plan was amended in 2016 so that options will no longer be issued to non-executive directors.

The Stock Option Plan conforms to TSX rules and regulations relating to security based compensation arrangements. The Board of Directors has discretion, subject to those matters requiring shareholder approval, to amend, suspend or terminate the Stock Option Plan or any option granted thereunder, provided that no amendment, suspension or termination shall adversely affect the rights of any holder of Options under any Option grant without the consent of such holder.

The types of amendments that require shareholder approval are:

- (i) an increase in the maximum number of Common Shares which may be issued pursuant to the Stock Option Plan;
- (ii) a reduction in the exercise price of an option held by an "insider" (as such term is defined under applicable securities laws) (other than as may result from the Stock Option Plan's general anti-dilution provisions) or the cancellation of options held by an insider for the purpose of reissuing them to the insider at a lower exercise price; and
- (iii) the extension of the expiry date of options held by an insider, other than in accordance with the proposed extension if the expiry date falls in, or within ten days after the end of, a blackout period.

In 2016, the Board has approved the following amendments to the Stock Option Plan:

- (i) option repricing is not permitted;
- (ii) in light of the DSU Plan for directors, option based remuneration will no longer be paid to non-executive directors; and
- (iii) any option granted in the future will have a minimum vesting period commencing 12 months from the date of grant and will vest over at least a three year period (the Board has discretion to approve an exception for new hires).

The following table sets out, as at December 31, 2024, the number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, the weighted average exercise price of such outstanding options and the number of securities remaining available for future issuance under the Company's equity compensation plans.

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options	Number of Securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	2,245,000 ⁽¹⁾	\$13.22	3,043,592 ⁽²⁾
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	N/A	N/A	N/A

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options	Number of Securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans
Total	2,245,000 ⁽¹⁾	\$13.22	3,043,592 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ All such options have been issued under the Stock Option Plan. There are no options outstanding granted outside the Stock Option Plan.

⁽²⁾ As at December 31, 2024, 3,048,667 Common Shares remained issuable upon exercise of options to be granted pursuant to the Stock Option Plan. However, pursuant to the requirements of the TSX, this number was reduced by 5,075 Common Shares issued to directors as compensation for services in previous years.

Burn Rate Table

In 2022, the Company issued 25,000 options. The Company did not issue options in 2023. The Company issued 500,000 options in 2024.

Plan Name	2022	2023	2024
Stock Option Plan	0.03%	0.00%	0.69%
Annual Total Burn Rate	0.03%	0.00%	0.69%

As at May 2, 2025, options to purchase an aggregate of 2,070,000 Common Shares have been granted and are outstanding pursuant to the Stock Option Plan. The number of Common Shares remaining available for future issuance is 3,218,592.

OTHER COMPENSATION PLANS

DSU Plan

The Company adopted a deferred share unit plan (the “DSU Plan”) effective January 1, 2016.

Pursuant to the DSU Plan, non-executive directors (and certain designated employees) are entitled to elect to receive deferred share units (“DSUs”) in satisfaction of all or part of his or her annual retainers; provided, however, that at least 50% of a non-executive director’s annual retainer must be paid in DSUs. Each DSU has a value equal to the market price of the Common Shares, which under the DSU Plan is equal to the average closing price of the Common Shares in the period of twenty trading days preceding the applicable day.

Although each DSU is fully vested on grant for non-executive directors, it is not payable by the Company until the non-executive director ceases to be a member of the Board for any reason including death. Each director is required to hold the DSUs until the director either resigns or is not re-elected to the Board, following which the DSU will be redeemed by the Company for cash during a prescribed period at a value equal to the market price of the Common Shares prevailing at the date of redemption. No Common Shares are issuable pursuant to the DSU Plan. A director cannot assign his or her entitlement to payment pursuant to the DSU Plan other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution. The Company may amend the DSU Plan as it deems necessary or appropriate, but no such amendment may adversely affect the rights of an eligible director in DSUs granted prior to the date of amendment without the consent of the director.

The DSU Plan also authorizes DSUs to be granted to employees of the Company, and is subject to the vesting and conditions set out in the grant forms.

PRSU Plan

Upon the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, on November 3, 2016, the Board approved the adoption of the performance and restricted share unit plan (the “PRSU Plan”). The PRSU Plan provides for the grant of performance share units (“PSUs”) and/or restricted share units (“RSUs”, and collectively with the PSUs, “Share

Units”) to certain key employees of the Company, as determined by the Compensation Committee. The purpose of the PRSU Plan is to:

- (a) ensure that the interests of the key employees are aligned with the success of the Company;
- (b) provide compensation opportunities to attract, retain and motivate key employees of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- (c) create an ownership mentality among key employees; and
- (d) mitigate excessive risk taking by Company employees.

Eligibility under the PRSU Plan is extended to eligible executives and employees of the Company’s subsidiaries and affiliates as designated by the Compensation Committee from time to time as set out more particularly in the terms of the PRSU Plan.

A PSU is a performance-based notional share unit entitling the holder to a conditional right to payment where the value of each PSU vested and paid out is linked to the value of a Common Share. A RSU is a PSU for which there is no performance-based vesting condition.

Market Value

Each Share Unit has a value equal to market value of the Common Shares which under the PRSU Plan is equal to the average closing trading price of the Common Shares for the 20 trading days prior to the applicable day (the “Market Value”). Any dividends declared by the Company prior to settlement of the Share Units will result in the grant of an additional number of Share Units to the participant which is equal to the amount of the dividend multiplied by the number of Share Units held by such participant as of the dividend payment date of the dividend (which shall include any previous dividends declared by the Company with respect to such Share Units), and dividing the product of such amount by the Market Value of the Common Shares of the Company, as applicable, as of the record date of the dividend.

Vesting and Settlement

Vesting of the Share Units is subject to the discretion of the Compensation Committee. Vesting of PSUs will typically depend on such financial, personal, operational or transaction-based performance criteria as determined by the Compensation Committee at the time of granting an award of PSUs. Vesting of RSUs will be determined by the Compensation Committee. The vesting date for any Share Unit shall be determined by the Compensation Committee at the time of grant, and shall not exceed three fiscal years from the date of grant. Settlement of the PSUs and RSUs shall generally occur on a date in December, as determined by the Board, of the year in which the performance period (in the case of PSUs) and grant period (in the case of RSUs) ends.

At settlement, the Share Units held by participants are settled in cash. Settlement of vested Share Units by cash shall be made by payment by the Company to the participant of an aggregate amount equal to the Market Value of the Common Shares on the settlement date multiplied by the number of Share Units being settled and for PSUs, the number of PSUs being settled shall be determined using the Adjustment Factor previously described under Equity Participation.

If upon a change of control, as defined in the PRSU Plan, there is no longer a public market for the Common Shares to determine Market Value or if the surviving, successor or acquiring entity does not assume the outstanding Share Units then the PRSU Plan shall be terminated immediately prior to such change of control and all vested Share Units shall be deemed to be vested Share Units as of the termination date of the PRSU and shall be redeemed on the date of termination of the PRSU Plan.

Termination

PSUs

Under the PRSU Plan, unless otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee, if the employment of a participant is terminated due to resignation by a participant or by the Company for cause before all of the Share

Units granted to such participant in respect of PSUs have become vested and have settled, such Share Units which have not vested and been settled by the date of such participant's termination will be forfeited immediately.

If the employment of a participant is terminated by the Company without cause, provided at least one year has passed since the anniversary date of a grant of PSUs, a proportion of the Share Units that are granted to the participant in respect of PSUs which have not vested shall vest on an accelerated basis based on the number of months in the applicable measurement period that were worked or deemed worked prior to the termination compared to the total number of months in the applicable measurement. Such accelerated vesting Share Units will be redeemed at the end of the performance period based on actual performance for such period. Share Units which have not vested and been settled by the date of such participant's termination will be forfeited immediately.

In the event that a participant ceases to actively render services to the Company as a result of leave on account of a disability or by retirement all Share Units granted to the participant in respect of PSUs which have not vested and settled shall vest on an accelerated basis and will be redeemed at the end of the relevant performance period based on the actual performance for such period.

In the event that a participant ceases to actively render services to the Company as a result of death all Share Units granted to the participant in respect of PSUs which have not vested and settled shall vest on an accelerated basis and will be redeemed as at the date of the participant's death.

RSUs

Under the PRSU Plan, unless otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee, if the employment of a participant is terminated due to resignation by a participant or by the Company for cause before all of the Share Units granted to such participant in respect of RSUs have become vested and have settled, such Share Units which have not vested and been settled by the date of such participant's termination will be forfeited immediately.

If the employment of a participant is terminated by the Company without cause a proportion of the Share Units that are granted to the participant in respect of RSUs which have not vested and been settled by the date of such participant's termination will be forfeited immediately and all vested Share Units will be redeemed at the end of the grant period.

In the event that a participant ceases to actively render services to the Company as a result of leave on account of a disability or by retirement all Share Units granted to the participant in respect of RSUs which have not vested and settled shall vest on an accelerated basis and will be redeemed at the end of the grant period.

In the event that a participant ceases to actively render services to the Company as a result of death all Share Units granted to the participant in respect of RSUs all vested Share Units will be redeemed as at the date of the participant's death.

Assignment

Participants are not permitted to assign or transfer Share Units or any other benefits granted to the participant under the PRSU Plan other than by operation of law.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Company maintains insurance for the benefit of the directors and officers of the Company and its subsidiaries against liability in their respective capacities as directors and officers of the Company thereof. For the last completed financial year, the premium payable by the Company and the total amount of insurance purchased for the directors and officers as a group was approximately U.S. \$0.2 million and U.S. \$80.0 million limit of liability, respectively. The directors and officers are not required to pay any premium in respect of the insurance.

INDEBTEDNESS OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

There is no indebtedness owing to the Company by any director or executive officer of the Company as at December 31, 2024 nor was any amount of indebtedness outstanding by any director or executive officer during fiscal 2024.

INTEREST OF INFORMED PERSONS IN MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS

No director or executive officer of the Company at any time since the beginning of the Company's last completed financial year, no proposed nominee for election as a director nor any associate or affiliate of any such director, officer or nominee, has any material interest, direct or indirect, by way of beneficial ownership of securities or otherwise, in any matter to be acted upon at the Meeting, except as disclosed in this Management Information Circular. Furthermore, no informed person (as such term is defined under applicable securities laws), proposed nominee for election as a director of the Company or any associate or affiliate of any informed person or proposed nominee has or had a material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction since the beginning of the Company's last financial year or in any proposed transaction which has materially affected or would materially affect the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates.

In the last financial year, the Company obtained legal services relating to securities and corporate/commercial matters from Wildeboer Dellelce LLP. Mr. Wildeboer, the full time Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company, was a founding partner of that firm, but is no longer a partner and has no current equity or financial interest or profit participation in the firm.

APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS

KPMG LLP are the auditors of the Company and have been the auditors since the fiscal year ended April 30, 1995. **Unless the shareholder directs that its Common Shares are to be withheld from voting in connection with the appointment of auditors, the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy intend to vote for the reappointment of KPMG LLP as auditors of the Company until the next annual meeting of shareholders and to authorize the directors to fix their remuneration.** KPMG LLP provides professional services for audits relating to statutory and regulatory requirements. The Company retains a broad range of professional advisors from time to time for professional services, and has used and may use KPMG LLP for limited tax services such as tax compliance, planning and tax advice.

Pages 68 to 70 of the Company's Annual Information Form filed on www.sedarplus.ca on March 6, 2025 for the year ended December 31, 2024 sets out the information prescribed by Form 52-110F1 pursuant to NI 52-110. The disclosure in the section titled, "Additional Information Prescribed By Form 52-110F1" is incorporated by reference herein. The following table sets forth the various services provided by KPMG LLP and its affiliates to the Company during each of the Company's last two fiscal years, together with the fees billed for such services:

Fees	Fees Billed During the Year Ended December 31, 2024	Fees Billed During the Year Ended December 31, 2023
Audit Fees	\$4,021,000	\$3,272,000
Audit-related Fees	\$31,000	\$6,000
Tax Fees	\$613,000	\$231,000
Other Fees	\$10,000	Nil
Total	\$4,675,000	\$3,509,000

The audit services relate to professional services rendered for audits of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements and certain subsidiaries (including statutory audits and interim reviews). The audit-related services relate to filings for pension plans. The tax services relate to services for tax compliance, tax planning, VAT and tax advice. The other fees related to advisory services in connection with training and social security filings.

The Audit Committee has considered whether the provision of the above-captioned services is compatible with maintaining the auditors' independence and has determined that such services were fully compatible with the maintenance of their independence.

OTHER MATTERS WHICH MAY COME BEFORE THE MEETING

Management of the Company knows of no matters to come before the Meeting other than as set forth in the Notice of Meeting. However, if other matters which are not known to management should properly come before the Meeting, the accompanying proxy will be voted on such matters in accordance with the best judgement of the persons voting the proxy.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Company shall provide to any person upon written request to the Secretary of the Company at any time:

- (i) one copy of the annual information form of the Company for the most recently completed fiscal year together with one copy of any document, or the pertinent pages of any document, incorporated by reference therein;
- (ii) one copy of the comparative financial statements of the Company for its most recently completed fiscal year together with the accompanying report of the auditors and one copy of any quarterly financial statements of the Company subsequent to the financial statements for its most recently completed fiscal year end; and
- (iii) one copy of the Management Information Circular of the Company in respect of its most recent meeting of shareholders that involved the election of directors or one copy of any annual filing prepared in lieu of that Management Information Circular, as appropriate,

provided that the Company may require the payment of a reasonable charge if the request is made by a person who is not a security holder of the Company. Written requests for a copy of the above documents should be directed to the Secretary of the Company, 3210 Langstaff Road, Vaughan, Ontario L4K 5B2.

Additional information relating to the Company can be found on the Company's profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. Financial information of the Company is provided in the Company's comparative annual financial statements and management's discussion and analysis of operating results for the most recently completed fiscal year.

GENERAL

All matters referred to herein for approval by shareholders require a simple majority of the Common Shares held by shareholders voting at the Meeting.

Except where otherwise indicated, information contained herein is given as of the date hereof.

DIRECTORS' APPROVAL

The contents and the sending of the Notice of Meeting and this Management Information Circular to each shareholder of the Company entitled thereto, each director of the Company, the auditors of the Company and, where required, all applicable securities regulatory authorities have been approved by the Board of Directors.

DATED at Vaughan, Ontario, the 12th day of May, 2025.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(SIGNED) "*Rob Wildeboer*"
Executive Chairman

SCHEDULE “A”

CODE OF CONDUCT

PURPOSE

The Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Martinrea International Inc. (the “Company” or “Martinrea”) has developed and adopted this Code of Conduct and Ethics (the “Code”) applicable to its Directors, Officers and Employees for the purpose of establishing and promoting the Company’s continued commitment to honesty and integrity in the conduct of its business.

All Directors, Officers and Employees of the Company are accountable for adherence to this Code and will at all times in relation to the Company:

- Act honestly and ethically and in the best interests of the Company.
- Comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations of federal, provincial, state and local governments, and other appropriate private and public regulatory agencies, and all internal Company policies including those relating to:
 - “Insider Trading” prohibitions
 - Conducting business with integrity, fairness and respect
 - Anti-trust and competition laws
 - Integrity of financial reporting and financial controls, including the whistleblower policy
 - Anti-bribery and corruption
 - Employee health and safety
 - Respect for human rights
 - Promotion of diversity and inclusion
 - Protection for personal information and privacy of information
 - Data security and cybersecurity protection
 - Disclosure and communication and confidentiality of information
 - Protection of intellectual property
 - Global trade compliance (export, import and sanctions)
 - Responsible sourcing of materials
 - Prohibitions against counterfeit parts
 - Environmental protection
- Not use or disclose any confidential information acquired as a result of their role with the Company.
- Avoid all actual or apparent conflicts of interest, as further explained below, between their personal and professional relationships, ethically handling all such actual or apparent conflicts of interest.
- Not take for themselves any opportunity that properly belongs to the Company or is discovered through the use of corporate property, information or position; or use any corporate property, information or position for personal gain; or compete with any business activity of the Company.
- Promptly and accurately provide all necessary information to assure that the Company’s public reports, documents and filings (including but not limited to those filed with any stock exchange or securities commission or in any other public communication) are full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable and that the Company’s public disclosure requirements are fully met.

- Promptly report any known violations of this Code to the Audit Committee Chair.
- Not permit retaliation of any kind by or on behalf of the Company and its directors, officers and employees against good faith reports or complaints of violations of this Code or other illegal or unethical conduct.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

While Martinrea encourages its employees to be active in our local communities, each director, officer and employee should avoid entering into any arrangement that may impair, or appear to impair, his or her ability to make objective and fair decisions when meeting his or her job responsibilities, unless the arrangement has been escalated and approval to enter into such an arrangement has been received by the General Counsel.

Disclosure Requirements

All conflicts of interest or the appearance of a Conflict of Interest, between a personal interest that a director, officer or employee may have and his or her responsibility to Martinrea should be declared and escalated to the General Counsel who will then in turn seek appropriate approval from the Executive Chairman or Lead Director.

All current and/or former familial relationships of people who work at Martinrea (in any division whatsoever in any capacity even if they do not work directly with the director, officer or employee at the same plant or even if there are no direct or indirect reporting lines) should be disclosed, including, but not limited to, parents, children, siblings, cousins and spouses.

Responsibilities of Directors, Officers or Employees

It is the responsibility of each director, officer or employee to remain free of conflicts of interest in the performance of his or her duties, unless such has been preapproved as noted above.

A “Conflict of Interest” is defined as any situation where a reasonable person would question whether or not the director, officer or employee can perform his or her duties objectively and effectively given that he or she is working (directly or indirectly) with a family member or a friend; or when family members receive an improper personal benefit because of the director, officer or employee’s employment with Martinrea; or when personal interests or activities influence (or appear to influence) the director, officer or employee’s ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

Conflicts of interest may also exist if the demands of an outside activity hinders or distracts the director, officer or employee from being able to perform his or her job responsibilities or causes the use of Martinrea resources for purposes other than for the Company. Some examples of situations that may give rise to a conflict of interest include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Soliciting gifts or charitable donations from customers or suppliers
- Offering or accepting gifts or entertainment that compromise or appear to compromise Martinrea’s ability to make fair and objective business decisions or when they give or appear to give Martinrea an unfair advantage
- Accepting improper payments from a customer or supplier to secure a contract
- Doing business with family members who have a significant financial or other interest in another company in one of Martinrea’s industries
- Having a personal interest in a contract with Martinrea, or a company conducting business with Martinrea
- Managing your own business while being a full time Martinrea employee
- Serving as a Director on a Board of another business without prior approval from Martinrea
- Taking a Martinrea business opportunity for yourself

- Performing as a consultant to a competitor or supplier
- Engaging (or hiring in any capacity) a family member or friend as a consultant, employee or vendor of the Company
- Managing a customer account where the customer is a friend or family member

This Code may be amended, modified or waived from time to time by the Board in its sole discretion, and specific waivers may also be granted by the Audit Committee of the Board, subject to the disclosure and other provisions of the applicable Canadian securities legislation and the applicable rules of the stock exchanges upon which the Company's Common Shares trade from time to time. Additional rules and regulations respecting employee conduct are contained in Martinrea's Employee Handbook as issued by the Corporate Human Resources Department.

SCHEDULE “B”

BOARD MANDATE

MANDATE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The board of directors of the Company (the “Board”) is responsible for the supervision of the management of the Company’s business and affairs, with the objective of increasing corporate performance and, ultimately, shareholder value.

Although management conducts the day-to-day operations of the Company, the Board has a duty of stewardship and regularly assesses and monitors management’s performance.

In spite of the fact that directors may be elected by the shareholders to bring a special expertise or point of view to Board deliberations, they are not chosen to represent a particular constituency. All decisions of each Board member must be made in the best interests of the Company.

Directors are expected to attend all Board meetings and review all meeting materials in advance. They are expected to take an active part in Board decisions.

From time to time, the Board may delegate certain tasks to its committees. However, such delegation does not relieve the Board of its overall responsibilities.

COMPOSITION AND QUORUM

The Board is composed of a minimum of three and a maximum of ten members.

The Board is currently constituted with seven individuals who qualify as independent directors, as determined by the Board.

The quorum at any meeting of the Board is a majority of directors in office.

RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board has the following responsibilities:

With respect to strategic planning

- (1) Approving the Company’s long-term strategy, taking into account, amongst other matters, business opportunities and risks.
- (2) Approving and monitoring the implementation of the Company’s business plan.
- (3) Advising management on strategic issues.

With respect to human resources and performance assessment

- (1) Choosing the Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and approving the appointment of other senior management executives.
- (2) Monitoring and assessing the performance of the CEO and of senior management and approving their compensation.
- (3) Monitoring management and Board succession planning processes.
- (4) Monitoring the size and composition of the Board and its committees based on competencies, skills and personal qualities sought in Board members.

- (5) Approving the list of Board nominees for election by shareholders.

With respect to financial matters and internal control

- (1) Monitoring the integrity and quality of the Company's financial statements and the appropriateness of their disclosure.
- (2) Reviewing the general content of, and the Audit Committee's report on the financial aspects of, the Company's Annual Information Form, Annual Report, Management Proxy Circular, Management's Discussion and Analysis, prospectuses and any other documents required to be disclosed or filed by the Company before their public disclosure or filing with regulatory authorities.
- (3) Approving annual operating and capital budgets, the issuance of securities and, subject to the schedule of authority adopted by the Board, any transaction out of the ordinary course of business, including proposals on mergers, acquisitions or other major transactions such as investments or divestitures.
- (4) Determining dividend policies and procedures.
- (5) Taking all reasonable measures to ensure that appropriate systems are in place to identify business risks and opportunities and overseeing the implementation of processes to manage these risks and opportunities.
- (6) Monitoring the Company's development of internal control and management information systems.
- (7) Monitoring the Company's compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements.
- (8) Reviewing at least annually the Company's communications policy and monitoring the Company's communications with analysts, investors and the public.

With respect to corporate governance matters

- (1) Taking all reasonable measures to satisfy itself as to the integrity of management and that management creates a culture of integrity throughout the Company.
- (2) Reviewing, on a regular basis, appropriate corporate governance structures and procedures, including the identification of decisions requiring approval of the Board and, where appropriate, measures for receiving stakeholder feedback, and the adequate public disclosure thereof.
- (3) Adopting and reviewing, on a regular basis, the Company's Code of Conduct, including a code of ethics applicable to the Company's directors, its CEO, its financial officers and its other officers and employees and monitoring compliance with such code.
- (4) Taking all reasonable measures to ensure the periodic performance assessment of the Board, Board committees, Board and committee chairs and individual directors.
- (5) Adopting orientation and continuing education programs for directors as to the business of the Company and as to directors' responsibilities generally.

METHOD OF OPERATION

- (1) Meetings of the Board are held at least quarterly and as required; in addition, a meeting of the Board is held, at least annually, which includes the review of the Company's strategic plan or annual budget.
- (2) The Board chair develops the agenda for each meeting of the Board; the Lead Director provides input on the agenda for Board meetings. The agenda and the appropriate material are provided to directors of the Company on a timely basis prior to any meeting of the Board.
- (3) Independent directors meet periodically without management and other non-independent directors present.

SCHEDULE “C”

MANDATE OF THE BOARD CHAIR

The Board of Directors (the “Board”) is chaired by the Chair with assistance from the Lead Director and the Chairs of each Board Committee in the area of each of such Committee’s expertise. The Lead Director is an independent director as are the Chairs of each Board Committee. The Chair, with the co-operation and assistance of the Lead Director, is responsible for the management, the development and the effective performance of the Board. The Chair is charged with taking all reasonable measures to ensure that the Board fully executes its mandate.

RESPONSIBILITIES

The Chair has the following responsibilities:

With Respect to Board Effectiveness

- (1) Taking all reasonable steps to ensure that the Board works as a cohesive team and providing the leadership essential to achieve cohesiveness.
- (2) Arranging for adequate resources being made available to the Board (in particular timely and relevant information) to support its work.
- (3) Taking all reasonable steps to ensure that the Board has the information and access to management necessary to fulfil its mandate.

With Respect to Board Management

- (1) Chairing meetings of the Board.
- (2) Setting the agenda for each Board meeting, in consultation with the Chief Executive Officer and Lead Director.
- (3) Taking all reasonable steps to ensure that the conduct of the Board meetings facilitates discussion and provides sufficient time for proper analysis and discussion of the business under consideration.
- (4) Adopting procedures to ensure that the Board conducts its work in an effective and efficient manner.
- (5) Ensuring that the Board fulfils its mandate and responsibilities.
- (6) Taking all reasonable steps to ensure that, where responsibilities are delegated to committees or individual directors, said responsibilities are carried out and results are reported to the Board.
- (7) Taking all reasonable steps to ensure that independent directors meet periodically without management and the other non-independent directors being present.
- (8) Along with the Lead Director, approaching potential Board candidates, once identified by other members of the Board and senior management, and approved by the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, to explore their interest in joining the Board.
- (9) Taking steps to ensure that the behaviour and actions of the Board conform to the Vision, Mission, Ten Guiding Principles and core values and culture of Martinrea.

With Respect to the Relationships Between the Board and Management, Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

- (1) Taking all reasonable steps to ensure that the expectations of the Board toward management, and the expectations of management toward the Board, are clearly expressed, understood and respected.
- (2) Acting as liaison between the Board and senior management including taking the necessary steps to ensure that Martinrea is building a healthy governance culture and striving for best practices.
- (3) Setting the “ethical tone at the top” by becoming the personification of the Vision, Mission, Ten Guiding Principles and core values and culture of Martinrea.

- (4) Taking the steps necessary to ensure that senior management adheres to the Vision, Mission, Ten Guiding Principles and core values and culture of Martinrea.
- (5) Chairing annual and special meetings of the shareholders.
- (6) Along with the Lead Director, where appropriate, representing Martinrea to external groups such as shareholders and other stakeholders, including local community groups and governments.

SCHEDULE “D”

LEAD DIRECTOR MANDATE

MANDATE OF THE LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The independent directors (the “Independent Directors”) of the board of directors (the “Board”) of Martinrea International Inc. (the “Company”) are represented by an independent director (the “Lead Director”) who is responsible to support the effective performance of the Independent Directors on the Board.

RESPONSIBILITIES

The Lead Director has the following responsibilities:

With respect to Independent Director Effectiveness

- (1) Taking all reasonable steps to ensure that the Independent Directors work as a cohesive team within the Board and providing the leadership essential to achieve this.
- (2) Arranging for adequate resources being available to the Independent Directors (in particular timely and relevant information) to support their work.
- (3) Providing input on agenda items for Board of Director meetings that are requested by Independent Directors.

With respect to Independent Director Management

- (1) Chairing meetings of the Independent Directors (outside of Board committee work of those Independent Directors).
- (2) Taking all reasonable steps to ensure that the conduct of Board meetings facilitates discussions and provides adequate time for effective study and discussion of the business under consideration by the Independent Directors.
- (3) Taking all reasonable steps to ensure that the Independent Directors meet periodically without management and other non-independent directors present.

With respect to the relationship between the Board and the Independent Directors

- (1) Taking all reasonable steps to ensure that the expectations of the Board toward the Independent Directors are clearly expressed, understood and respected.
- (2) Acting as liaison between the Board and the Independent Directors outside of normal Board committee mandates. This involves working closely with the Chair of the Board to ensure that the Company has and is building a healthy governance culture.

With respect to the Audit Committee, Human Resources and Compensation Committee and the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee

- (1) In the case of fulfilling the mandate of the Audit Committee, the Chair of the Audit Committee shall perform the Lead Director role.
- (2) In the case of fulfilling the mandate of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee, the Chair of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee shall perform the Lead Director role.
- (3) In the case of fulfilling the mandate of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, the Chair of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee shall perform the Lead Director role.

SCHEDULE “E”

HUMAN RESOURCES AND COMPENSATION COMMITTEE CHARTER

1. **PURPOSE OF THE HUMAN RESOURCES AND COMPENSATION COMMITTEE** (the “Compensation Committee”)
 - 1.1 The Compensation Committee will assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling its responsibilities to the Company’s shareholders, potential shareholders and the investment community in the areas of human resources and compensation. The Compensation Committee’s primary responsibilities and duties are to assist the Board of Directors with its oversight responsibilities by reviewing and reporting on:
 - (a) Compensation philosophy of the organization, including a compensation strategy and compensation policies for executives, the design and administration of short and long-term incentive plans, stock option or stock appreciation rights plans, and other benefits and perquisites as may be proposed by the Chair or the Chief Executive Officer or developed independently;
 - (b) Compensation for executive officers;
 - (c) Employment and termination arrangements for senior executive officers;
 - (d) Adoption of new or significant modifications to pay and benefit plans;
 - (e) Significant changes to the Company’s organizational structure relating to human resources functions;
 - (f) The Committee’s proposed executive compensation report to be contained in the Company’s annual Management Proxy Circular;
 - (g) Management development programs for the Company;
 - (h) Any special employment contracts or arrangements with executive officers of the Company including any contracts relating to a change of control;
 - (i) Compliance by the Company and its subsidiaries with all applicable employment and labour legislation; and
 - (j) The performance of the Committee and the effectiveness of the Committee’s members.

The Compensation Committee will also conduct such other duties as may be assigned by the Board. With respect to the exercise of its duties and responsibilities, the Compensation Committee should:

- (a) exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise gathering and considering all material information;
- (b) remain flexible, so that it may be in a position to best react or respond to changing circumstances or conditions;
- (c) understand and weigh alternative courses of conduct that may be available;
- (d) focus on weighing the benefit versus harm to the Company and its shareholders when considering alternative recommendations or courses of action;
- (e) if the Compensation Committee deems it appropriate, secure independent expert advice and understand the expert's findings and the basis for such findings, including retaining consultants or others to assist the Committee in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities; and
- (f) provide management with appropriate opportunities to meet privately with the Compensation Committee.

Nothing in this Charter is intended, or should be determined, to impose on any member of the Compensation Committee a standard of care or diligence that is in any way more onerous or extensive than the standard to which all members of the Board are subject at law.

2. COMPOSITION AND MEETINGS

- 2.1 The Compensation Committee shall be comprised of at least three directors, each of whom shall be an outside director, who is unrelated and free of any relationship that in the opinion of the Board of Directors would interfere with his or her exercise of independent judgment as a committee member.
- 2.2 The Compensation Committee will have a Chair nominated or approved by the Board of Directors from time to time as the Board of Directors sees fit.
- 2.3 A quorum for any meeting of the Compensation Committee shall be a majority of its members.
- 2.4 The Compensation Committee shall meet at least once annually and more frequently as circumstances may dictate. The Chair shall prepare and/or approve of an agenda in advance of each meeting. The Compensation Committee should meet privately in executive session at least annually with management. In addition, the Chair shall be responsible for acting as the “Lead Director” for the Compensation Committee (see Schedule “D”).
- 2.5 The Compensation Committee shall be empowered to retain, at the expense of the Company, independent legal counsel, accountants or other consultants to assist it in the conduct of its Mandate.

SCHEDULE “F”

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND NOMINATING COMMITTEE CHARTER

1. **PURPOSE OF THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND NOMINATING COMMITTEE** (the “CGNC”)
 - 1.1 The CGNC will assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling its governance/supervisory regarding corporate governance in general, including without limitation: (i) activities relating to the selection, appointment and compensation of qualified, effective directors; (ii) matters relating to the stewardship role of the Board in respect of the management of the Company; and (iii) such procedures as may be necessary to allow the Board to carry out its activities independent of management. The CGNC’s primary responsibilities and duties are to assist the Board of Directors with its oversight responsibilities by the following:
 - (a) *Board Nominee Identification* - The CGNC shall establish processes for identifying, interviewing and recommending to the Board suitable nominees for appointment to the Board as additional members or to succeed existing Directors, guided by the following general principles in deciding upon such appointments: (i) the specific skill set required by the Board at a given time taking into account the skill sets of the remaining Board members; (ii) relevant industry, academic and employment-related qualifications of the individual; (iii) relevant industry experience; and (iv) alignment with the philosophies of the Company, including a commitment to promote the implementation of the policies adopted by the Company.
 - (b) *Committee Chair Recommendations* - The CGNC shall recommend to the Board a member of each Board committee to serve as Chair of such committee (including the CGNC).
 - (c) *Board Independence* - The CGNC shall formulate and administer all procedures required to ensure that the Board functions independently of Management.
 - (d) *Monitoring Effectiveness* - The CGNC shall monitor the effectiveness of the relationship between management of the Company and the Board and the effectiveness of the operation of the Board, Board committees and individual Directors, and recommend and ensure appropriate changes and improvements are made to meet the appropriate level of effectiveness.
 - (e) *Board Stewardship* - The CGNC shall make recommendations to the Board, on an ongoing basis, concerning corporate governance in general and regarding the Board’s stewardship role in the management of the Company; including the roles and responsibilities of Directors and the recommendation of appropriate policies and procedures to ensure Directors carry out their duties with due diligence and in compliance with all legal requirements. In particular, the Governance Committee will monitor compliance with any rules, regulations or guidelines promulgated by regulatory authorities relating to corporate governance.
 - (f) *Committee Structure and Membership* - The CGNC shall review the roles and mandates of the Board’s committees and any recommendations received from the committees, and recommend appropriate changes. It will also assess and provide recommendations on an annual basis to the Board on the effectiveness of the committees of the Board. The CGNC shall consider on a regular basis whether and to what extent the contribution of each of the Company’s Directors on the Board’s committees should be assessed.
 - (g) *Policies* - Review and recommend the adoption of corporate policies such as Disclosure Policies, Insider Trading Policies, and other relevant policies associated with ensuring an effective system of corporate governance.

The CGNC will also conduct such other duties as may be assigned by the Board. With respect to the exercise of its duties and responsibilities, the CGNC should:

- (a) exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise gathering and considering all material information;
- (b) remain flexible, so that it may be in a position to best react or respond to changing circumstances or conditions;

- (c) understand and weigh alternative courses of conduct that may be available;
- (d) focus on weighing the benefit versus harm to the Company and its shareholders when considering alternative recommendations or courses of action;
- (e) if the CGNC deems it appropriate, secure independent expert advice and understand the expert's findings and the basis for such findings, including retaining consultants or others to assist the Committee in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities; and
- (f) provide management with appropriate opportunities to meet privately with the CGNC.

Nothing in this Charter is intended, or should be determined, to impose on any member of the CGNC a standard of care or diligence that is in any way more onerous or extensive than the standard to which all members of the Board are subject at law.

2. COMPOSITION AND MEETINGS

- 2.1 The CGNC shall be comprised of at least two directors, each of whom shall be an outside director, who is unrelated and free of any relationship that in the opinion of the Board of Directors would interfere with his or her exercise of independent judgment as a committee member.
- 2.2 The CGNC will have a Chair nominated or approved by the Board of Directors from time to time as the Board sees fit. The Chair shall be responsible for acting as the “Lead Director” for the CGNC (see Schedule “D”)
- 2.3 A quorum for any meeting of the CGNC shall be a majority or all if only two of its members.
- 2.4 The CGNC shall meet at least once annually and more frequently as circumstances may dictate. The Chair shall prepare and/or approve of an agenda in advance of each meeting. The CGNC should meet privately in executive session at least annually with management.
- 2.5 The CGNC shall be empowered to retain, at the expense of the Company, independent legal counsel, accountants or other consultants to assist it in the conduct of its Charter.

SCHEDULE “G”

AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

1. PURPOSE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

1.1 The Audit Committee will assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling its responsibilities to the Company’s Shareholders, potential Shareholders and the investment community. The Audit Committee’s primary responsibilities and duties are to:

- (a) identify and monitor the management of the principal risks that could impact the financial reporting of the Company;
- (b) monitor the integrity of the Company’s financial reporting process and system of internal controls regarding financial reporting and accounting compliance;
- (c) monitor the independence and performance of the Company’s external auditors and internal auditing department;
- (d) provide an avenue of communication among the external auditors, management, the internal auditing department and the Board of Directors;
- (e) require management to develop policies, procedures and practices to manage principal risks;
- (f) monitor compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and ensuring that management creates a culture of honesty and ethical behaviour, including setting the proper tone and placing a strong emphasis on fraud prevention; and
- (g) report to the Board of Directors.

The Audit Committee has the authority to conduct any investigation appropriate to fulfilling its responsibilities, subject to approval of the Board of Directors. The external auditors shall report to the Audit Committee and the Audit Committee shall have direct access to anyone in the organization.

2. COMPOSITION AND MEETINGS

2.1 The Audit Committee shall meet all requirements of the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario), *Securities Act* (Ontario) and The Toronto Stock Exchange. The Audit Committee shall be comprised of at least three Directors, each of whom shall be an outside director who is unrelated and free of any relationship that, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, would interfere with his or her exercise of independent judgment as a committee member.

2.2 An outside Director is a Director who is not a member of management. An unrelated Director is a Director who is independent of management and is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director’s ability to act with a view to the best interests of the Company, other than interests and relationships arising from shareholding.

2.3 All members of the Audit Committee shall be financially literate and able to read and understand basic financial statements. In addition, at least one member of the Audit Committee shall have accounting or related financial management experience.

2.4 The Audit Committee will have a Chair nominated or approved by the Board of Directors from time to time as the Board of Directors sees fit.

2.5 A quorum for any meeting of the Audit Committee shall be a majority of its members.

2.6 The Audit Committee shall meet quarterly or more frequently as circumstances may dictate. The Chair shall prepare and/or approve an agenda in advance of each meeting. The Audit Committee should meet privately in executive session at least annually with management, the Chief Internal Auditor, the external auditors and, as a committee, to discuss any matters that the Audit Committee or each of the foregoing groups believe should be discussed. In addition, the Chair shall be responsible for acting as the “Lead Director” for the Audit Committee (see Schedule “D”).

2.7 In addition, the Audit Committee should communicate with management and the external auditors on an at least a semi-annual basis to review the Company's interim financial statements and significant findings based upon the auditors' review procedures.

3. RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES

3.1 In carrying out its responsibilities, the Audit Committee's policies and procedures should remain flexible, in order to best react to changing conditions and to ensure to the directors and shareholders that the corporate accounting and reporting practices of the Company are in accordance with all requirements and are of the highest quality.

3.2 In particular, the Audit Committee shall:

- (a) review and reassess the adequacy of this Mandate at least annually and submit any changes to the Board of Directors for review;
- (b) review generally the Company's financial statements and related documents prior to filing or distribution, which review should include discussion with management of significant issues regarding accounting principles, practices and significant management estimates and judgments;
- (c) annually, in consultation with management, external auditors and internal auditors, consider the integrity of the Company's financial reporting processes and controls; discuss significant financial risk exposures and the steps that management has taken to monitor, control and report such exposures; and review significant findings prepared by the external auditors and the internal auditing department together with management's responses;
- (d) review with the external auditors, the internal auditors and financial accounting personnel the adequacy and effectiveness of the accounting and financial controls of the Company, and elicit any recommendations for the improvement of such internal control procedures or particular areas where new or more detailed controls or procedures are desirable;
- (e) meet with the external auditors and financial management of the Company to review the scope of the proposed audit for the current year and the audit procedures to be utilized, and at the conclusion thereof, review such audit; and review and discuss, on an annual basis, with the external auditors all significant relationships they have with the Company that could impair the external auditors' independence;
- (f) review the effectiveness of the overall process for identifying the principal risks affecting financial reporting and provide the Audit Committee's views to the Board of Directors;
- (g) review the independence and performance of, and recommend to the Directors, the external auditors to be selected to audit the financial statements of the Company and its divisions and subsidiaries, including ensuring that the Company has not hired and will not hire individuals for positions that would impair auditor independence;
- (h) approve the fees and other significant compensation to be paid to the external auditors;
- (i) pre-approve all non-audit services to be provided to the Company or its subsidiaries by its external auditors;
- (j) review the mandate, budget, staffing, plan, changes in plan, activities, organizational structure and qualifications of the internal audit function, as needed;
- (k) review, on an annual basis, with the Company's legal counsel any legal matters that could have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements, compliance with applicable laws and regulations and inquiries received from regulators or governmental agencies;
- (l) review accounting and financial human resources and succession planning related thereto with the Company, to the extent such matters are not dealt with by another committee;
- (m) prepare and disclose a summary of this Mandate to shareholders;
- (n) establish and oversee a corporate whistleblower policy, establishing procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters, and the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of concerns regarding

- questionable accounting or auditing matters; and
- (o) submit minutes of all meetings of the Audit Committee to, or discuss matters discussed at each committee meeting with, the Board of Directors on an appropriate basis.

SCHEDULE “H”

POSITION DESCRIPTION FOR THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Chief Executive Officer of Martinrea shall have full responsibility for the day-to-day operations of the Company’s business in accordance with its strategic plan as approved by the Board of Directors.

The Chief Executive Officer is accountable to the Board of Directors for the overall management of Martinrea and for conformity with policies agreed upon by the Board of Directors.

The approval of the Board of Directors (or appropriate committee) shall be required for all significant decisions outside of the ordinary course of Martinrea’s business.

More specifically, the primary responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer include the following:

- (1) developing, for the Board of Directors’ approval, a strategic direction and positioning to ensure the Company’s success;
- (2) ensuring the day-to-day business affairs of Martinrea are appropriately managed by developing and implementing processes that will ensure the achievement of Martinrea’s financial and operating goals and objectives;
- (3) fostering a corporate culture that promotes professionalism, integrity, performance, customer focus and service;
- (4) keeping the Board of Directors aware of Martinrea’s performance and events affecting its business, including opportunities on the marketplace and adverse or positive developments;
- (5) recruiting, developing and maintaining competent and productive management teams and establishing the organizational structure within Martinrea and its subsidiaries; and
- (6) ensuring, in cooperation with the Board of Directors, that there is an effective succession plan in place for the Chief Executive Officer position.

QUESTIONS MAY BE DIRECTED TO THE PROXY SOLICITATION AGENT:



**NORTH AMERICAN TOLL FREE:
1-877-452-7184**

**COLLECT OUTSIDE NORTH AMERICA:
1-416-304-0211
EMAIL: ASSISTANCE@LAURELHILL.COM**